THE

Bombay Gazette.

TEN PAGES.

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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1912				
27th Jan.	OCEANA	7000		
3rd Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
10th "	CHINA	8000		
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
24th "	EGYPT	8000		
2nd Mar.	MACEDONIA	10850		
9th "	ARABIA	8000		
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
23rd "	*ARCADIA	7000		
30th "	PERSIA	8000		
6th "	MARMORA	10850		
6th April.	MOOLTAN	10850		
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	11000
20th "	MANTUA	11000		
27th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12500
4th May.	EGYPT	8000		
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
18th "	ARABIA	8000		

The above Regular Mail Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER, on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 P.M., on WEDNESDAY, 20th MARCH, 1912, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea	Rs. 525 or Rs. 627	Rs. 788 or Rs. 940

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES — Booked without charge.
BERTHS — Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS — Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK — Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE — Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS — Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Scindia	5106	W. Kelso	23rd Jan. 1912
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	7th Feb. "
*Elysia	6368	A. Haig	24th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	8th Mar. "
Olympia	5124	R.H. Brown, R.N.R.	23rd " "
*Circassia	6716	C.F. Osborne R.N.R.	6th Apr. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st " "
*Castalia	6368	G. Mitchell	3rd May "
*Elysia	6383	A. Haigh	17th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	2nd June "

* Fitted with Wireless Telegraphy."

FARES.

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool.	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 808	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by G. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay.

SELF CURE NO FICTION!
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only. Cures discharges (either acute or suppressing injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ltd.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Lhasa	2184	Mon.	22nd Jan.	11 a.m.	‡ via P. D. & O. M.
Kola	1205	Thurs.	25th Jan.	9 a.m.	*C. M.
Linga	2184	Fri.	26th Jan.	6 a.m.	† direct.

‡Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.
*Cutch Mandvie.
†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND SUKKUR (Weekly).

S. S. "Kola," 1205 tons, on Thursday, 25th Jan. calling at Muscat, Lingah, Bushire, and Mahomerah.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Baroda," 3172 tons, on Wednesday 24th January, calling at Veraval, Mangrol, Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Basreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Palamcotta," 3418 tons, on or about 25th January, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Lalpoora" 3269 tons on or about 27th January.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

21st January, 1912.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
Ville-de-la Ciotat	6378	Escheneauer	15th Feb. 1912.
Nera	5538	Casanova	14th Mar. 1912.
Oceanien	4143	Lerequier	11th April 1912.
Armand Behic	6335	Guionet	9th May 1912.
Yarra	4143	Bonti	6th June 1912.
Salazie	4147	X	4th July 1912.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrain Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares,

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT

AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
Oceanien	4133	Lerequier	25th Jan. 1912;
Armand Behic	6335	Guionet	23rd Feb. 1912.

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Albert Building Hornby Road. Agent

SOCIETA' NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (transhipping at PORT SAID.)

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Sicilia	5,500	D. Maganzini	15th Feb. 1912
R. Rubattino	4,583	Piazzoni	15th Mar. 1912.
Sicilia	5,500	D. Maganzini	15th Apr. 1912
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	20th Apr. 1912

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Ticket	Rs. 500*	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247

* Inside Cabins Rs. 400 single, and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through Tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st Class, Rs. 740. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break journey at any port on route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to SINGAPORE, KOBE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	10th Feb. 1912.
Ischia	6,300	G. Belsito	16th Mar. "

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea and American Ports issued.

SALOON Fares to COLOMBO, Rs. 75; to PENANG, Rs. 140; to SINGAPORE, Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG, Rs. 220.

Subject to alterations.

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

BANKS.

COX & CO.

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

ESTABLISHED, 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP £400,000
RESERVE ..... £ 50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16, Charing Cross, London.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawal Pindi, Murree and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agents throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... " 30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ... " 17,150,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tiehling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED,

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 325,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.
LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank,
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND £1,625,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Alabang	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.	Manila
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Oslo
Calcutta	Singapore	Ylollo
Madras	Malacca	Hongkong
Rangoon	Kwala Lumpor (F.M. S.)	Osaka.
Colombo	Klang (F. M. States.	Foochow
Karachi	Seremban (F. M States.)	Shanghai
Amritsar	Bangkok	Tientsin
Delhi	Batavia	Hankow
Penang	Sourabaya	Yokohama
Puket	Saigon	Kobe
Thaiyine (Perak F M. S.)		New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue, TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum asserted does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.
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JOHN GREIG,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Agent.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business, Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The Bombay Gazette Electric Press

18 CONVINCING FACTS.

Why you should buy the Extra Strong Colonial Napier for use in over-sea countries.

1. It is not intended to compete with "cheaply made" cars, but is made to last, and is guaranteed for three years.
2. It has 11*in. Ground Clearance* with 915 by 105 (standard size) tyres.
3. It has *larger tyres than the standard model* but not excessively large wheels.
4. The springs are specially long and strong, and the *transverse spring is fitted at the back* to ensure easy riding and to prevent distortion of the frame.
5. The *Carburettor is high up above the frame* so as to enable the car to go through deep water. An *extra air regulator is fitted.* A fine metal gauze strainer is fitted to prevent any dust from entering engine.
6. The flywheel is in front of the engine, so that in going over obstructions the front road wheels lift the flywheel over the obstruction, whereas in cars where the flywheel is at the back of the engine the flywheel would drop on the top of the obstruction.
7. Both the frame and the front axle are of specially increased strength.
8. *Low gear is fitted* which enables the car to negotiate soft and sandy places and to ascend very steep inclines, and climb out of river beds.
9. The back axle casing is especially strong.
10. *Petrol is fed from a tank by pressure* ensuring a perfect petrol supply when ascending the steepest gradient.
11. The radiator and water pipes are of very large dimension and a *water pump is fitted* to ensure perfect cooling in the Tropics.
12. Automatic forced lubrication to ensure equal and perfect oiling to bearing surfaces.
13. Grease cups instead of oilers fitted to all spring shackles.
14. Mechanism and all working parts enclosed against dirt, grit or dust.
15. Internal expansion brakes on back hub entirely enclosed against dust or mud.
16. Metal to metal clutch running in oil. No leather is used, as leather is affected by heat, climate and water.
17. Special steering lock enabling the car to be turned in a small space.
18. We would also point out that this car is British and guaranteed for three years which compares very favourably with these cars made by other manufacturers, which can only be guaranteed for a few months.

SOLE AGENTS FOR NAPIER MOTOR CARS.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

CHEAPEST & THE BEST.

MR. N. K. STENENSON, of the General Traffic Manager's Office., G. I. P. Ry. Co., says:—I have received the ENLARGEMENT of the PHOTOGRAPH of my little boy and am extremely pleased with it. It has been most carefully and correctly done, and is an exceedingly good enlargement for the low price of Rs. 5 only. I shall shortly be sending you a few more Photographs for enlargement, and will not forget to send you as many of my friends, with their orders. I hope your business every success, which I am sure your work will merit.

FOR PERM. BROM. ENLARGEMENTS.

THERE IS NO BETTER HOUSE IN INDIA.

THAN

THE ENLARGOPHOTE CO.,

Kanta Bldg., 1st Floor, above Sutor & Co., Kalbadevi, Bombay.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

105, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUEGERE PARMESAN GORGOUZOLA and DUTCH BALLS, CHEESES always in Stock.

MACCARONI VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES the House in India.

PROVISIONS and OILMAN STORES French, German and Italian from the High Class Firms of good repute.

GREEK WINES and BRANDY, well matured and from the First Class distillers, and also other ITALIAN and FRENCH WINES.

GRIGUOLINO (CLARET) WINE, genuine and in great demand, at Rs. 12 per doz. bottles.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

EXPERIENCE VS. TROPICAL DISEASE.

ASK any "old timer" a good thing for Fever, Ague or Influenza, and he will tell you to get "BATLIWALA'S" His experience has provided that Batliwala's beats the disease.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS

for pale people, is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impoteney, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, *etc*, etc. Re. 1-8 ans.

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER

is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs. Ans. 4, each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT.

cures ring-worm, Dhobies itch in a day. Ans. 4, each.

Ask your dealer for BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS. Re. 1 each or from

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA J.P.,

WORLI LABORATORY, Dadar, BOMBAY.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils.
Motor Spirit: Pratt's and Pegasus Brand.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150°	in cases.
White Rose	150°	" "
Chester	125°	" "
Devoe's	125°	" "
Monkey	125°	" "

These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.

Elephant 125° in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

150° "SHELL"

"SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL.

150°

It is no longer necessary to pay an extravagant price to obtain the best oil.

HAVE YOU TRIED

"SHELL"?

It is the finest American Case Oil.

150° "SHELL"

OTHER 150° OIL COSTS Rs. 6 PER CASE

REFINED and PACKED In AMERICA.

150° TEST

NO SMOKE and NO SMELL.

"SHELL" COSTS Rs. 5-4 PER CASE.

DON'T allow your Butler or Grocer to decide what Brand of oil you burn

SEE THAT YOU GET

"SHELL"

THE BEST OIL FOR THE BEST LAMPS.

"SHELL" 150°

IMPORTED BY

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., LD.,

GRAHAMS BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

"SHELL" 150°

MONGINI BROTHERS

HAVE JUST CLEARED A FRESH CONSIGNMENT of "ALL GOLD" brand of California Fruit, in large 2½ lbs. tins, comprising the following selection:—

CLING PEACHES,
GREEN GAGE PLUMS,
ROYAL ANN CHERRIES,
APRICOTS,
BLACKBERRIES,
BARTLETT PEARS.

Re. 1 per tin, or in cases of two dozens assorted, Rs. 22-8 per case.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

CLARKE'S B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. References kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. J. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS will be received in the office of the Undersigned for the vacancies of

ELECTRICIAN ..... Rs. 110 p. m.
CLERK ..... Rs. 50 p. m.
STOREKEEPER ..... Rs. 35 p. m.
ENGINE DRIVER ..... Rs. 40 p. m.

Applicants should state age and experience and submit copies of testimonials.

W. F. STUART-MENTETH, M. I. E. E.,
Electrical Engineer, P.W.D., Bombay.
Electrical Engineer's Office.
Bombay Castle, 19th January, 1912.

I AM not responsible for any debts contracted by my son EBRAHIM HAJI AHMED and any person who deals with him will do so at his own risk.

H. AHMED HASSUM,
121, Abdul Rahman Street,
4th January, 1912.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.

(Registered in London on 27th June, 1905).

COLONIAL REGISTER KEPT AT BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the PREFERENCE SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 26th day of January 1912 to 9th day of February, 1912, both days inclusive, for preparation of Warrent for the Dividend payable to Shareholders Registered on the 26th day of January, 1912, for the half year ending 15th February, 1912.

By Order of the Board,
F. C. RIMINGTON,
Managing Director.
Bombay, 22nd January, 1912.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

THANA.

PROPOSED IMPROVED WATER SUPPLY.

THE undersigned is prepared to receive TENDERS upto 5 o'clock in the afternoon of WEDNESDAY the 31st January, 1912, for the construction, on a Schedule of Rates, of a Masonry Dam, with subsidiary works, in the Parsik Hill, and piping thence to Thana Station. Plan, Estimate and Specification may be seen, and all information obtained, at the office of the Engineer-in-Charge near Parsik Station.

F. H. LANDON,
Engineer-in-Charge.
Parsik, 20th January, 1912.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TENDERS FOR CUTTING AND SEWING UNIFORM CLOTHING, ETC.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Agent at his office at Victoria Terminus, Bombay, upto 1 p.m. (Standard Time) on Wednesday, the 14th February, 1912, for the above work in such quantities as may be required on order from time to time, during the period of 12 months commencing from 1st day of April, 1912.

2. Tenders must be made on the Company's printed forms which can be obtained on application at the General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, on payment of Rs. 2 for each form. No refund of this amount will be made on account of unused Tender Forms.

3. Tenders above should be superscribed with heading as above and a deposit of Rs. 200 (two hundred) should accompany each Tender, without which no Tender will be considered. Only cash, currency notes or Government Promissory notes will be received as deposits and if the latter, they must be endorsed in favour of the "Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company or Order."

4. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.
General Storekeeper's Office,
Parel, 19th January, 1912.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mrs. IDALINE de MENEZES widow of JOSEPH PHILIP de MENEZES has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. All persons having any claim to the said property by way of inheritance, purchase, gift, mortgage, trust, lease, lien, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Assessor and Collector of Rates and Taxes, Bombay Municipality, and also to the undersigned at their office at 19, Church Gate Street, within the Fort of Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same if any shall be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land containing by admeasurement 471 square yards or thereabouts together with the messuage tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under C Ward No. 3701 and Street No. 64 and all which premises are situate to the East side of Carvel Lane at Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and are bounded on the East by the 2nd Portuguese Lane on the West by Carvel Lane aforesaid on the North partly by a passage and partly by the property of the late Mr. Joseph Philip de Lemos and on the South partly by a passage and partly by the property of Monica B. D'Silva and Francis A. de Monte.

MALVI HIRALAL MODY & RANCHODDAS.
Purchaser's Attorneys

NOTICE is hereby given that Mrs. ELVIRA de LEMOS, Executrix of the last will and testament of JOSEPH PHILIP de LEMOS has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. All persons having any claim to the said property by way of inheritance, purchase gift, mortgage, trust, lease, lien, easement or otherwise, howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Assessor and Collector of Rates and Taxes Bombay Municipality and also to the undersigned at their Office at 19, Church Gate Street within the Fort otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims and the same if any shall be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazendar land containing by admeasurement 331 square yards or thereabouts with the messuage tenement and dwelling-house standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under C. Ward No. 3922 and Street No. 54 and which premises are situate to the South side of Agiary Street in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and are bounded on the East by the property of Manecklal and Tahiliss on the West by Carvel Lane on the North by the said Agiary Street and on the South by the property of Mrs. Idaline de Menezes.

MALVI HIRALAL MODY & RANCHODDAS,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

A NEW THROUGH ROUTE BETWEEN BOMBAY AND PESHAWAR.

FROM the 1st of January, 1912, the North-ern Express will run from BOMBAY to PESHAWAR via Ratlam, Mattra, Delhi, Bhatinda, Ferozepur Lahore and Rawalpindi to the following timings:—

DOWN JOURNEY.		UP JOURNEY.	
Bombay ...	Dep. 9-30 p.m.	Peshawar...	Dep. 7-55 a.m.
Peshawar...	Arr. 10-25 p.m.	Bombay.....	Arr. 8-20 a.m.

		Hours occupied on journey. H.	M.
Bombay to Delhi	... ...	27	30
" " Meerut	... ...	29	5
" " Saharanpur	... ...	30	59
" " Umballa	... ...	32	24
" " Bareilly	... ...	32	25
" " Bhatinda	... ...	33	21
" " Ludhiana	... ...	34	51
" " Ferozepore	... ...	34	58
" " Lahore	... ...	36	50
" " Rawalpindi	... ...	37	30
" " Amritsar	... ...	37	59
" " Rawalpindi	... ...	44	31
" " Peshawar	... ...	48	55

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 29th December, 1911.

AMUSEMENTS.

Under the distinguished Patronage of THEIR EXCELLENCIES SIR GEORGE CLARKE,
Governor of Bombay and LADY CLARKE,

TOWN HALL.
SATURDAY, the 27th JANUARY 1912, at 9-30 (S. T.)

GRAND AMATEUR PARSEE CONCERT
of NATIVE MUSIC and SINGING
in aid of
DR. MASSINA HOSPITAL FUND.

To be publicly given by Mr. B. N. Kabrajee, kindly assisted by very nearly a hundred ladies and gentlemen.

THE GRAND CHOIR consists of some 70 well-connected ladies, and a large number of gentlemen, and a very select programme of excellent native music and singing, inclusive of Choruses Duets, solos, etc., has been provided.

AN ITEM OF TWO of English music will also be presented in each of the two sets by qualified ladies, in which Piano Solo, Duet and Mandoline Band, to the accompaniment of Piano and Violins, have been included.

Prices of Admission :—
Reserved Rs. 5. Unreserved Rs. 3.
Plan at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Fort.

BOMBAY SEVENTH EXTRA MEETING.
SATURDAY, 27TH JANUARY, 1912.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRIES CLOSE, at 6 P. M., on MONDAY, 22nd January, 1912.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.
Bombay, 17th January, 1912.

BOMBAY RACES.
14TH, 17TH, 19TH, 21ST AND 24TH FEBRUARY, 1912.

OWNERS are reminded that SECOND ENTRIES CLOSE, on TUESDAY, 23rd January, 1912.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.
Bombay, 17th January, 1912.

EXCELSIOR
CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT,
GRAND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.
TWO STAR FILMS.
THE IMPOSTER.
WHAT THE ROSE MEANT
&c., &c. &c., &c.

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

SKATING RINK.
OPEN DAILY.
PRACTICE SESSION, 8 to 9 a. m.
LADIES ONLY, 9-30 to 10-30 a. m.
EVENING SESSION 6 to 8.
BAND EVERY TUESDAY and THURSDAY.
NIGHT SESSION, SATURDAYS only 9-30 to 11-30
BAND IN ATTENDANCE.
WEDNESDAY, 24TH JANUARY.
DANCING AND SKATING.
From 9-30 to Midnight.

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A Lecture delivered
BY
LT.-COL. COLLIE, I.M.S.

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AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere, can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourselves. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand-new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

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OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Re. 2 must be paid in advance.

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ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work Binding. Stationery, etc.

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is to enjoy the advantages of a perfect health. Many young men often mistake themselves to various vices, that break down the health, and very soon render them, fit for nothing but the sick-bed. Isn't it a sad thing?
ATANK NIGRAH PILL
is the only safe and reliable remedy for all diseases, resulting from youthful indulgence. It tones up the entire nervous System.
It imparts wonderful strength and vigour by increasing and purifying the blood and stopping wet dreams.
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PRICE—Re. 1 for a box of 32 pills.
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SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE of CUTCH COTTON, damaged by Fire and Water.

THIS DAY, MONDAY the 22nd instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction, behind the Chanda Ramji's Press, Colaba, on account of the Insurance Offices concerned—

8 buffaloes Cutch cotton, slightly damaged by fire and water.

One lot of loose Cutch cotton, damaged and burnt.

A deposit of 25 percent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF THE HOPE MILLS.

Under instructions from Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Baronet, who has been authorised in that behalf by the consent decree, dated the 13th November, 1911, in Appeals Nos. 2 and 12 of 1911, and suit No. 650 of 1908, and pursuant to the directions contained in the said decree, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Office of Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Bart, No. 23, Church Gate Street, Fort, on SATURDAY, the 27th day of January, 1912, at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.), the Mills premises known as the Hope mills together with all machinery, etc.

For further particulars see "Bombay Gazette" of the 18th instant.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On TUESDAY, the 30th inst, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.) Messrs BENNETT and Co. are instructed, to sell by Public Auction, at 13, Watson's Annexe, near Apollo Bunder, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, by Roberts and others, rich glass, crockery and plated-ware dining table, arm and without arm chairs, side board and dumb waiters, table, hanging and hall lamps, carpets, drawing-room sofas, and chairs, sweet-tone cottage piano one miniature slate, billiard table with balls, cues and marking board single and double bedsteads, clothes and gown, almyrahs, dressing, chest of drawers, rich pictures, teapoys, utensils, etc., etc., the property of W. King, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 22nd January, 1912.

MESSRS. A. READYMONEY AND CO.,
No. 18, Meadows Streets, Fort.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY, situated at WALKESHWAR, near Banganga outside the Fort.

Messrs. A. READYMONEY & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction by order of the mortgagee and on account and risk of the mortgagors Abdool Hoossin Ussaffally and Hajee Jawad Shaik Karim, in pursuance of the power of sale reserved to the mortgagees under an indenture of mortgage dated 22nd day of February, 1909, made between the mortgagors of the one part and the mortgagees of the other part, and also on account and risk of Abdul Latiff Hassameeya, who lately purchased the said premises from the said mortgagors, subject to the said indenture of mortgage, the undermentioned premises, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of February, 1912, at 5 p. m., (S. T.)

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of freehold land or ground together with the messuage, tenement, bungalow or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Banganga Road, Walkeshwar without the Fort in the City of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 407 6-9 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the north by the property of Assur Virjel on the south-east and west by Public Road called Banganga Road, and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Assessment under D Ward No. 3075, and Street No. 88, the said land being freehold does not bear Collectors and Survey Nos.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Wadia, Gandhi & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees, at their Office in the Oriental Building, Esplanade Road, or to the Undersigned, at their Office No. 18 Meadow Street, Fort.

A. READYMONEY & Co.
Bombay, 22nd January, 1912.

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DURING the hot stuffy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.
They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
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The Best Polish in the Market for brass work and all kinds of Metals.
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Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Washington.
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H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.
BOMBAY OFFICE,
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HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

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Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 15,000,000
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103, Clive Street, Calcutta.
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CALLED UP £400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £600,000

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W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

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PAID UP CAPITAL.....£ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....£ 850,000

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Delhi,	Newara-Eliya,	Kampala.
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Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.
DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. W. J. K. HEGARTY,
BOMBAY Acting Manager.

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FACING THE SEA.
FORT, BOMBAY.

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NEWEST IDEAS
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For the New Prospectus of this Office which is the Most Replete Issue before the Insuring Public and contains the Newest and Most Popular Schemes of Insurance.

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AGENTS WANTED.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

WANTED.

ENGINEER as FOREMAN of MOTOR GARAGE, on Hill Station, must have had English training and experience. Applicants should give full particulars of experience, enclose copies of certificates and state salary required. Apply No. 689, care of this Paper.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

FOR the Myaungmya Municipality, a SANITARY INSPECTOR and VACCINATOR combined on a salary of Rs. 100 rising to Rs. 120 per mensem. Applicant must be fully qualified for the dual appointment and must possess or obtain a Certificate of competence issued by or under the authority of the Sanitary Commissioner or Superintendent General of Vaccination respectively, under the rules laid down in Municipal and Local Department Notification No. 61, dated the 10th June, 1907.

Applications with copies of testimonials, should reach the Undersigned not later than 31st January, 1912.

M. LAURIE, M. V. O., I. C. S.,
President,
Myaungmya Municipality, Burma.

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"SOMERSET LODGE," Breach Candy, opposite the Swimming Bath, Double storied BUNGALOW, facing the sea, with six rooms and large verandahs. Good stable and Motor accommodation. Please apply to

MR. A. MORITZ.

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FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

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AND
MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.
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LONDON: 61, Threadneedle Street.
Total funds exceed.....£21,000,000.

A BONUS
has just been declared at the rate of 30 shillings per cent per annum and is allocated on the Compound System. This Bonus is therefore equivalent to an addition of from Rs. 15 per thousand on new Policies to Rs. 36-8 per thousand on the oldest Policies which have thus been doubled in amount by such additions of bonuses.

INDIAN LIVES are insured at European rates of premium. For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms, etc., apply to
KING, KING & Co.,
Secretaries,
KING'S BUILDING, BOMBAY.

N. B.—WANTED Energetic and Influential AGENTS on exceptionally liberal terms.

GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.
IMMEDIATE ANNUITIES with RETURN OF PURCHASE MONEY.

THIS NOVEL and most ATTRACTIVE SCHEME which has been recently introduced offers exceptional Advantages to prospective Annuitants and the "GRESHAM" is the first Insurance Company to offer its benefits to the Public,

(1). A RETURN OF THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE PURCHASE MONEY GUARANTEED IN ANY EVENT.
Under the old scheme, the Capital was lost at Death, whenever it occurred.

(2). A LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUE ALLOWED SHOULD IT BE DESIRED TO REVOKE THE CONTRACT AT ANY TIME.
Under the old scheme, the Annuitant had no control over his Capital once paid down.

For full particulars apply to—
CROFT MODY & CO.
Chief Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon,
BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

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TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

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Half-yearly	" 13 12	" 11 0
Quarterly	" 7 8	" 6 0
Monthly	" 2 8	" 2 0
SINGLE COPY	... ... ONE ANNA.	
MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.		
Yearly	Rs. 27 8	Rs. 20 0
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Quarterly	" 10 10	" 8 0
Monthly	" 3 12	" 2 8
SINGLE COPY	... ... TWO ANNAS.	

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For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residences and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines	... ...	Re. 1-0
Each succeeding line	... ...	" 0-3

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Third Insertion	... ...	" 2-0 do.
Fourth Insertion	... ...	" 1-8 do.
Fifth and upwards	... ...	" 1-0 do.
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In the Native Languages double the above rates
For Advertisements, which are to be inserted on any length of time special contracts are made.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 22nd instant at 2-30 p. m., (S.T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following :—

Furniture such as drawing-room suite of sofas and chairs tiled teapoys, jardineers, dinner wagons, cupboards, and chairs, single and double almyrahs, clothes presses, phonographs and records, iron-safes, &c.

By order of the concerned—

10 cases new toys such as dolls, mechanical toys, game boxes, &c.

By order of the Post Master General, unserviceable articles such as canvas and drill bags, leather wallets and bags, parcel scales, clocks, &c.

At 3 p.m., (S.T.)

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.

1 light rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
1 „ „ victoria.
1 „ „ office shigram.
1 Richard Brazier motor car, 2 cylinder, 4 seated, 12 h. p. recently painted, new rubber tyres in working order.

Under instructions from Mr. Hassan Ramji and on account and at the risk of the defaulting Indentor Mr. Ali Mahomed Ladak—

1 taxi meter of papp's pattern made in Paris, with all its accessories, such as flexible covering tube, meter wire and connection meter wire : Star wheel with hubb, star-wheel bracket, meter bracket, hubb-ring, vicer pins, &c.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT BELLASIS ROAD, NEAR MUSTAN TANK, BYCULLA.

Under instructions from the mortgagee, Mr Haridas Damoder Anandjee, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 23rd January, 1912, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Mr. Naranjee Dwarkadass, under the power of sale, reserved to the mortgagee, in the Indenture of Mortgage, dated 17th February, 1910, the following valuable landed property on the premises :—

PARTICULARS :—All that piece or parcel of Government quit and ground rent tenure, situate at Bellasis Road, in Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 240 square yards or thereabouts, bearing Collector's Old Nos. 562, New Nos. 7794, Old Survey No. 2579, and New Survey No. 4019 with the building standing thereon, bearing E Ward Nos. 700—618 and Street Nos. 132—134, Bellasis Road and 9 and 11 Mustan Tank Cross Lane and bounded on the East by the property of Hoosein Khan Ahmed Khan Rogay, on the West partly by the property of Memon Haji Ebrahim Haji Alana, and partly by the property of Camroodin Fakiroodin, on the North by the said Bellasis Road and on the South by the said Mustan Tank Cross Lane.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Madhowjee Kamdar and Chhotubhai, Solicitors for the mortgagee, at their Office, at Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY to buy Superior English-made Furniture.

On THURSDAY the 25th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Esplanade Road, Fort, next to Paper Currency Office and opposite the National Bank, a consignment of English furniture ex s. s. "Culna" etc., consisting of 4 suites drawing-room sofas and chairs, lined silk Genoa velvet, Morocco leather, silk tapestry and velvet, 3 bed-room suites consisting of almyrah, dressing and washhand tables and chairs, elegant English cabinets and palm stands, octagon tables and teapoys, almyrah, 3 pieces silk furniture, tapestry, cases of plates, spoons and forks for 12 persons, Morocco leather dressing bags and brief bags, flower vases and jars (copies of old masters) also sideboard, mirror almyrah Chesterfield easy chairs etc.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 22nd January, 1912.

NEW TEAS, NEW TEAS,

TRY THE

MAY BLOSSOM.

THE

MAY BLOSSOM

TEAS

Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert

A CHOICE CUP OF TEA

BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER,

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

APPLY EARLY TO

CROFT, MODY & Co.,

BOMBAY.

WHOLESALE AGENTS

RETAIL SUPPLIERS :—Messrs. BRANDON & CO. Victoria Terminus, and Messrs. DENISON & CO. Hammam Street, Fort.

WAVERLEY PENS

"They came as a boon and a blessing to men, The Pickwick, the Owl, and the Waverley Pen."

No writer tires using a Waverley. Its enticing action, smooth turned-up point and durability make it the best nib—the World's Favourite. Beware of Imitations. :: ::

SIX ANNAS PER BOX.

Sold by Stationers and Dealers, and by WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & COMPANY, at all their Branches.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE
ROYAL
EXHIBITION
OF
OLD BOMBAY.

MONDAY, 22ND January, 1912.

SPECIAL PURDAH DAY.

Admission 8 Annas.

For Ladies only from 5 p. m. to 7-30 p. m.

The Exhibition is open to the public from 8 p. m. (S. T.) at the specially reduced rate of 4 Annas only.

From 8 p. m. on Monday 22nd Jan. 4 Annas.

(Children and Soldiers and Sailors in uniform 2 Annas).

All the usual Side-Shows, Exhibits and Attractions

THE HIMALAYAN MOUNTAIN RAILWAY,

THE JOY WHEEL,

Old Bombay,

The House of Nonsense.

Models of the City in 1763 & 1909.

THE CAKE WALK,

etc., etc.

Bands Electric Fountain,

Fun Palace,

etc., etc.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKET.

LONDON, JAN. 19.] [BOMBAY, JAN. 20.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols	77 9-16		5-16
3 do. Rentes	95		1-4
2 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	94 1-4		unchgd
do. Govt. securities	64 2-13	1-8	
Bar Silver in London	26 3-16	2-16	
do. 2 months' hence	26 1-4	3-16	
do. in New York	56 7-8	1-2	
Exchange on London at Paris	25-24	01 ½	
do. at Berlin	20'50		unchgd
do. at New York	4'87	1-8	
Discount Bank of England Rate	4 p.c.		since
do. Short London Bills	21st Sept		
3 months' sight Indian Bank Bills	3 3-4		unchgd
6 months' sight do	3 1-2		unchgd
Trade Bills	4 1-4		unchgd
6 months' Fine Trade Bills	4 1-8		unchgd
Interest day-to-day Loans	3 1-4		unchgd
Interest 7 day Market Loans	3 1-2		unchgd

Bar Gold per oz. ...77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 31-32 unchgd.
Closing Tone of Silver—Sellers at the rates.

COUNCIL BILLS.—EXTRA ALLOTMENTS :—
Transfers on Calcutta Rs. 6,00,000 } at 1s 4 5-32d.
Transfers on Bombay Rs. 5,00,000 }
Bills on Calcutta ... Rs. 20,000 } at 1s. 4 1-8d.
Bills on Bombay. ... Rs. 10,000 }

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay	£340,000
Bar Gold to Bombay	£190,000
Sovereigns to Bombay	£410,000
Silver to Calcutta	£70,000

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot Easier—Good business done.
Futures Quiet Steady.
Manchester Good demand.
Total Sales ... 12,000 Bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export 2,500 „
Imports ... 5,000 „
Mid-Americans ... 5,40 unchgd
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... 9 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April	April-May	May-June
5·21 +02	5·24 +02	5·26 +02	5·28 +02	5·30 +02
June-July.	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	
5·31 +02	5·33 +02	5·32 +02	5·30 +02	

New York official noon call March 9·39 ; May 9·55.
New Orleans 10 a.m. March 9·59 ; May 9·70.

NEW YORK— Bales.
Receipts at U. S. Ports ... 50,000
Receipts at „ last year ... 50,000
Exports to Great Britain ... 58,000
Exports to Continent ... 25,000
Spot Cotton— ... 9·55 +05

Futures—Month of Mar. 9·45 +09 } Advanced on limited offerings and on expected heavy exports.
Futures—Month of May 9·60 +09 }

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot cotton ... 9 5-8 unchgd
Futures month of Mar. ... 9·71 +10
Futures month of May ... 9·82 +11
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Firm,

	Bales.
Week's Receipts of cotton at U. S. Ports	309,000
Do. exports to Great Britain	164,000
Do. do. to France and Continent	239,000
Do. do. to Japan	141,000
Stock of cotton at U. S. Ports	1,307,000
Do. do. at Interior Ports	752,000
LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS—	Bales.
Total actual Exports	24,000
do Forwarded	78,000
do Imports	141,000
do Stocks	927,000
Stock of Cotton in London	1,950

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Fair Red Cocconada G. I. F. London ... d 4 19-32
Cocconada Ginned G I F London ... d 4 20-32
Westerns G. M. G I F London ... d 5

Liverpool, Jan. 19.

Tone Dhoties ... ...Firm—Small business
Tone Shirtings ... ... Do. Do.
Weft American " 54 " ... 10 1-4
Weft Egyptian " 80 " ... 15 3-4
Tone Cloths ... Strong. Large business
Tone Yarns ... ...Firm. Fair business.
Weft Egyptian " 32 " ... 10 1-2
Twist " 36 " ... 7 5-16
Twist " 42 " ... 10 5-8
Twist American " 60" ... 13 1-2
Twist Egyptian " 60" ... 15 1-2
Twist Egyptian " 80" ... 19 1-2
40s Banner Mill Twist ... 9 5-8
Geo Mayall's Yarn ... 9 1-2
F. G. F. Tinnevelly c i f Liverpool 5 1-8 unchgd.
Buyers or Sellers ... ... Nominal
Months ... ... March-April

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ...	Nominal.
Do. Months—	
Do. Name of Ports—	
Wheat White Karachi ...	38 unchgd
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.	
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers.	
Wheat Red Kamchi	37 3-4 unchgd
Do Months— January London—Done.	

Tone—Firm.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-62lbs. ... 38 unchgd Sellers.
Do. Month—Jan.—Firm.
Barletta Russo 62 1-2lbs ... 36 7-8+1-3
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Sellers—Firm.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian	37 1-4+1-4
Do Months	Jan.-Feb.—Done.
Victorian	37 1-4 +1-4
Do Months	Jan.-Feb.—Done.
New South Wales	37 1-4+1-4
Do Months	Jan.-Feb.—Done.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c ex-ship. ...Nominal.
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ... Nominal.
Do. Months— .....
Do. Name of Ports.— .....
Brown Cawnpore ...46 1-2—1-2
Do. Months—Mar.-May.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Done.
Tone—Quiet but steady.

LINSEED—
Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 69 1-4+1-4
Do. Months—Feb-Mar.
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp—Done—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ...63 unchgd
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.

BOMBAY COTTONSEED.—
£ 6-16-6+4-0-1-0—Jan.-Feb.—Hull—Nearest Value—Firm.

WOOL CLOSING REPORT.

Sold 24,000. Firm. Good business done.
Vicaneer 1st white highest 11 1-4d.
„ „ „ lowest 10d.
„ ordinary white highest 9 1-2d.
„ „ „ lowest 8d.
Candahar first white highest 10d.
„ „ „ lowest 9d.
„ ordinary highest 8 3-4d.
„ „ „ lowest 7 3-4d.
Bicanera white highest 8 1-2d.
„ „ lowest 7d.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). ... ... 14 unchgd
RUBBER—
Para Rubber ... ... 4 5 1-2 unchgd
Jan.—Value—Firm.

METALS—
Copper Brazers ..... £ 74 unchgd
Yellow Metal ..... d 6 5-8 unchgd
Standard Copper G M B ..... £ 62 13-15—1-8
Tin Plates I. C. Coke 14 by 20 112 sheets per box weighing 90 lbs c. i. f. Liverpool ..... £ .....
Bar Iron, Belgian No. 2 ordinary sizes F. O. B. Antwerp 5 2 6
Iron Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 per cent. F. O. B. Liverpool 11 5 0
Basic Steel Bars Belgian C. I. F. India. 6 0 0

FREIGHT—
Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal ... 12-9 Value.

SUGAR—
German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ... 18 8 1-4+3-4
Do. Months of Shipment...Feb.-Mar.—Sellers.
Tone—Opened firm. Closed quieter.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... Nominal.
Do Months of Shipments ... .
German Beet-root 88 p.c. ...15 5—4 Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...Feb.
Tone—Opened firm. Closed quieter owing to rumours Germany will not oppose Russia. Increased exports.
E A R & Similar Crystal C & F India ... 20 1 1-2 unchgd
Months of Shipments ... Apr.-Aug. Sellers
Tone—Steady. Very little doing.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...16 unchgd. Value
Month of Shipments ... Jan.-Feb.
Tone—Firm.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos 16 x 18 C and F Calcutta 14 10 1-2—Feb—Value
Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi 15—Feb—Value
Fine White Java C & F Calcutta 15 10 1-2—Feb—Value
Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi 16 Feb—Value
Tone—Fair demand. Not many sellers other sugar prices unchanged.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

SATURDAY EVENING.] [10TH JAN. 1912.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers
	Rs.		
30 Boxes Sovs.	22,50,000	Alexandria.	National Bank
17 Boxes Bulns.	11,32,800	London	do
2 Boxes Bulns	76,800	do	Hongkong Bank
Rupees	439	do	do
241 Bars Silver.	4,50,000	do	Russo Asiatic Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 18th Jan., 1912.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	19	20,427
B B and C I Railway ...	16	18,854

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE:—
The market opened quiet but steady and quotations were unchanged. To-day being mail day there is little fresh business offering. Far Eastern rates are firmer as under.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 1-32d.
Demand Drafts	...1s. 4 5-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 11-32d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 9-32 March
Do. do Francs	...172
Do. do Marks	...189 3-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...140 3-4
Shanghai „	...187 1-2
Japan. „	...149 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—
The market opened at 95 3-4 for Cash and the Settlement, but has declined 1-8 during the day, closing as under. Only a small business is reported.

We quote :—

Cash	Rs. 95 10 0
Settlement	„ 95 10 0

BULLION :—
Yesterday Bar Silver in London closed 3-16 higher for ready at 26 3-16 and 3-16 higher for delivery in two months at 26 1-4. New York was 1-2 up at 56 7-8. The local market opened at 66 7-16 but has declined during the day owing to realizing profits on the late advance. Bar gold is steady.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold ...	...	Rs	23 14 0
Australian „ ...	...	„	23 14 0
Sovereigns „ ...	...	„	14 14 0
Silver Ready ex duty	...	„	66 2 0
„ 1st Settlement	...	„	66 0 0
„ 2nd Settlement	...	„	66 1 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—
Through a printer's error we were made to say in our yesterday's report that the G. I. P. Railway was doing its best to "receive" congestion. The word should have been "relieve."

Steadier market advices were received from America this morning and the local market opened firm with prices about Rs. 2 higher all round. A small business in Settlements has been done and the market has remained steady during the day closing as under.

There has been a moderate demand for ready cotton and rates are firm for nice lots.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

Fine M. G. Broach ...	...	Rs. 275	March
Good M G Broach ...	...	„ 265 1-2	„
Fine M G Wardha Hingunghat		„ 265-6	Jan.
Fine M G Nagpur ...	...	„ 264	„
Fine M G Dhamangaon	...	„ 261-2	„
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola...		„ 259	„
Fine M G Khandeish	...	„ 247	„
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	...	„ 237	„
Fine M G Bengal ...	...	„ 250	„
F. G. H. G. Bengal ...	...	„ 235	„

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—
Opening Tone ... ...Quiet but steady.
Estimated Sales ... ... 5,000 bales
Total Imports ... ... 11,000 „

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.
5·22 +01	5·25 +01	5·27 +01
Apl-May.	May-June	June-July.
5·29 +01	5·31 +01	5·32 +01
July.-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct
5·34 +01	5·33 +01	5·31 +01

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—
The market to-day is quiet and forward rates are easier.

Ready ...	Rs. 13 0 0	B T.	
April.-May ...	„ 11 14 6	B.T.	

RAPESEED :—
The market is quiet but steady. We Quote—

Brown Cawnpore A. M....	„	8 1 0	R.T.
Brown Delhi A.-M. ...	„	8 2 0	B.T.

GINGELLYSEED :—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs.	56 0 0	
Ready White Gulburga ...	„	55 0 0	
Red Jabbalpore ...	„	51 0 0	
Black Kutni ...	„	48 0 0	
Yellow Hingunghat ...	„	59 0 0	

POPPYSEED :—
Tone—Quiet. We quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	11 2 0	B. T.
Forward	Rs.	11 3 6	R. T.

CASTORSEED :—
Tone—Quiet but steady. We quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	35 8 0	
Forward	„	7 0 6	R.T.

COTTONSEED :—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Ready. ... ... Rs 26 0 0

GROUNDNUTS —
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Bold... ... ... Rs. 42 0 0

MOWRASEED :—
Tone—Quiet.
Ready ... Rs. 7 2 6 R. T.

WHEAT :—
The market is steadier. We quote :—
White Pissi ready 85 p.c. Rs. 5 4 0 B. T.
„ Delhi A.-M. ... „ 5 5 3 „

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of bombay	1,767 1-2
Bank of India	67
Eastern Bank	80
Indian Specie	51 1-2

MILLS.

David	415
Kobinoor	745
Manockji Petit	2,665
Standard	1,145

PRESS.

New Mofussil	782 1-2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	151
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	177
Bombay S N Co Ord.	282 1-2
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	17

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad Prantej	669
Ankleshwar	513 1-2

WEEK'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. yesterday :—

Cotton ...	...	...	13,958 bales
Wheat ...	...	...	10,963 cwts.
Linseed ...	...	...	465 „
Rapeseed ...	...	...	767 „
Gingellyseed ...	...	...	8,425 „
Poppyseed ...	...	...	Nil
Groundnuts ...	...	...	14,095 „
Castorseed ...	...	...	4,057 „
Rice ...	...	...	2,965 „
Myrabollams ...	...	...	1,582 „
Cottonseed ...	...	...	32,208 „
Mowrasseed ...	...	...	19 „
Gram ...	...	...	732 „
Jowar ...	...	...	1,296 „
Maize ...	...	...	1,945 „

LONDON MARKETS

LONDON, JAN. 20.] [BOMBAY, JAN. 21.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols	77 9-16		unchgd
do. Rentes	95		unchgd
2 1-2 do. Sterling Loan	94 1-4		unchgd
1-2 do. Gov. Securities	64 1-4	1-16	
Bar Silver in London	26 3-8	3-16	
do. 2 months' hence	26 7-16	3-16	
Bar Silver in New York	57 1-4	2-8	
Exchange on London at Paris	25·24		unchgd
do. do. at Berlin	20·50 1-2	1-2	
do. do. New York	4·87 1-4	1-4	
Discount Bank of England Rate	4 p.c.		since
do. Short London Bills	21st Sept		
3 months' sight Indian Bank Bills	3 3-4		unchgd
do, 6 months' sight do	3 3-8		unchgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills	4 1-4		unchgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills	4 1-8		unchgd
Interest day-to-day Loans	3 1-4		unchgd
do. 7 day Market Loans	3 3-4	1-4	

Bar Gold ... 77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 31-32.
Closing Tone of Silver—Rise caused by India and China buying.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot Unchanged, quiet.
Futures ... Easy.
Total Sales ... 5,000 bales
Sold on Speculation and for Export... 500 „
Imports ... 11,000 „
Mid-Americans ... 5·40 unchgd
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... 9 1-8+1-16

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr.	April-May	May-June
5·17 —04	5·20 —04	5·23 —03	5·25 —02	5·27 —02
June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	
5·29 —02	5·30 —03	5·30 —02	5·28 —02	

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Receipts at all U. S. Ports	50,000
Receipts at U. S. last year	.....
Exports to Great Britain	16,000
Exports to Continent	29,000
Spot Cotton—	9·50—05
Futures—Month of Mar. 9·23—12	Declined owing to weakness Southern spot markets and increased offerings and to longs unloading.
Futures—Month of May 9·43—12	

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot Cotton	9 5-8 unchgd
Futures—Month of March	9·57 —14
Do. do May	9·67 —15
Tone of Spot Cotton	Steady.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS

	Bales.
Total in Sight	10,650,000
Egyptian Visible Supply ...	387,000
East Indian do ...	65,000
American do ...	4,757,000
Other do ...	60,000
Total Sales	57,000
East Indian sales ...	800
Total Speculation ...	6,000
Do. Exportation ...	3,000
East Indian Export ...	...
Do. Indian Stock ...	6,000
Do. Forwarded Consumer ...	200
Do. Actual Exports ...	800
Do. Week's Imports ...	.....
Do. Speculation ...	200
Americans Afloat ...	450,000
East Indian ...	1,000
Total afloat ...	493,000

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ...	Nominal.
Do. Months—	
Do. Name of Ports—	
Wheat White Karachi ...	38 1-4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.	
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers.	
Wheat Red Karachi ...	37 3-4
Do. Months—Feb.-Mar.	...Hull-Nominal.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe—62lbs ...	38 1-4
Barletta Russo 62 1-2lbs ...	Jan.—Sellers—Firmer.
Do. Months—	... ...
	Jan.-Feb.—No sellers.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian	...37 1-4
	Jan.—Done.
Victorian	... .
	Jan.
New South Wales	... .
	Jan.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship ...Nominal.
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Yellow Gusserat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ...Nominal.
Do. Months— .....
Do. Name of Ports.— .....
Brown Cawnpore ... 46 1-2
Do. Months—Mar.-May
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Value.

LINSEED—
Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 69 1-4
Do. Months—Feb.-Mar.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 63
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.

COTTONSEED—
Bombay Cottonseed ... £ 6-17-0
Jan.-Feb.—Hull Done.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) ... ... 14 unchgd
RUBBER—
Para Rubber ... 4·8
Jan.—Value—Steady.

SUGAR—
German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags ... 18-8
Do. Months of Shipment ...Feb.-Mar.—Sellers
Tone—Dull and quotations almost nominal.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... Nominal.
Do. Months of Shipments ... .
German Beet-root 88 p. c. ... 15 3—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...Feb.—Sellers.
Tone—Opened flat but improved towards the close.
E A R & Similar Crystals C & F India ... 20
Months of Shipments Apr.-Aug.—Sellers
Tone—Quiet. Offered at lower prices.
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay 15-3—Value.
Months of Shipments ...Jan.
Tone—Firm.
Java Sugar—Firm. Moderate business.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

The Eighty-eight Report of the above Bank reads :—

The Directors submit to the Shareholders a Statement of the Liabilities and Assets and of the Profit and Loss Account of the Bank as at the close of the half-year on 31st December last. The Auditors' report is also annexed.

The transactions of the half-year have resulted in a net profit of...	Rs.	4,92,815	14 4
to which has to be added the balance brought forward from the previous half-year... ...	„	5,24,635	14 6
making together ...	Rs.	10,17,481	12 10
which they have decided to apply as under :—			
In payment of a Dividend at the rate of 11 per cent. per annum, free from Income-tax	Rs.	5,50,000	0 0
Bonus at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum, free from Income-tax	„	1,00,000	0 0
Transferred to Premises Account...	„	25,000	0 0
Carried forward	„	3,42,481	12 10
	Rs.	10,17,481	12 10

The demand for money was extraordinarily slack until towards the end of the half-year. The average Bank rate was only 3·53 per cent.

DAILY EXPORTS—JAN. 20.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Newby Hall s—2700 cwts wheat Saaday and Co.
Scindia s—3 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 36 bales wool, D. Keondanmull; 3513 bales wool, M. Balai.

FOR LONDON.

Oceana s—3000 cwts mussoor, Ralli Bros; 8 cwts wax, H. M. Arbi; 25 bales hemp, J. N. Kapadia and Co; 105 cwts condiments, Aldridge Salmon and Co; 12 bales hides, P. R. Boyce and Sons; 3 bales hides, N. Kassum; 119 cwts dry ginger and 15 cwts croton seed, M. Jafferbhoy; 105 cwts chutney, L. Nowroji; 80 cwts fishmaws, M. J. Joomabhoy and Co.; 80 cwts deer horns, E. Mahomed; 111 cwts condiments, Marwanji Poonjiaji and Sons; 372 cwts condiments, Manockji Poonjiaji and Sons; 200 bales hemp, J. N. Kapadia and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Newby Hall s—300 cwts gingellyseed, J. Fashiri.
Scindia s—55 bales cotton, W. Wolf and Sons.

FOR ANTWERP.

Beskbergen s—110 bales cotton, Gaddam and Co; 165 bales cotton, W. Wolf and Sons; 2035 cwts maize, M. Valubdas; 110 bales cotton, N. Rajaram and Co.
Culna s—2000 cwts castorseed and 2600 cwts groundnuts, K. Devchand and Co; 200 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR ROTTERDAM.

Beskhergen s—7760 cwts gram, Ralli Bros.

FOR HAMBURG.

Northumbria s—1540 cwts wheat bran, H. A. Esmail.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Barrington Court s—3000 cwts maize, K. Devchand and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Imani s—52 bales cotton, Prierde Saona and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Cleopatra s—200 cwts olibanum, P. Jethabhoy.

FOR HONGKONG.

Vorwaerts s—500 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co; 700 bales twist, W Wolf and Sons; 1,400 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co; 200 bales twist, The M B Kaisha; 100 bales twist, Framji Sons and Co.
Bombay Maru s—300 bales twist, Sassoon J. David and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Vorwaerts s—200 bales twist, Framji Sons and Co; 300 bales twist, Tata Sons and Co; 1,050 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.
Assaye s—500 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons.
Bombay Maru s—100 bales twist Sassoon J David and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Havildar s—100 bales cotton, N Rajaram, and Co; 400 bales cotton, H Madraswalla and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Assaye s—538 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha; 500 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton Trading Co; 550 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.
Havildar s—200 bales cotton, M H Dedushti; 400 bales cotton, M. Jethubhai and Co; 300 bales cotton B N Ginwalla and Co; 100 bales cotton, H N Madraswalla and Co.

FOR OSAKA.

Havildar s—100 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co; 200 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co; 200 bales cotton, B N Ginwalla and Co.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Re. 2 for six lines or less, and Sas. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

NAVSARI.

MARRIAGE.

DADACHANJI—DADACHANJI—January 15th at Lunshi Kni, Navsari, Minocher P. H. Dadachanji, Solicitor, eldest son of Khan Bahader Dr. P. H. Dadachanji, Retired Senior Assistant Surgeon, to Shireen, youngest daughter of Mr. Kershaspji R. Dadachanji, ex-Diwan of Baroda.

EUROPE.

BIRTHS.

RADCLYFFE—Dec 25, at Cairo, the wife of Lieut-Col C Radclyffe, D S O, commanding 4th batt Rifle Brigade, of a son.
SETON MORRIS—Dec 28, at Preston, Rangoon, Burma, the wife of H Seton Morris, A R I B A, Consulting Architect to the Government of Burma, of a son.
HERON-MAXWELL—Dec 23, at Wilton House, Eaton Square, S W, the wife of Sir Ivor Heron-Maxwell, of a daughter.
RUSSELL—BROWN—Dec 27, at 22 Warrington Crescent, London, W, the wife of Capt C Russell-Brown, R E, of a daughter.
VLASTO—Dec 30, at Talcoi, Aigburth Drive, Liverpool, the wife of P Vlasto, of Bombay, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

CROSBIE—JACKSON—Dec 23, at St Matthias Church, Earl's Court, Alfred, son of Mr and Mrs Crosbie, of India, to Rose Heartsease, daughter of the late G T Jackson and Mrs Jackson, of India.
D'OYLY—HART—Jan 1, at Saint Mary's Church, Bryanston Square, London, Capt Warren Hastings D'Oyly, R N, son of Sir Warren Hastings D'Oyly, Bart, to Silvia Agnes Alicia, daughter of Lieut-Gen Sir R Reginald Hart, V C, K C B, K C V O, and Lady Hart.
MAINPRISE—FORT—Dec 22, at St Mary Abbots, Kensington, Capt Bertie Wilmot Mainprise, R E, son of the late Wilmot Band Mainprise, paymaster-in-chief, Royal Navy, to Nesta, daughter of Mr and Mrs John Fort, of 18 De Vere Gardens, Kensington.
PATTERSON—DEAN—Dec 28, at the Parish Church, Yarmouth, Isle of Wight, Lieut Julian Francis Chichester Patterson, R N, to Helen Frances, daughter of Charles Percy Dean, of Yarmouth, Isle of Wight.

DEATHS.

AITCHISON—Dec 31, at 9 Drayton Terrace, South Kensington, Charles Umpherston Aitchison, M D, son of the late Sir Charles Umpherston Aitchison, K C S I, and of Lady Aitchison, St Christopher's Oxford, aged 36.
BARCLAY—Dec 27, at Colney

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The P. and O. Company's mail steamer Salsette, 2301 tons, Captain H. G. H. Lewellin, R. N. R. arrived here on Saturday from Aden having left that port on January 16 with a general cargo and passengers.

The R. I. M. troopship Dufferin commanded by Captain W. B. Huddleston, arrived here on Saturday from Aden, having left that port on January 15, with Government stores and the 108th Infantry.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Linga, 951 tons, Captain W. H. Bothwell, sailed on Saturday for Karachi with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

The Hansa Line steamer Reichenfels 2006, tons, Captain D. Kloppenburg, will sail to-day for Hamburg via Karachi with a general and the same bottom cargo.

The steamer Havildar, 3086 tons, Captain Toins, will sail to-day for Kobe,, &c., with a general cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Fagilka, 2697 tons Captain W. E. Whittingham, sailed on Saturday for Rangoon with a general cargo.

The steamer Peter Jebsen, 2274 tons, Captain Nuwrigar, sailed on Saturday for Calcutta with ballast.

The P. and O. Company's steamer China, 4160 tons, Captain C. H. S. Toeque sailed on Saturday for Aden with English mails, a general cargo and passengers.

The Asiatic S. N. Company's steamer Nairmy, 2861 tons Captain G. Park, sailed on Saturday for Calcutta via coast ports with a general cargo and 14 deck passengers.

The Hansa Line steamer Drachenfels, 4575 tons, Captain R. Kupper, arrived in Bombay harbour on Saturday from New York, 1 December 12, via Karachi, with a general cargo and kerosine oil.

The A. L. S. N. Co's steamer Vorwaerts, 3727 tons, Captain R. Dannecker, arrived in Bombay Harbour on Saturday from Trieste December 29, with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer, Canara, 3889 tons, Captain J. Wilson, sailed on Sunday for Calcutta via coast ports with a general cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Baroda, 1896 tons, Captain H. McClelland, arrived in Bombay harbour on Saturday from Bussrah, January, 4 via Karachi, with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Lhasa, 951 tons, Captain H. Manley, arrived in Bombay harbour on Saturday from Karachi with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Itaura, 3362 tons, Captain W. J. Bishop, arrived in Bombay harbour on Saturday from Rangoon January 2, via coast ports, with a general cargo.

The Arab Steamer Company's steamer Tyneside, Captain H. W. Thomson, left Bombay harbour on Friday evening for Bussrah via Karachi with a general Cargo and 92 deck passengers. When she went a few miles out of the harbour it was found that the condensor chamber door was cracked. The Captain deemed it advisable to put back the ship and arrived in harbour on Saturday morning.

The steamer Kuala, 360 tons, Captain John Mc Larin, which was stranded at Ras Hanlag and refloated was brought in Bombay harbour on Saturday in tow of the steamer Sheikh Burkhed.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

H M S Perseus.....Comdr C P B Powell...R Navy
H M S Sphinx.....Comdr John Harvey...Special Service steamer
R I M S Lawrence ...Comdr de Burgh.....R I Marine
R I M Dufferin...Buddleston .....R I M

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Jan. 20.

Amaye	4359	Cookman...Shanghai...31-1	P & O Co
Annie Rickmer	2572	Oetling	T M & Co
Angus	2320	Dakers	T M & Co
Banca	3794	Potter	P & O Co
Buffalo	4096	Jasson	J Finlay & Co
Baroda	1897	McClelland ...P Gulf...M M & Co	
Danrobin	3319	Carr	T M & Co
Drachenfels	4815	Kupper	W & A G & Co
Gallia	555	Wratt...repairing...J Mackintosh & Co	
Kaiser	504	King	M M & Co
Kuala	360	McLarin	
Northumbria	2756	Medley...A'werp...W & A G & Co	
Patiala	1929	Johnson	M M & Co
Shah Jehan	2535	McBean	Shah S N Co
Baroda	3400	Alton	M M & Co
Swani	3174	Abbey	W & A G & Co
Sheik Burkhed	158	Park	
Tynesider	737	Thomson	A S N Co
Woodbridge	2331	Notman	W & A G & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Jan. 20.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
D & E Newby Hall	2481	Parker	L'pool		K N & Co
F Itaura	3363	Bishop			M M & Co
H Somali	1605	Kasch	Durban		A Strandes & Co
N Beckburn	2447	Dettond	Ant.	2-3	T M & Co
O Kanaler	1665	Coltzan	Durban	16-2	A Strandes & Co
P Northumbria	2756	Medley	Ant.	2-2	W & A G & Co
Alavi	2324	Gray			Bo & P S N Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Cuina	3963	Farquharson		Antwerp	M M & Co
2 Scindia	3253	Kelso	L'pool	23-1	W & A G & Co
3 Dandolo	8197	Giacopello			V S N Co
4 Barrington Court	2834	Williams	D'kirk		Captain
6 Imani	2979	Rosewaine	Dunkirk	20-1	W & A G & Co
7 Cleopatra	2129	Cheraish	Trieste		A L S N Co
8 Vorwoerts	2535	Dannekes	Kobe	24-1	A L S N Co
9 Palamcotta	3207	Cuthbush	Durban		M M & Co
12 & 13 Oceana	3507	Jones			P & O Co
15 Bo Maru	3389	Noguchi			N Y Kaisha

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessels	Commanders	From
20	Itaura	Bishop	Rangoon, Jan 2
	Lhasa	Manby	Karachi, Jan 18
	Drachenfels	Kupper	New York, Dec 12
	Vorwaerts	Dannecker	Trieste, Dec 29
	Tynesider	Thomson	Putback
	Sheikh Burkhad	Park	Scootrs, Jan 11
	Kuala	McLarin	Scootrs, Jan 11
	Baroda	McClelland	Basrah, Jan 8
	Salsette	Lowellin	Aden, Jan 16
	R I M S Dufferin	Buddleston	Aden, Jan 15
21	Devanha	Hickey	Shanghai, &c

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
20	China	Tocque	Aden
	Linga	Rothwell	Karachi
	Nairung	Park	Calcutta, &c
	Peter Jebsen	Neewrijar	Calcutta
	Fasilka	Whittingham	Rangoon, &c
21	Canara	Wilson	Calcutta, &c

The following vessels obtained their portclearances on Saturday :—

Steamer Reichenfels, Klappenburg, for Hamburg, &c.
„ Havildar, Toins, for Kobe, &c.

The following vessels began to load on Saturday :—

Steamer Vorwaerts, for China, &c.
„ Baroda, for Persian Gulf, &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P. and O. s.s. Delta left Hongkong at 1 p. m. on Saturday last.

The Ellerman Line s.s. City of Athens left Port Said on the 15th instant homeward bound.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS :—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth ? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cause. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

(Registered under the Indian Companies' Act VI of 1882.)

AUTHORISED CAPITAL Rs. 50,00,000

DIRECTORS.

THE HON'BLE SIR PHIROZSHA M. MEHTA, K.C.I.E. (CHAIRMAN.)
Mr. Munchershaw Framji Khan (Dinshaw Bhikhaji Khan & Co., Bombay and Colombo).
Mr. Kalianji Varadhman Jetsy (Varadhman Jetsy & Co., Cotton Merchants).
Mr. Ardeshir Bomonji Dubash (Cursetji Muncherji & Sons).
Mr. Manekji Jethabhai Varadhman (Manekji Jethabhai & Co).
Mr. Radhakishen Lakhmichand (Munim of Sadasukh Gambhirchand, Marwadi Shroffs.)
Mr. Motilal Kasji (Kalidas Jootha & Co., Piece Goods Merchants).
Mr. Haji Dawood Haji Elias (Merchant and Shroff.)
Mr. Jamsetji H. Chothia (Jamsetji Hormusji & Co., Piece Goods Merchants).
Mr. Mulji Haridas (of Khimji Jiva Iron Merchants).

Deposits for 12 months are taken for sums not less than Rs. 500 at 4½ per cent. per annum.

Short Deposits are taken for sums not less than 5,000. Rates may be ascertained on application.

Current Accounts are opened with sums of Rs. 500 and upwards for approved customers. Interest is allowed at 3 per cent. per annum from January to June of each year and at 2½ per cent. from July to December on daily balances from Rs. 500.

The Bank grants loans, cash credits and demand advances against approved securities.

A few Shares are available. For Prospectus and other particulars apply to the Manager.

Bank's Auditors —The Chartered Accountants appointed as Auditor of this Bank will examine the books, securities, etc., every week and submit report thereon.

Registered Office,
GRESHAM BUILDINGS,
Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

LAWRENCE & MAYO,
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS
TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST
By Appointment to
H. E. THE VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA
AND
H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.

HEAD OFFICES:—
67 and 69, CHANCERY LANE, LONDON

OFFICES IN THE EAST:—
CAIRO, CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS and RANGOON.

Price List of Scientific Instruments free on Application.

BOMBAY OFFICE No. 44, HORNBY ROAD, (MACMILLAN BUILDINGS.)
Telephone No. 1827.

BANK OF BOMBAY
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—
Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 1st December.
Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.
Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.
Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BIGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

DANN & CO.,
GENTS' SMART TAILORS.

NEW GOODS NOW ON VIEW.

MEN'S SMART TWEED AND FLANNEL suits in a large variety of latest designs.
PRICES :—From Rs. 18 to 35.

GENTS' NAVY BLUE SERGE Suit fast Indigo Dye.
PRICES :—From Rs. 20 to 35.

DONEGAL TWEED SPORTING COATS.
PRICE ;—Rs. 19 complete.

MEN'S WHITE FLANNEL AND SERGE TROUSERS.
PRICES :—From Rs. 6-8 to Rs. 12.

DANN & CO.,
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY,
Opposite Whiteaway's Buildings.

COUNT MATTEI'S REMEDIES.

THE ORIGINAL MATTEI REMEDIES can now be obtained from
THE MATTEI DEPOT,
KOTAGIRI.

Sole Wholesale Agents in India for these wonderful Remedies.

If you will drop us a line mentioning this Paper, we will send you FREE OF COST a Book which tells you all about them.

Terms for Agents can be arranged.

Apply—
THE MATTEI DEPOT,
KOTAGIRI.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK.
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Prices. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case
White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester, 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoe Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey Brand, 125°	4 4 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins)	3 14 0	per two tins.
Elephant brand 125° (in tins)	3 14 0	do.
do, brand 125° (in bulk)	3 4 0	per 8 gallons.
Camel brand 125° (in tins)	3 14 0	per two tins.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Cocoa and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

Order books supplied gratis on application.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes :—

4 inch by 4½ inch ...Rupee per hundred
3½ inch by 4½ inch ...Annas 4 per do.

If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 3 per 1,000.

5 15-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Re. 1 per thousand
If printed on flap Re. 4 per thousand.

"MINIMGRAND"

LIPP GRAND, AT THE PRICE OF A COTTAGE PIANO.

PIANOFORTE SPECIALLY BUILT FOR INDIA.

In the large field of choice offered by Messrs. Marcks & Co., Ltd., in Horizontal Grand and Upright Pianos in their collection of the
CHOICEST OF CHOICE PIANOS,
THE
Lipp "MINIMGRAND"
possesses a volume of tone and elasticity of touch not to be found in many grand pianos of much greater length. It entirely supersedes all grades of a similar length made by any maker in the world.

If you will give us the opportunity we will prove all we state.

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA,
MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Monday, 22nd January, 1912.

THE OFFENSIVE MOTOR-CAR.

The scientific press, both in Europe and America, has begun to comment on a new danger to public health arising from the rapid multiplication of petrol-impelled motor-cars, which discharge incompletely burnt products of combustion into the air breathed by the people. When motor-cars were few, the mischief was negligable but now that the car is rapidly displacing the horse drawn vehicle, the mischief calls for attention. As far back as 1907, the "Lancet" drew attention to the pollution of the air by motor traffic. Not only, says this organ, does the motor engine give off at times offensive fumes which are easily visible, but it also discharges unseen gases which though apparently inoffensive are decidedly poisonous. Perfect combustion is hardly ever attained, and amongst the products of incomplete combustion are two-deadly gases—carbon monoxide and acetylene. Even small quantities of carbon monoxide in the air produce a serious disturbance in the health standard, the leading symptoms being headache, loss of power in the limbs and a state of semi-consciousness as if a narcotic had been taken. The "Electrical Review" of Chicago takes up the subject, brings a strong array of evidence against the petrol car, and quotes among others, a report of Dr. Arthur Korff-Petersen of the Hygienic Institute connected with the Royal University at Berlin, who has made a study of the exhaust gases of gasolene automobiles. This authority found that the visible part of the exhaust which is usually noticed as a bluish-grey cloud, consists of water vapour, a normal combustion product of the gasoline, mixed with considerable soot ; the amount of the latter determining the colour of the exhaust vapour. The soot itsels is a nuisance, but not nearly as important as the invisible portions of the exhaust gases. On analysing the latter, he found them to contain the following percentages : Nitrogen 85, carbon dioxide 4·9, oxygen 5·3 and carbon monoxide 3·7. Another authority found the proportion of carbon monoxide in the exhaust of running automobiles to be as high as 7 per cent. A mouse placed by Dr. Korff-Peterson in a glass filled with exhaust of a motor-car was seized with cramp, and died in less than a minute. After removing the carbon monoxide by absorption, the remaining gas did not kill a mouse in three quarters of an hour. One part in 2,000 has a poisonous action on the human system and once absorbed it leaves the system very slowly.

The "Electrical Review" further comments on the appalling rate at which the air of large cities is being polluted by the exhaust of automobiles, and speculates on the effect that breathing these exhausts may have on the health of motorists. There can be no doubt that the increasing number of motor cars must have an influence on the atmosphere in certain parts of Bombay, either where the cars are stationed or where they pass in numbers, and it would be futile to expect any possible improvement in the mechanism that would ensure conditions of perfect combustion in a machine that is influenced by the temperature of the air, the moisture it contains, and by the operation of the driver, with whom lies the adjustment of air and oil that, combined, make explosive mixture. If the truth were known the adjustment is rarely as perfect as it is possible to be, and while we are legislating for the control of the smoke that escapes from factory chimneys averaging at least 120 feet in height, we are perfectly indifferent to the more poisonous gases of combustion that are discharged into our streets within a few inches from the ground. In the light of this new knowledge the management of automobiles calls for more supervision than they have hitherto received, and the repair and testing of their engines should be relegated to places where they would not become a dangerous nuisance. Interesting and useful as the internal combustion engine undoubtedly is, it is anomalous that any given motor, if fixed in a building would be compelled to have an exhaust pipe leading to the roof, but if fixed in a motor-car is allowed to discharge its malodorous and unwholesome gases broadcast in the street.

Our tramcars are now successfully propelled by the aid of fuel burnt several miles away at Sewree, and the same force that is entirely innocuous is capable of propelling every vehicle in the city by means of electric accumulators that are at present in successful operation in other countries. By the use of these storage batteries the mechanism is much reduced, the work of driving simplified, and the irritating noise that is the chief feature of many motor-cars is eliminated. An electric supply company that could so successfully meet the demands of recent illuminations of Bombay must have a very large reserve of power that could not be better employed than in delivering us from the influences of the petrol-driven motor-car which should only be seen in places beyond the reach of a cheap and ample electric supply. The interior of India seems capable of absorbing the whole of Bombay's stock of petrol-driven cars, both new and second hand, as soon as the city is ready for the electric car, and mofussil motorists may be able to modify the effect of the exhaust discharge, when industrial alcohol, locally made, begins to supersede petrol.

SCIENTIFIC BIOGRAPHY.

Biography is the most popular of literature next after fiction and every year sees the volume of lives of notable men and many far from notable, increase rapidly. There is a great demand for books narrating the facts of peoples' lives, and they are eagerly read. But people read them, we suspect, just as they read novels mainly for amusement and pastime. Yet few departments are so important as biography if properly handled. A proper study of the histories of individual countries and peoples has led to a philosophy of history which has been specially handled by eminent men as for instance Hegel and other learned Germans. In the same way the proper study of biographies of noted individuals ought to lead to a new department of literature and thought, which might be called the philosophy of biography. But the study should be mainly inductive being based on a broad generalisation from facts widely gathered from various biographies. The philosophy of history seeks to find out laws which govern the sequence of events in a nation's history by enquiring into the facts of that history in the past. In a similar manner by exhaustively studying the lives and careers of great and noteworthy men in all ages, we might arrive at a philosophy of biography which would discover certain laws at present hidden from us governing the rise and progress of great men. The rise and progress of nations and the corporate life of peoples has been found amenable to a great extent to certain laws whose knowledge is of great use to us in guiding the future. May not similar laws be discovered which relate to the origin and rise of individual greatness ? The writer of a striking article in the current number of the *Edinburgh Review* suggests that the materials are ready for such study of the philosophy of biography ; obviously then there is only need of workers whose labours ought to prove men more fruitful of results. Ordinarily people think that biography is instructive as well as entertaining ; but the instruction they commonly derive does not go much beyond what they call certain lessons of the lives of useful characters. Such lives show the value of certain good qualities in individuals such as diligence, thrift, honesty. and if this value is realised, people think they gain all the instruction from biographies.

But there is a higher sense in which biography is instructive, and that is when it becomes philosophical and scientific in its matter and seeks to arrive at useful generalisations. In the biographies of great men, for instance, we get some information about their individual characteristics. But about the formation of character, whether men are born with it or is it formed by circumstances. We read little of this in such books. Yet as the Reviewer well says, this is one of those questions of profound importance both in education and in politics, which may be settled by an intelligent, that is scientific, study of biography. A few biographers like George Henry Lewes, who have also been eminent philosophical thinkers, have indeed treated such questions, but the treatment is at best sporadic. A systematic enquiry ought to be undertaken into the lives and careers of noteworthy men from the scientific point of view to find what light can be thrown on such questions as these by biographical study. By such enquiry we may gain knowledge which might help us to a certain extent in producing noteworthy characters in the future. Autobiographies ought to furnish very useful material to some students, for in them great minds and characters depict themselves and give us an insight into their growth. Great men are their own best biographers ; but very few of them have done service to themselves or to us, in that capacity. There are very few autobiographies written by really noteworthy men. But a comparative study of even these few ought to prove very instructive to a student of the science philosophy of biography. The "Edinburgh" Reviewer gives six, Cellini, Rousseau, Gibbon, Goethe, John Stuart Mill, and Herbert Spencer, and much may be learnt from a proper study of their lives that many prove of lasting value. Biographies and autobiographies are mostly in demand at present for the anecdotes they contain and the thrilling incidents they relate, and when these are read they are soon forgotten and laid aside. But there is a higher interest attached to them and we hope persons may be found to study them in the scientific spirit. Heredity and its problems now find an increasing circle of students. The study of scientific or philosophic biography ought to prove a valuable adjunct to an enquiry into heredity.

RACIAL FEELING IN SOUTH AFRICA.

An incident, which is reported from South Africa, warns us not to accept too easily statements that racial feeling is dead, or even dying. Patriotic statesmen in their public utterances rightly seek to minimise the extent to which racial antagonism exists between English and Dutch, and to minimise its political effect in the Union. This is only rational, for constant and direct reference to the feeling, which still remains, could only inflame it and aggravate its effect. At the same time it is as well not to be blind to facts, and the incident to which we now refer, which comes from Bloemfontein, the centre of a largely Dutch district, is illuminating. There has been a proposal to erect in Bloemfontein a monument to the Boer women and children, who died in the concentration camps. It was only a few weeks ago that the Bloemfontein Town Council decided to grant a site for it, as the monument has been the subject of much acrid controversy on account of the complete disregard of British susceptibilities, displayed by its promoters. It was a bare-faced and persistent attempt to keep alive all the fierce hatred, which was aroused by the calumnies circulated at the close of the war, of the unnecessary hardships and sufferings, which were alleged to have been inflicted on the women and children in the concentration camps. The objectionable part of the memorial was a panel 12ft by 8ft. representing the nationalist view of life in one of the camps, including a dying child lying upon a stretcher beside its sobbing mother. An English councillor of Bloemfontein thus describes it in the Press : "The whole scene is designed to show a group of women and children herded together, under non-hygienic conditions, having to care and cook for themselves with disease and starvation rampant among the children, and no nurses or doctors present, and is calculated to raise the strongest feelings in the minds of those who, view it." To this the Cape Town correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* adds : "I am credibly informed that the object of the monument is that it should be a rallying-place for the irreconcileables—the Mecca of the Ware Afrikander. On each Dingaan's Day it is intended to call up commandoes from the various districts in the old Republics, and the people will gather around the monument for three or four days to take part in prayer meetings and listen to political speeches." The significant feature of the affair is that it has only been after vehement protests from the British community and after repeated and severe condemnation in the Press that the promoters have consented to modify their intentions. It was not until a deputation had waited on the Town Council to say that it had no objection to the granting of a site, but suggesting that it was the duty of the Council to see that the susceptibilities of the English-speaking people were not hurt, that ex-President Steyn gave an assurance that the memorial should do nothing of the kind. It is now understood, of course, that the objectionable panel will not be used, but the moral of the incident is that a representative Dutch committee containing men of influence have made persistent efforts in the most public manner to foment racial hatred against the British. It is unfortunately impossible in this case to believe that the movement was the work of a few irresponsible and insignificant bigots. Apparently, it represented Dutch feeling, at as it is in Bloemfontein and its vicinity.

THE *Pioneer* announces that the Commander-in-Chief will leave Calcutta, on the 24th inst., for a tour in Southern India, visiting the principal stations in the Secunderabad Division and possibly Poona.

SIR JAMES MESTON, Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department, will proceed Home on leave early in April.

MR. W. R. HUNTER having resigned the chairmanship of the Madras Chamber of Commerce, Mr. A D. Jackson, vice-chairman, has been appointed in his stead, and a ballot will be taken for the election of a vice-chairman.

THE *Pioneer* understands at the conference at Calcutta, between the Chairman of Indian Railways and the Railway Board with Lord Inchcape in the chair some veryuseful business matters which had been the subject of correspondence was settled.

THE *Pioneer* has received a report from Muscat, stating that stagnation has settled upon the gun-running trade as a result of the blockade operations along the Mekran Coast ; also from the frontier that no further ventures on a large scale are likely to be undertaken.

MR. T. SADASIVA IYER, who has been appointed to the Madras High Court Bench, has since his reversion to British service from the Chief Judgeship of the Travancore High Court, been a District Judge. He is well-known as a gifted judicial officer.

MR. W. C. TUDOR-OWEN, Administrator of Palitana State with Mrs. Tudor-Owen left Palitana on the 18th inst., for Junagadh. Mr. Tudor-Owen has been selected to be guardian and tutor of the minor Nawab Saheb of that State, after spending some seven years at Palitana.

MR. O. C. LEES, Chief Engineer, has assumed charge of his office as Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Burma Government in the P. W. D., vice the Hon. Mr. G G. White, C S. I., who has retired from the service. Mr. C. C. S. Clark, Superintending Engineer and Joint Secretary to the Burma Government, has taken charge from Mr. Lees, and Mr. P. N. Son, assumed charge of his office as Assistant to the Chief Engineer and Under-Secretary to the Burma Government in the P.W.D., in the room of Mr. B. M. Samuelson, who has left on leave.

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER

THE NEW YEAR HONOURS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JAN. 5.

THAT the list of New Year Honours should be so jejune an affair is of course to some extent attributable to the absence of any Indian decorations—after the generous distribution of stars and lesser insignia on the occasion of the Durbar. India naturally stood out for once—but apart from this the selection is singularly uninteresting except of course to the recipients and their immediate friends. Scoffers say that it is all on account of the by-elections ; the aspiring M. P.'s who had been led to expect that they would be elevated—it is still, it seems, considered to be an elevation—to the House of Lords must wait a little longer until the tide turns again in favour of the Government if it does turn again in that direction. In support of the theory that fear of more inconvenient defeats is the reason why the expected shower of baronets has not fallen a warning uttered by an influential Liberal and Nonconformist organ is recalled. "There must," said the paper referred to, "be as few by-elections as possible. The Government must learn to say no to greedy lawyers and socially ambitious members." With regard to the three new peerages that of Sir Alfred Thomas causes even less surprise than those of the new Governor of Madras and the late Governor of the Bank of England. When Sir Alfred was displaced from the leadership of the Welsh party for practically the same reasons that caused a vacancy at Oldham the other day it was understood that the solatium would be a patent of nobility and the wonder is that it did not come before. As the son of "Sam Morley" who for so many years played a conspicuous part as a politician, philanthropist and Nonaconfirmist leader Mr. Samuel Hope Morley will not be out of place in the gilded chamber. On mere party grounds his brother, Mr. Arnold Morley, might be considered to have superior claims, but I rather think that he has already declined the honour of a peerage and he is at any rate a Privy Councillor. The *Daily News* evidently does not approve of a knighthood having been given to the very able publicist who has done so much to make Lord Morley's reforms acceptable to people of moderate opinions. Everybody else however thinks that the inclusion of Sir Valentine Chirol and Sir Rider Haggard in the roll of Knights Bachelors is an honour to that much rehabilated order. Why the vacancies in the greatly coveted and extremely select Order of Merit have not been filled up is rather puzzling.

COST OF THE GENERAL ELECTION.

The appetite of Parliamentarians having been whetted by the salary which with little or no opposition from the taxpayers members of the House of Commons recently voted to themselves it is generally supposed that they are only awaiting the psychological moment to go a step further. I allude of course to the demand that the returning officers' charges should also be borne by the State. What these charges amount to is shown by an elaborate return issued yesterday. The Parliamentary paper gives not only particulars of expenditure incurred by the returning officers, but also the official outlay of the 1,192 candidates as well as other interesting details connected with the General Election that took place just over a year. The charges of the returning officers throughout the entire electorate was not far below £200,000, the exact figures being £190,009, Exclusive of these charges the candidate's official expenses were £790,959 ; what their unofficial expenses were we have no means of ascertaining beyond what we have gleaned or may have inferred from the evidence given at the trials of the Election Petitions. The actual number of electors at the time of the polling is given as 7,694, 741, not "voters," for the statistics as I gather do not differenciate between the pluralist and the individual whose qualification is confined to merely one constituency. The actual number of votes recorded in England-*cum*-Wales, Ireland and Scotland (not actual voters) was 5,235,323, although the male population is roughly about 22,000,000; and this is supposed to be a Democratic country. I do not stay to consider whether the electoral qualification should be lowered, some people think it is already too low ; I only call attention to the disproportion between the number of inhabitants who express what is called the will of the country and the total and to the rather cosiderable number of abstentions. Some of the abstainers of course are such *nolentes volentes* ; if you have only one vote you cannot give it if there is no contest as was the case in many divisions at the General Election of December, 1910. The following election expenses may be of interest :—The Hon. E. S. Montagu, M.P., (erroneously spelt Montague in the Parliamentary return) Under Secretary of State for India, £1,492-12-11; Mr. James Willoughby Jardine, £1,249-12-1 ; Colonel Charles Edward Gate, M.P., £1,893-0-5 ; Mr. T. J. Bennet, C.I.E., £1,480-13-6 : Lord Ronaldshay, £2,073-0-4 ; Mr. Manmath Chandra Mallik, £924-10-10 ; Mr. Leslie de Gwyther, £1,499-16-3 ; Sir George Scott Robertson, M.P., £680-13-7 ; Mr. H. M. Hyndman, £459-0-9 : Sir Henry Seymour King (described in the return as Henry Seymour King, Esq.!) £719-0-2 ; J. Ramsay Macdonald, M.P., £348-8-10 ; Mr. Keir-Hardie, M.P., £389-15-1 ; Sir John Jardine, M.P., £836-0-4 ; Mr. J. Annan Bryce, M.P., £588-16-0 ; and Mr. W. J. MacGeagh McCaw, M.P., £527-18-2.

THE MIRACLE.

Quite the newest thing in entertainments this winter in London is the production by Professor Max Reinhardt of "The Miracle" at Olympia. It has deservedly caused a considerable amount of newspaper comment and appreciation, but I doubt whether the mass of the public has been stirred to a corresponding extent. Max Reinhardt, who has invaded London from Berlin, caused much talk in the theatrical world earlier in the past year by his wordless play, "Sumurun." That production was thoroughly Eastern in scene and tone. But though unconventional in treatment and original in design, it was restrained by the necessary limitation of the ordinary stage. The new play is at Olympia and therefore knows no such fetters. With a big amphitheatre provided for him Professor Reinhardt has filled it all with his play, and has done it remarkably well. The new spectacle is mediæval and Gothic in spirit. In the first and last scenes the whole building is the background. The building itself becomes a cathedral and the audience itself is naturally upon the stage with the events passing before its eyes and as it were, among it. I have not yet visited Olympia, but a friend who has writes to me : I have seen "The Miracle" and my opinion of it is a little contradictory. As a spectacle it is fine and novel ; the sense of space it gives is exhilarating; it is magnificent ; but I am not sure that it is not just a magnificent failure and nothing more. For the first few minutes I was charmed beyond the usual limits of a phlegmatic temperament. But as time went on I grew cold to it all. Contrasted with the construction and artificiality of the normal stage there was something breezily attractive in this half acre of open arena on which crowds of nuns and villagers—real crowds, not the reduplication of half a dozen supers—moved freely and naturally to and fro. It must have been an amazingly difficult task to cause these people to move with so much individuality and such an absence of apparent drilling. But, however difficult it may have been, the effect was one of spontaneity and vivid life. These throngs of sombre nuns or gaily clothed people did not appear to be acting, but to be doing the things they had to do. In addition the lighting of the great hall was superb. The story is that of a nun who is tempted to leave the nunnery by a knight and an allegoric individual called the Spielmann. In a weakened moment she goes and the image of the Virgin in the Chapel of the convent takes pity upon her and steps from her pedestal to take the place of the erring sister among the nuns. Meanwhile the nun passes out into a tempestuous and steadily deteriorating existence which is pourtrayal in a series of remarkable interludes. By robbery, murder, suicide and purchase she passes from hand to hand gradually reaching the lowest level of camp-follower in a mediæval army. In the final act she reaches the convent at midnight with her child. The Virgin again takes her position on the pedestal, taking the child with her and the ex-nun becomes a votary again, wondering whether all that happened had not been a dream. This, then, is the plot. There is in both the first and the last scenes, a quantity of Anthem music and religious atmosphere. If Prof. Reinhardt had had the misfortune to have been born an Englishman there would have been an immense outcry against the use of sacred names and personages on the stage. But his foreign origin saves him from that, since we charitably wink this freedom with religious affairs to the usual freakishness of continental peoples !

"One of the principal scenes from the point of view of stagecraft is that in which the Nun is dancing before the crowds at a fete. She waves lighted torches in her hand and one of these sets fire to the drapery of the women in the crowd. Immediately there is an immense conflagration which to all appearance reduces the whole assembly with the exception of the dancer, the King and the Spielmann, to ashes. On the evening I was there this scene was not given since the grandmothers on the London County Council were not convinced that it was altogether safe. Since the "flames" were only streamers of gauze, lighted from beneath by intense crimson searchlights and the smoke was only discoloured steam, this carefulness seemed a little exaggerated. A couple of days later their qualms were satisfied and the scene is now given each day and proves particularly effective. An interlude of revelry among the lower class of soldiery and camp followers was also not in evidence. In this case the L. C. C. appear to have anticipated danger to the audience rather than to the actors !

"Taken as a whole the play was so carefully thought out and so finely presented that it should have produced a greater effect upon the on-lookers than it has done. Yet it is not difficult to see wherein it failed. Even at its best—and that was a very good best—it still remained little more than a series of pretty and stirring pictures. In spite of the beauty of the lady who took its part of central figure and the adequacy of presentment of the lesser characters, the scale of presentation was vast: it overwhelmed the individual in the mass. The pictorial effect swamped and submerged the characters. The spectators closed to regard the gradual evolution of the tale, but confined themselves to the voting of the novel methods adopted and the life and colour of the crowds. This tendency was strengthened by the fact that Professor Reinhardt had chosen for the display of his art a subject based on the old "mystery" plays. A figure such as that of the Spielmann—or personification of the lure of the world—has its fitting place in a woodcut of Albrecht Durer. It can even find its place on the ordinary stage. But on half an acre of amphitheatre at Olympia it shows itself as an intimate phantasy which does not bear to be magnified to life-size. There was also too much of the nunnery and the anthems. They occupied a considerable position of the two hour performance both at the beginning and at the end. If the Professor had selected for pourtrayal one of the extraordinary romances of real life of Italy in the middle ages he would have found material for an unrivalled spectacle and a topic which would have equipped a slightly cynical audience of the present day most surely. For instance, the Borgias. Or a dramatisation—perhaps, pageantisation would be the better word—of one of these vivid romances written by that curiously precocious authoress, Miss Marjory Bowen. Certainly, if we are to have a series of similar performances on the Olympian scale of magnitude, the writer of the scenes will ahve to study more carefully what they can achieve and what they cannot ; and they must learn that circus-ring has different opportunities and limitations to the theatre."

THE PANAMA CANAL.

If everything goes well the opening of the Panama Canal to ocean traffic will have taken place sometime within the next

THEIR MAJESTIES' RETURN.

KING GEORGE PAYS A VISIT TO PORT SAID.

National Holiday Suggested in England.

THANKSGIVING THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 19.

It is understood that no date is mentioned in the invitation to Their Majesties to visit the Guildhall, but it is thought that should the King accept the invitation the visit would follow the thanksgiving service in St. Paul's.

On this occasion the route to the Cathedral will be lined with troops. By the King's orders, the soldiers will be stationed three paces apart so that the people will have a clear view of the semi-state procession.

LATER.

The "Medina" has arrived at Suez.

LONDON, JAN. 20.

The Lord Mayor of London has been asked to consider whether it is not possible to identify the municipalities of the United Kingdom with London's welcome to the King and Queen, and is communicating with Buckingham Palace on the subject. It is suggested that a national holiday be proclaimed, and thanksgiving services be held throughout the country.

PORT SAID, JAN. 20.

The "Medina," with the King and Queen on board, has arrived here.

LATER.

Lord Kitchener travelled here on the "Medina" from Port Sudan.

The Governor and Consul-General welcomed their Majesties here, and all the ships in harbour were decked with flags.

The Khedive, Lord Kitchener and other prominent persons to-day lunched on board the "Medina."

King George landed in the afternoon, and inspected a guard-of-honour in front of the Canal Offices. Large crowds were present.

THE GALES AT HOME.

Two More Shipping Disasters.

LONDON, JAN. 19.

The violent storms continue.

The Cunard vessel "Veria" has come into collision with another ship, an unknown steamer, the latter being sunk. It is believed that eleven persons were drowned.

It is feared that the collier, "Frederic Snowdown," from the Tyne to Aberdeen has foundered. She carried a crew of fourteen.

ARGENTINE RAILWAY STRIKE.

LONDON, JAN. 20.

The strike situation in the Argentine is aggravated by the companies refusing to dismiss their new employees and re-engage the strikers. The latter insist upon the reinstatement of all strikers. The Government declares that all mediation is now at an end, and it will take immediate steps to ensure the efficient working of the lines.

LONDON'S MOTOR TRAFFIC.

LONDON, JAN. 19.

The amalgamation of the underground railways with the General Omnibus Company has been accomplished. It involves properties representing upwards of thirty-five millions sterling, and will greatly facilitate traffic in London.

COTTON DISPUTE SETTLED.

LONDON, JAN. 19.

The cotton dispute has been settled and the mills will re-start on Monday.

FRENCH AVIATOR KILLED.

LONDON, JAN. 19.

The French aviator, Lieutenant Boerner, to-day, fell from a height of one thousand feet at Senlis, and was fatally injured.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, JAN. 20.

The death is announced of the Earl of Carlisle.

[The Earl of Carlisle, who only succeeded to the title last year was better known as Viscount Morpeth for his ardent advocacy of Tariff Reform in the House of Commons, where he sat as Unionist member for Birmingham, South. He came of a household which was divided in politics, but there were no half-shades in his own creed. He had the unusual honour of being invited as a stranger to the constituency to file the very safe seat vacated by the death of Mr. Powell Williams, and, the desperate efforts of the local Radicals could not bring his majority in 1910, under three thousand. He was a good speaker, made himself extremely popular, and paid regular attendance to the meetings of the Imperial Tariff Committee. Born in 1867, he was educated at Rugby and at Balliol College, Oxford, where he graduated as B.A. In 1894, he married Rhoda, daughter of Colonel Paget W. L'Estrange, and in the same year became a member of the London School Board, on which he sat till 1902. He unsuccessfully contested Chester-le-Street as Unionist candidate in 1895, the Hexham Division of Northumberland in 1900, and Gateshead in 1904, being finally elected in the latter year to South Birmingham. Formerly captain of the 3rd Battalion Border Regiment, he took a distinguished part in the South African war, and was awarded the Queen's medal, with three clasps. His son George, born in 1895, succeeds to the title.]

TURCO-ITALIAN WAR.

Fierce Fighting All Day at Tripoli.

THE "CARTHAGE" RELEASED

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 19.

Another fierce all-day battle was fought at Tripoli yesterday. The Turks attacked the Italians, who were erecting two forts at Gargaresh. The Italians repulsed the Turks, but were themselves compelled to withdraw at nightfall as their defences had not been completed.

The Italian casualties numbered fifty, while those on the Turkish side are reported to have been heavy.

The Italian warships later bombarded Zoara.

Owing to the activity of the Italian warships in the Red Sea and the Mediterranean, and the consequent prohibitive insurances, the banks find it impossible to ship gold from Asia Minor to Europe and Egypt, where it could be profitably employed.

ROME, JAN. 20.

The bombardment of Zoara was due to the garrison having opened fire on the Italian patrol boats. Many buildings were destroyed as the result of the bombardment, and the Turkish trenches were demolished.

The "Manouba," the mail steamer seized by Italians, was yesterday released on her landing twenty-nine Turks who, the Government was informed, were officers taking money to Tripoli from Marseilles.

The captain of the "Manouba" says that the seizure of the vessel was due to his refusal to surrender the Turks who, he declares, are Red Crescent male nurses.

TUNIS, JAN. 20.

The German steamer "Schleswig," accompanying the French mail steamer "Manouba," was searched at the time of the seizure of the latter vessel, but was released.

Strong Feeling in France.

PARIS, JAN. 20.

A committee of French shipowners has requested M. Poincare to make a strong protest against what they describe as the continued violation of treaties, citing the case of the "Manouba" as an example, and to expedite the establishment of International Prize Courts.

LONDON, JAN. 20.

The Italian Government has ordered the release of the French steamer "Carthage" on receiving satisfactory assurances from France.

LONDON, JAN. 20.

The French papers are full of very strong comments on the Italian seizures of French steamers. They demand that firm measures be taken to prevent a recurrence of such incidents. Some attribute Italy's action to the influence of a third party, exercised in connection with the visit of Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter, who arrived in Rome this morning. They also declare that the release of the vessels will not close the matter, as the Government will insist on compensation.

ROME, JAN. 21.

Four hundred Turks and Arabs attacked a blockhouse at Benghazi on the 18th inst., but were repulsed, losing 99 killed.

HODEIDAH, JAN. 16.

The Italian gunboat has overhauled the British ship "Africa" from Hodeidah to Aden near Perim, and removed twelve Turkish officers, including Riza Bey, the famous Yemen Veteran.

ITALY AND POSSIBILITIES OF PEACE.

Rome, Dec. 30.

Count Aehrenthal, in the course of his declarations the other day, remarked that Austrian diplomacy had sought to find a suitable basis for peace between Italy and Turkey, and had failed. The Italian Press asks what the Foreign Minister of their ally considered a suitable basis, and how it was that it could not be found. The fault can hardly lie with Italy, for every one knows that from the very first she has imposed one irrevocable condition on any proposition of peace—namely, her absolute sovereignty in the Tripolitaine and Cyrenaica. If this condition stands in the way of peace, the fault lies with Turkey, who, in common with the other European Powers, must have recognized by this time the futility of expecting any change of attitude from Italy on that side.

One may remark indeed a slight note of impatience in Italian comments upon Count Aehrenthal's reference to peace overtures. It is all very well Italian newspapers say, to talk about the necessity of a speedy peace and the dangers that may result from and indefinite prolongation of hostilities; but there is little use in talking if no action is taken. If complications do ensue in the Balkans, the responsibility will lie, not with Italy, who has loyally refrained from any operations which might jeopardize tranquillity in Europe, but with Turkey and with those Powers who, though ostensibly neutral, are practically encouraging Turkey in her obstinacy. Is it not obvious, they ask, that nothing now can save the reality of Turkish rule in Tripoli and, if that is the case, of what use can it possibly be either to Turkey or to any other country, that the hollow appearance of rule should be saved by conceding to Turkey a purely nominal suzerainty?

Italy, on the other hand, is justified in holding out for a recognition of her absolute sovereignty not from fear of any future exercise of power by Turkey in her old provinces, but in order that the whole question of the Tripolitaine may be definitely concluded and removed from any further discussion between Italy and the other European Powers. In refusing to yield to the inevitable Turky is certainly doing no good to herself. She is only playing the games of those countries who regard her as merely the instrument of their own selfish ends.

The publication in German and Austrian newspapers (especially in the German) of false—sometimes preposterously false—news of Turkish successes in Tripoli and Cyrenaica, and above all, the credence which German newspapers affect to attach to such news; naturally have their effect in the Ottoman Empire and make the Turkish people indisposed to accept the inevitable. Neutrality, the Italian newspapers consider, should have its limits; and an outward show of impartiality ceases to be an evidence of neutrality when it benefits one side more than the other. Italy is admittedly making a sacrifice of her own interests, convinced though she may be of the expediency of maintaining the "status quo" in the Balkan States, by strictly localizing her struggle with Turkey. It is for the other Powers, her allies and her friends, to bear this too in mind when they talk of the danger of further complications and the necessity of effecting peace between the belligerents. Surely if pressure is needed, and it seems to be needed, it should be brought to bear in the quarter where continuance of the struggle is manifestly a matter of vain obstinacy.

A MOVEMENT is on foot chiefly among the Taluqdars of the United Provinces to raise a permanent memorial to Sir John Hewett on his retirement as Lieutenant-Governor.

THE TROUBLES IN PERSIA.

Action of London Moslem League.

SIR EDWARD GREY ON THE SITUATION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 19.

Replying to representations of the London Moslem League, the India Office states that the Government has reason to believe that the negotiations between Russia and Persia, which it has done its utmost to facilitate, are on the point of reaching a satisfactory conclusion, in which case, so soon as order is re-established, the situation in Persia will revert to its normal state.

The Government, continues the statement, is unable to intervene in particular disputes concerning only Russia and Persia, for the Government's general policy is to secure that Russian influence, which has long existed in the north, should not be extended in directions prejudicial to India.

LONDON, JAN. 21.

Sir Edward Grey, speaking at Sunderland, yesterday, replied to the attacks of a section of the Liberal Press on his foreign policy, which, he said, was not his, but the Cabinet's. These critics, he said, really advocate a maximum of interference which would mean a minimum of friendship, because their policy would leave us without a friend in Europe. It was the duty of any Government, Liberal or Conservative, said Sir Edward, to resist a policy which was most futile and expensive that could be adopted.

Sir Edward continued that the latest selection of his critics for our interference was Mongolia, and said "if we are going to interfere actively in Central Asian questions far beyond the Indian frontier we shall incur not only the present heavy naval expenditure but a vast increase in the Military expenditure."

Replying to a question as to what steps Britain was taking to prevent Russia annexing Persia, he said Russia was not annexing Persia. "If you are going to say that it is responsibilty and the duty of Great Britain to guarantee independence of the whole of the countries like Persia you will impose on Great Britain burdens greater than it can bear and an expenditure far greater than at present."

SIR E. GREY ON HOME RULE.

LONDON, JAN. 21.

Regarding Home Rule, Sir Edward Grey said, "Home Rule must be passed even if the Irish themselves do not wish it, in order to relieve the congestion of the Imperial Parliament and to unify the Empire."

Referring to an agitation now going on in Belfast Sir Edward said that the affairs of the Empire could not be sacrificed to the opinion of Ulster.

THE GERMAN ELECTIONS.

Party Gains and Losses.

BERLIN, JAN. 21.

The first lot of second ballots have resulted in unexpected successes for the Liberals and Radicals which is a disappointment for the Socialists.

The deputies elected for various parties are:—

Conservatives, 9; Imperialists, 6; Reform Party, 2; Economic Union, 4; Liberals, 20; Radicals, 17; Centre, 7; Socialists, 8; Guelphs, 2; Peasants Union, 1; Independents, 2.

LATER.

The party gains and losses are:—

The Conservatives won 2, lost 5; the Imperialists won 1, lost 1; Economic Union won 1, lost 2; Liberals won 10, lost 6; Radicals won 8, lost 1. The Centre won 2, lost 5; the Socialists won 8, lost 5; the Guelphs won 2, lost 0; the Peasants Union won 1, lost 0.

MILITARY AVIATION.

Big French Order for Aeroplanes.

LONDON, JAN. 19.

The French Government will shortly ask Parliament for £880,000 for military aeroplanes.

ESPIONAGE SCARE.

A German Sentenced.

LEIPZIG, JAN. 21.

Holst, a German, has been sentenced to four years' penal servitude for attempting to deliver the plans of the defences of Kiel to Russia, France and Great Britain.

JAPAN'S CHIEF OF GENERAL STAFF.

Successor of Count Oku.

TOKIO, JAN. 21.

General Count Oku has resigned the position of the Chief of General Staff and will be succeeded by General Viscount Hasegawa.

P.O. STEAMER IN COLLISION.

MARSEILLES, JAN. 21.

The mail boat "Salta" yesterday collided in the dock with the P. and O. steamer, "Palawan." The "Salta" was seriously holed forward while the "Palawan," was only slightly damaged and will proceed to London to-day.

THE OPIUM CONFERENCE.

THE HAGUE, JAN. 21.

The Opium Conference has practically concluded its labours. It has passed the Convention in its entirety. The Convention will be signed in its final form on the 23rd instant.

It is announced that the Conference has attained the object for which it was summoned.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Proposed Formation of Female Branch.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 20.

The *Times* has been publishing a number of letters recently on the need for extending the service of medical women in India, and rendering the provision of medical attendance more suitable for strict purdah women.

An article, to-day, says that the present provision is totally inadequate and the magnitude of the requirements can only be met by a system organised under Government control with pay and pensions, and an official status such as to attract competent practitioners, in fact the establishment of a female side of the Indian Medical Service, to be gradually diffused throughout the country. An essential part of the scheme would be the education of Indian women to conduct so-called general practice.

The article declares that it ought not to be difficult to formulate a scheme on these lines, which would arrest the mortality among females, which is a reproach to a civilised Government, and a source of national weakness. The scheme would be welcomed by the Indian population as tangible evidence of the good will of its rulers. The expense would be insignificant compared with the benefits, which would accrue, while the scheme would eventually be to a large extent self-supporting; the initiative of the Government, however, is essential.

The *Times* says there is a great opportunity for connecting the name and visit of the Queen-Empress with a reform reaching every home in the dependency, unshadowed by any probability of co-existing evils.

BRITISH AND GERMAN SHIPPING.

Friction still Existing.

LONDON, JAN. 20.

The friction between German and British shipping lines is not allayed. The Germans announce that a settlement had almost been reached, when fresh trouble arose over an arbitration case. They talk gloomily of the situation, and of the possibility of rate-cutting.

On the contrary, a representative of the British lines informed Reuter's representative that they were not pessimistic. It was their desire to work in harmony with the Germans. He emphasised the point that the new management of the Union-Castle line was not concerned with the trouble, and indeed did not assume management until after April.

THE AUSTRIAN PREMIER.

Rumours of Impending Resignation.

VIENNA, JAN. 20.

Count von Aehrenthal, the Austrian Premier, is reported to be critically ill.

The Press has recently made violent attacks on Count von Aehrenthal in connection with his over-friendly attitude towards Italy, and there have been rumours of his resignation.

FAMINE IN CHINA.

NEW YORK, JAN. 20.

The Board of Foreign Missions has received a telegram from Shanghai, declaring that two and a half million people are famine-stricken, and that relief is urgently needed. The telegram appeals for at least a million dollars.

EXTRADITION IN AFRICA.

BERLIN, JAN. 20.

Ratifications have been exchanged of an Anglo-German Treaty concerning the extradition of criminals between Germany and a number of British protectorates in Africa. The Treaty will come into force on March 3rd.

CRICKET IN AUSTRALIA.

LONDON, JAN. 20.

The weather was perfect for the resumption of the match between the M.C.C. and Ballarat. There was a moderate attendance and the wicket was in good condition.

Ballarat completed their first innings for 318 runs. The M. C. C. then went in and made 349 runs for two wickets. Kinneir, in a sound, all-round game, scored 114, and Vine, who played free, stylish, cricket, 112. The match was drawn.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

England's Win over Wales.

LONDON, JAN. 20.

At Twickenham, to-day, England defeated Wales by eight points to nil in the annual Rugby match.

In the match between Scotland and France at Edinburgh, the former team won by 31 points to three.

SIR STANLEY ISMAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, JAN. 20.

Sir Stanley Ismay, Chief Judge of the Mysore Chief Court and Lady Ismay were guests at a large function held in the Cubbon Park this evening at the instance of the Mysore Bar to congratulate the Chief Judge, on the K. C. S. I conferred upon him at Delhi. Practically the whole of the Bench and Bar were present. Mr L. Srinivas Iyengar, leader of the City Bar, read an address full of appreciation that the Supreme Tribunal of the Mysore State should be so honoured by the King-Emperor. Dewan Bahadur Puttanna Chetty, in a short speech gratefully alluded to the large number of honours showered on the Mysore State.

Sir Stanley replied briefly expressing gratification at the entertainment and goodwill of the Bar.

RANGOON TRAMWAY STRIKE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JAN. 20.

Some forty out of the one hundred and twenty conductors of the Rangoon Electric Tramway Company, who went on strike on Thursday, returned to-day to resume work and were re-engaged.

THE KING'S VISIT AND MADRAS.

His Majesty's Gracious Message.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JAN. 21.

The following Government Order has been issued:—"In continuation of Government Order No. 14, Public Department, dated 6th January, 1912, the President of the Corporation of Madras is informed that the address presented by the Madras Corporation has been duly laid before Their Majesties. His Majesty has been pleased to command that the Commissioners of the Corporation may be informed how deeply the loyal sentiments which have prompted the presentation of this address are appreciated and that an expression of cordial thanks in his own behalf and that of Queen-Empress may be conveyed to them for their prayers and good wishes.

"Their Majesties are glad to have this opportunity of expressing their deep regret that time would not allow them to pay a visit to Madras in the course of their tour in India and of assuring the Corporation that they will ever take a warm interest in the welfare and prosperity of the ancient city."

POONA DIVISION COMMAND.

Major-General Alderson's Farewell Order.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JAN. 21.

The following special Divisional Order has been issued to-day by Major General E. A. H. Alderson, C. B.:—"In completing my period of command of the Division which I do to-day, with great regret I wish to thank all ranks from the bottom of my heart for their invariably ready and cheerful help and co-operation in travelling the road towards efficiency. In a word I wish most heartily to thank all for having always 'rowed in the same boat" with me towards what should be the aim in the training of every unit from the company to the army that is 'to create a weapon forged to concerted action.' I much regret that owing to lack of funds I have only once in my period of command been able to concentrate the Division and work it as awhole and thus see the results of all the good and careful training which I know is carried out in squadrons, regiments, battalions and brigades. On the occasion in which the Division did work as a whole and under conditions as near to active service as possible it fully proved the truth of the motto I chose for it in Christmas 1908 and which I hope it will bear in mind under my successor. *Consentientes vi trahunt victoriam.* (Those in agreement seize victory by force.) In completing my tenure of command I most sincerely wish all ranks of the Division all that is good in 1912 and always."

IRRIGATION IN THE UNITED PROVINCES

Triennial Report.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD JAN. 21.

The U. P. official Resolution on the Irrigation Triennial Revenue Report shows that during the past triennium the total capital expenditure on protective, productive and minor works amounted to nearly seventy lakhs of rupees. Surveys and detailed estimate amounting to nearly seven crores of rupees were under preparation for the proposed Sardax-Ganges feeder canal. The total length of channels at the close of the triennium was fifteen thousand miles. The net profit to Government was over one hundred and twenty-four and a half lakhs. The area irrigated during the triennium was over seven and a half million acres.

BATHING FESTIVAL AT ALLAHABAD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 20.

At yesterday's bathing festival at the junction of the two rivers, it is estimated that there were about two million people present. The attraction of the scene was largely in the processions of various sects of sadhus. There was a dispute over the constitution of one procession which was fortunately dealt with. Other processions were very picturesque. The Chota Panchayatis carried flags of velvet and golden embroidery, and silver or golden poles, and many of them cost Rs. 1,000 each. The police and sanitary arrangements were satisfactory, large extra staffs having been engaged to cope with the crowds.

The Magh Mela was at its height yesterday, being Ardha Kumbha Amavasya. All the banks and public offices were closed. Immense crowds visited the junction of the sacred rivers from early morning till late in the evening.

A DOCK COOLIE'S DEATH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 20.

The Second Presidency Magistrate to-day disposed of the case in which three Eurasians, William, Lobo and Antony were charged with striking a cooly with clenched fists and kicks at Kidderpore Coal docks, and thereby rupturing his spleen which resulted in his death. The Magistrate found the first accused guilty of causing grievous hurt and sentenced him to six months' rigorous imprisonment, and fined him Rs. 100. The second and the third accused were convicted of assault, and fined Rs. 30 and Rs. 20 respectively.

THE TROOPING SEASON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JAN. 20.

R. I. M. S. "Hardinge" arrived here from Bombay to-day and will sail for Hong Kong, on Monday with the 25th Punjabis.

RANGOON, JAN. 21.

News has been received at the Rangoon Brigade Office that the Royal Munster Fusiliers who are to relieve the Borderers may not arrive in Rangoon on February 6, owing to the fact that R I. M. S. "Hardinge" on which they were to come is being utilised for the transport of troops in conjunction with R. I. M. S. "Dufferin" to the China stations.

MOTORS IN AFGHANISTAN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 20.

The *Pioneer's* Peshawar correspondent reports that the motor-cars, ordered by the Amir for the new road service between Kabul and the Khyber, are being sent up weekly.

THE ABOR EXPEDITION.

Another Exploration Mission.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JAN. 20.

The General Officer commanding the Abor Expedition telegraphs from Yambung on January 19th that the weather was cloudy and misty, and no signalling communication with the Dihong exploration party was possible.

YAMBUNG, JAN. 20.

A mission under the command of Col. MacIntyre with Major Pindsay as Intelligence Officer and Capt. Macdonald in medical charge leaves Janadmukh to-day. The escort of 70 Rifles is commanded by Major Sweet, and consists of the 2nd Gurkhas, 32nd Pioneers and Military Police, while Lieut. Oakes is in charge of a survey party. The object of the Mission is to visit the country of the Aieng Abors and the Padam Abors, to cultivate friendly relations with them and to carry on the work of exploration after crossing the Dihong. Their path lies partly along the route traversed by the expedition against the tribesmen in 1894 which, it will be remembered, failed through the lack of transport to reach Damroh. Its secondary objective, though adequate punishment was meted out to other villages, implicated in the murder of some police sepoys. The rations for the column have been left at Bordak under a guard, which was overwhelmed by professedly friendly Abors who had been sent by the Political Officer to bring supplies. As a result of this punitive expedition, however, and of a blockade imposed against the tribe until 1900 the Pakam Abors have given no further trouble. So their "Rosa" or subsidy was discontinued. They have entirely dissociated themselves from the murders of Mr. Williamson's party, and when the British force arrived at Renging, they came in as I have previously chronicled, to assert their innocence. From all accounts they are a finer and taller race than the Minyong Abors. The heavy fogs in the Dihong forge, which are a feature at this time of the year, are greatly interfering with the signalling operations between the different columns now on exploration work.

YAMBUNG, JAN. 21.

A short account of the people, in which country we are living now, may interest your readers. Of the Tibet-Burman origin the Abors speak a language which is allied to that of the Tibetans, while their arts, such as they are, probably come from Tibet. Their religion is animistic, an adjective so often loosely applied to that of the Abergines, but which in the case of the Abors apparently comprise a belief in a future state, the worship of Central Sylvvan deities and their propitiation, the use of charms and omens and a noted aversion to work. The Deity Piang is the God of War and the Chase and is believed to favour attacks on defenceless neighbours, and ruthless destruction of game. In persuance of a policy to propitiate him men and women are killed or taken as slaves Big game is hunted; birds, squirrels and fishes are trapped. The elemental belief in man as the hunter and consequently the more fitted to become the protector still holds. So the women and slaves toil unceasingly at the crops as hewers of wood and drawers of water and 'My Lord,' bow in hand and with quiver on his shoulder, stalks oft on the war path. The "juju" and "fetish" of Africa and the "toten" of the Red Indians all have their counterpart amongst the Abors.

But these past masters in wood graft grow cotton, tabacco and opium and cultivate bamboo, plantain, jack trees and lemons. Their womenfolk are attired in coloured cloths of their own weaving The walls of their dwelling houses are boarded, while the men wear warm fleecy cotton coats of their own making. Like most Aboriginies they brew and drink an uulimited amount of liquor. In their features one can sometimes trace a resemblance to the Tibetans. They appear intelligent. They have proved themselves treacherous in the past, and friendly or otherwise, they should not be thoroughly trusted. A comparison of the Abor with the Naga is certainly not favourable. The former the Naga, has proved himself in our past war with him the better warrior and if expression is any index of character, his face certainly bears a stronger stamp of honesty, than that of the Abor whose crafty looks are suggestive of the cunning of the Celestial. Writing with a wide experience of the primitive African I have no hesitation in classing the Abor as a most unattractive savage.

A cairn with an engraved stone inserted was to-day erected near the spot where Dr. Gregorson and his party were murdered on the banks of the Dihong. The river flood had evidently carried away all signs of the tragedy with the exception of a frayed tent rope. The cairn is above the high flood level.

PRINCE ALEXANDER AT LUCKNOW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, JAN. 20.

His Serene Highness and Her Royal Highness the Prince and Princess Alexander of Teck, who are visiting Lucknow, as guests of the Lieutenant-Governor, were entertained by the Talukdars of Oudh last night. His Highness thanked the Talukdars for their hearty welcome He said he knew what a warm place the people of India occupied in the hearts of Their Majesties. Before leaving India, he had a telegram from them, saying "We leave dear India with deep regret."

Sir John Hewett then presented the Maharajah of Balarampore, with a sword of honour in recognition of his services to the country and Government.

The entertainment closed with a display of fireworks.

Their Highnesses leave Lucknow to-day.

THE NEW DELHI.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JAN. 20.

The *Civil and Military Gazette* understands that most of the Ruling Chiefs of Northern India have intimated to the Government of India their desire to have sites for houses allotted to them in the new city of Delhi.

The *Pioneer* understands that the ground in the neighbourhood of Delhi will be carefully examined, in case it is decided to locate more troops there consequent upon the change of capital.

FAMINE RELIEF IN CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 20.

An official statement has been issued, which shows that during the week ending the 6th of January, the number of persons on gratuitous and special relief in the Panch Mahals as 65,765, and in Kathiawar 2,937. The number of persons on test works was as follows:—Kaira, 333; Kathiawar, 1,592; Rewa Kantha, 2,542; and Palanpur, 223.

BENGAL TERRITORIAL CHANGES.

New Governor Selected.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 21.

The names of officers who have been appointed to the Chief Commissionership of Assam and the Governorship of Bengal have not yet been published officially, but Sir Archibald Earle, who has done so well as Home Secretary, is freely mentioned for the former and an announcement may be expected to-night regarding the latter.

LATER.

The following Press Communique has been issued to-night:—

It is His Majesty's gracious intention after the completion of the necessary preliminaries to appoint Sir Thomas Gibson Carmichael, Bart., G. C. I. E., K. C. M. G., Governor of Madras, to be the Governor of the Presidency of Bengal.

QUARREL IN A STOKEHOLD.

Fireman Charged with Murder.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 20.

The trial is proceeding before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, of the case, in which Shaik Selimulla, a fireman aboard the "Clan Lamont" is charged with murdering William MacRae, Second Engineer of that vessel by striking him on the forehead with a shovel.

The statement made by Captain Turton, master of the ship, yesterday, was that on the outward voyage when in the Red Sea on the 16th ult. he was informed that the deceased had been injured and he saw him lying on the deck bleeding profusely from a deep wound over the right eye. He stitched and dressed the wound to the best of his ability. The deceased could speak, but not intelligently. He was also vomiting blood. He was placed on a bed, and a European officer was directed to watch over him. On the following day the deceased died. The body was examined by Dr. Spence, Port Health Officer, Perim, who granted a certificate of death. He (witness) then examined the witnesses separately. A magistrate came on board, and recorded evidence in presence of the accused. As soon as the deceased died, accused was placed in irons under his (witness's) orders. When brought out for exercise the accused was placed in irons, which were removed when he was locked in the cabin. He (witness) was informed that the deceased had been assaulted with a shovel in the stokehold, but he was not told any reasons for the assault.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day concluded the enquiry into the case in which Selimulla, a fireman of s. s "Clan Lamont" was prosecuted for having caused the death of McRae, Second Engineer of the same steamer, on the high seas near the Island of Perim on the 16th of December last. The Magistrate framed a charge under Section 302 of the Indian Penal Code, of wilful murder, and committed him to the High Court Sessions.

THE DEHRA DUN TRAGEDY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DEHRA DUN, JAN. 20.

Mr. G. M. Harper, I. C. S., charged Miss Eva Mount Stephen, under Section 502 of the Indian Penal Code, with the murder of Miss Francis Mary Garnett Orme, and also under Section 3 of 109 with abetting the murder of the above, and directed her to be tried by the High Court.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 20.

On return from leave the following Royal Engineer Officers are posted to Military Works as stated:—Captain Mainprise to the Lucknow Division, Major Meyer to the Poona Division, and Major Tomlin-Money Shewan to Ferozepore.

Colonel MacIntyre, Assistant Adjutant General, Army Head-quarters will succeed Major General Tulloch in the command of the Jhelum Brigade in April next

Colonel Dobbie, Assistant Quarter-Master General, Meerut, will succeed Major General Mastings at Mandalay on 11th April.

Brigadier General Wapshare, Commandant of the Cavalry School, Saugor, will succeed Brigadier General Peyton in command of the Meerut Cavalry Brigade.

SOUTHERN ARMY ORDERS.

The following orders were issued by General Sir Edmund Barrow, G. C. B., A. D. C. Gen. Commanding the Southern Army from Head-Quarters at Ootacamund, on January 16:—

38th King George's Own Central India Horse.—Major H. K. Barr, Squadron Officer, to be Squadron Commander and to remain seconded, and Captain R. C. Goodfellow, Squadron Officer, to be Squadron Commander pro tem; vice Major Sir T. S. Tancred, Bart., retired.

7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.—Captain C.A.G.P. Meadows, Double Company Officer, to be Double Commander pro tem, vice Major E. F. Hood seconded.

97th Deccan Infantry.—Major W. E. E. Lloyd, Double Company Commander, to officiate as 2nd-in-Command, vice Major E.J.M. Wood seconded.

Captain V. G. Menzies, Double Company Officer, to be Double Company Commander pro tem, in an existing vacancy, and to remain seconded, and Captain W. C. Kirkwood, Double Company Officer, to be Double Company Commander pro tem, vice Captain V. G. Menzies.

102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.—Major F. G. Pierce, 2nd-in-Command, to officiate as Commandant, and Captain J. P. May, Double Company Commander pro tem, to officiate as 2nd-in-Command in addition to his own duties; vice Lieut-Colonel S M. Edwardes, D.S.O., granted leave or until further orders.

108th Infantry.—Captain A. R. L. Mason, Double Company Officer, to be Double Company Commander pro tem, Captain H. F. Strong seconded.

127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.—Captain W. O. Grant, Double Company Officer, to be Double Company Commander and to remain seconded; Captains W. L. Maxwell, and A. B. Merriman. Double Company Officers, to be Double Company Commanders pro tem and to remain seconded; Captain J. H. McCudden, Double Company Officer, to be Double Company Commander pro tem; vice Major P. H. Dyke transferred to the 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles).

The Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab has confirmed the Punjab Government notification declaring the building known as the mosque of Shaikh Tyyib, at Kaithal, Karnal District, to be a protected monument within the meaning of the Act.

LATEST FROM HOME

SUMMARY OF THE WEEK.

London, Jan. 5.

The list of New Year Honours includes three peers, ten baronets, and 34 knights.

A British Medical Association Reform Committee is being formed with the object of "remedying the failure of the present Council of the British Medical Association" to obtain the doctors' demands.

The Ulster Unionist Council on Wednesday, passed a resolution repeating the resolve of the Ulster Convention in 1892, to repudiate the authority of the Irish Parliament should it ever be constituted.

Archbishop Walsh has sent to the Irish Nationalist papers a long letter explaining the recent Papal "Motu Proprio."

A serious military riot has occurred at the Mounted Infantry Camp, Longmoor, near Petersfield.

The transfer of the National Telephone Company's undertaking to the Post Office took effect on Monday.

The Receiver of the Thames Ironworks has offered to become an Admiralty contractor to build two cruisers. The Admiralty state that the acceptance of the tender would mean a loss of over £50,000.

Sir George Askwith is holding a series of conferences with representatives of the employers and the men concerned in the cotton dispute.

The battleship Orion was commissioned on Tuesday, exactly two years from the laying down of the keel.

General Sir Robert Baden-Powell stated on Wednesday from Southampton on a would tour on behalf of the Boy Scout movement.

Lord Cromer will preside at a meeting in opposition to Woman Suffrage to be held at the Albert Hall on February 28. Mr. Bonar Law's forthcoming meeting at the same place is exciting much interest.

It is reported that Judge Lloyd Morgan, K. C., has resigned the Recordership of Swansea.

Flights were made at Farnborough on Monday, with a new and perfectly silent aeroplane which has been constructed by the Aircraft Factory.

Labour disputes involving Newport dockers, Liverpool carters, and Llanelly tramway-workers have been settled.

Mr. Lloyd George, in a speech at Cardiff, on Friday, dealt with the function of the Church in connexion with the problem of poverty. Among the deaths recorded during the week were those of Sir Francis Campbell, Principal Oswald Dykes, the Dowager Lady Macclesfield, Colonel Harrington Stuart, Mr. J. W. Sherer, C. S. I. Mr. Jeremiah Jordon, and Dr. J. F. Sutherland.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

One satisfactory effect of the preliminary Session of the Delegations, which met last week, has been to secure for the pacific policy followed by Count Aehrenthal in conformity with the wishes of the Emperor Francis Joseph approval and support more general and emphatic than could have been anticipated. The "war party" has suffered a moral defeat, and is seen to possess little articulate Parliamentary backing.

FRANCE.

The New Year's honours list includes the names of Generals Robert, Goiran, and Dubail, and of Vice-Admiral Bellue, who have been created Grand Officers of the Legion of Honour. Several senior officers of the Army Aeronautic Corps receive promotion, and among those who are decorated with the Legion of Honour are Captains Eshenan and Delasaux and Lieutenants Vence, Maillet, and de Malherbe on the active list and the airmen MM. Sommer, Aubrun, Renaux, and Godard of the Reserve. Memories of the Fez expedition are recalled by the promotion of El M'Rani chief of the Shawia "naraa" and other Moroccan notables to the rank of Officer in the Legion of Honour. Many other honours are gazetted in connexion with the Moroccan campaign.

During the course of a not uneventful year, the Chamber has adopted the new Franco-German Treaty with regard to Morocco and the Congo, the new Franco-Japanese Commercial Treaty, the Messageries Maritimes Subsidy Bill, and bills for prolonging the Charter Bank of France and the Bank of Algeria. The Workmen's Pensions Law of 1910 has been amended by reducing the pension age and by increasing the State grant. Electoral reform proposals have not got beyond the pious resolution stage.

Many careful observers are persuaded that unless far-reaching measures, electoral reform, the Income Tax Bill, and a comprehensive scheme of national insurance, are adopted by Parliament, the present Parliamentary majority will continue to sink deeper into that legislative inertia into which it has fallen ever since it achieved the separation of Church and State. With nothing left to fight for, the majority of parties are engaged in aimless endeavours on the one hand to steal a march on the Socialists, and on the other, to prevent the emergence of a statesman strong enough in the support of the moderate parties to defy the extremists.

The Seine continues to rise, and at Nogent has reached an exceptionally high level. The Aisne and the Oise are still rising, but their water flow into the Seine below Paris and the prospect for Paris is not alarming. The roads which join Chauny to Blerancourt have been made impassable by the floods. The Saone and the Rhone are still rising, and in the Meuse Valley the inhabitants of Mezieres are alarmed at the increasing volume of the river.

GERMANY.

A tabular statement has been published of the Prussian Estimates for the next financial year. Revenue and expenditure are made to balance with a total of £315,062,112, which is £10,750,375 more than a year ago. The deficit to be covered by loan is £950,000, as compared with £1,495,000 in 1911. The revenue from direct taxation is estimated at about £930,000 more than a year ago. Over and above the estimates it is intended to raise by loan for the service of the existing railways about £9,500,000.

New Year's Eve and New Year's Day have been observed in Berlin with the customary hilarity and loyalty to tradition. Until the early hours of New Year's morning, every restaurant was thronged and the principal streets were filled with boisterous crowds. The Emperor William attended Divine Service, and afterwards held the usual Congratulation Court in the White Hall of the Castle, where he received the Ambassadors and the representatives of the foreign and German States, the Imperial Chancellor, and the high military and civil officials.

GREECE.

M. Venezelos, the Premier, has given certain details to the Chamber of the proposed reorganization of the army. The number will be increased to 3,000 men, while certain non-effective units will be suppressed—such as those companies consisting of 50 men, and those squadrons and batteries unprovided with horses. The others will be increased and fully equipped, and to this end a thousand horses will be purchased during the present year. The number of superior officers will be increased and the number of those below the rank of captain will be reduced. In the event of mobilization these places will be filled by the inclusion of officers of the Reserve. The commissariat will be improved and economies will be effected.

LIBERIA.

President Daniel Howard was duly inaugurated on January 1 as President of the Republic of Liberia succeeding President Barclay, who for eight years administered the affairs of the country. The President, in his address, made special reference to the present political situation of Liberia and the Great Powers, and was happy to say that the uncertainty of the past had given way to a condition of positive assurance that Liberia integrity would remain intact. He expressed satisfaction that the protracted negotiation in connexion with the finance of the county had been brought to a conclusion owing to the sympathetic interest displayed by the United States, Great Britain, and the other prominent Powers.

UNITED STATES.

An important change in the United States judicial system came into effect on January 1, as a result of the Act passed last Session to abolish the United States Circuit Courts. When Circuit Courts were created in 1798, their chief function was to hear appeals from the decisions of District Courts. In 1891, a law was enacted to create Circuit Courts of Appeals with final jurisdiction in a large number of cases. Circuit Courts were thus rendered practically superfluous. The Circuit Courts of Appeal remain under he new arrangement, which is a good example of the kind of quiet but effective work, for which this Administration has been responsible. Mr. T ft has often inveighed against the law's delays, and this reform is expected to do something to accelerate and simplify the administration of justice.

Governor Dix has requested the immediate resignation of Dr. Doty, as Health Officer of the Port of New York, a position which he has held continuously since January, 1895. In a letter to Dr. Doty, the Governor supports all the charges made by Mr. Charles Bulger, whom Mr. Dix appointed to investigate the business and affairs of the office. Mr. Bulger declared that the history of business administration of the State's quarantine "is replete with evidence of gross incompetency and inexcusable negligence," and recommended Dr. Doty's removal. The Governor's letter reviews Mr. Bulger's report, and ends with a bitter denunciation of Dr. Doty's administration, which Mr. Dix openly charges with dishonesty, depravity, and immorality. Dr. Doty and his counsel are astounded at the Governor's communication, and it is intimated that Dr. Doty may refuse to resign.

In his annual report Mr. Nagel, the secretary of Commerce and Labour, recommends the introduction of Federal legislation admitting foreign built ocean steamships to the American registry on condition that such vessels engage solely in foreign trade. His object, as stated, is the building up of a merchant marine, which, he says, is an essential factor in the development of foreign trade.

President Taft has decided to refer to the Courts the wood pulp and paper controversy, which involves the free entry into the country of those articles if coming from nations having most-favoured-nation Treaties with the United States. The protests of the importers will be presented to the Board of General Appraisers for New York, and will then be sent to the United States Court of Customs Appeals.

AFFAIRS IN PERSIA.

More Reassuring Reports.

The situation at Tabriz no longer justifies any anxiety, says the "Times" of Dec. 29. It appears that the outbreak of the Fedais nearly resulted in the total destruction of the Russian force.

Teheran, Dec. 29 "(Times)".—The Sowars are still at Kazerun, and a further attack is anticipated when they move. The mystery of how a large escort, whose duty was to escort Mr. Smart, got separated from him is still unexplained.

Teheran, Dec. 29 (Reuter).—It is stated at the British Legation here that the British Acting Vice-Consul at Shiraz informed the local authorities of his intention before sending out the Sowars to meet Mr. Smart. Mr. Smart has not yet reached Kazerun. It is believed that the Russian Government does not intend to demand an indemnity from the Persian Government for the disorders at Tabriz, but that it will impose certain conditions on Tabriz itself.

Bushire, Dec. 31.—His Majesty's cruiser "Fox" arrived here yesterday, and landed 169 men of the Carnatic Inf. against possible contingencies. The aggregate casualties in the two successive attacks on Mr. Smart's escorts were six killed and eleven wounded.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 1 ("Times").—The latest reports from Northern Persia tend to allay anxiety regarding further outbreaks. The Russian troops, which do not exceed 9,000 are distributed under four separate commands, 4,000 being at Kazvin, Resht, and Enzeli, 3,500 at Tabriz and Ardebil, 900 at Khoi, and 400 at Meshed. In spite of contrary rumours, there is no intention of increasing the number, which is considered sufficient to keep the lawless elements in check, but is certainly incommensurate with the plans of conquest or annexation persistently attributed to Russia. Much indignation is felt here at the calumnious charges circulated from Teheran regarding the behaviour of the Russian troops. The mere fact that such stories could receive the slightest credence in Europe argues the necessity of a better acquaintance with Russian.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 1 (Reuter).—The following telegram has been received by the "Novoe Vremya" from Kermanshah:—"The followers of Salar-ed-Dowleh, brother of the ex-Shah, have defeated the supporters of the Government, and Azam-ed-Dowleh the Commander of the Government troops, has taken refuge at the British Consulate."

Teheran, Jan. 2.—It is reported that the Russians executed the Sikat-ul-Islam, the greatest ecclesiastic in Azerbaijan, yesterday at Tabriz, with seven others, the day being the 10th of Moharrem, the Shi-ite mourning. Two regiments are being withdrawn from Kazvin to Resht in small detachments.

Capt. Douglas and Capt. Birdwood have effected a junction at Kotal-i-Dukhtar, and the whole column is now proceeding to Shiraz. No further landing appears to be contemplated at Bushire; the first official reports from the south appear to have been somewhat unnecessarily alarmist.

Reuter's Agency understands that the Persian Government has expressed to Great Britain its regret for the attack on Mr. Smart, and has declared that every possible step will be taken to prevent a recurrence of disorder. The British Government received news on Dec. 29, of the receipt by the Acting Consul at Shiraz of a letter from Mr. Smart stating that the latter was still at Mahomet Ali Kashguli's house wounded in the thigh, but that he was proceeding at once to Kazerun.

Reuter's Agency understands that a telegram was received on Dec. 30, from Teheran, from Sir George Barclay stating that Mr. Smart, British Consul at Shiraz, safely reached Kszerun on Friday, and that his wound was apparently very slight.

On inquiry at the Foreign Office, we ("Times") learn that his Majesty's Consul at Tabriz reports that the stories of massacres by the Russian troops there are entirely without foundation. On the contrary, Persian women and children took refuge in the Russian camp, and were well treated.

Reuter's correspondent learns that the fourteen American officials serving under Mr. Shuster consider their contracts violated by Persia's acceptance of the first two clauses of the Russian ultimatum subjecting their appointments to the approval of Great Britain and Russia, and that they do not contemplate remaining under any chief other than an American.

The necessary financial arrangements for the preliminary work in connection with the Russian proposal to connect the railways of Russia and India by means of a line across Persia are on the point of completion. A meeting of the international financiers concerned will take place in Paris, within the next few days, when it is hoped that the basis of the terms for the formation of the Societe d'Etudes will be settled, the details with regard to the raising of the capital having been already practically arranged (Reuter's Agency learns) between British, French, and Russian banks.

This is the result of the efforts of the powerful Russian committee, formed in 1910, consisting of twenty members of the highest standing representing political, financial, and commercial interests. Latterly an important group of English supporters of the scheme has been formed in London, and with the assistance of that group it has been ascertained that the British Government is prepared to join with the Russian Government in forwarding the proposal with the Persian Government if satisfactory terms, route, &c. are agreed upon, and after further investigation, the scheme is held to be practicable.

MR. BOTTOMLEY'S AFFAIRS.

Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

At Bankruptcy-buildings on December 28 the statutory first meeting of creditors was held under the receiving order recently made against Mr. Horatio Bottomley, M. P.

Mr. Leadam Hough, Senior Official Receiver, who presided, said that no complete statement of affairs had yet been lodged; Mr. Bottomley had promised a complete statement in a few days. He laid before the meeting information as to the debtor's present occupation and earnings, his assets, and the extent of his liabilities. The debtor thought the value of his assets was between £46,000 and £47,000; the Official Receiver's view was that the value of the assets would be difficult to realize. The debtor's income as editor of "John Bull" was £3,000 a year, and his 10 per cent. share of the profits of that paper brought him about £4,000 a year more.

The debtor estimated his total indebtedness at £170,000, but the Official Receiver was of opinion that this was an underestimate, the creditors' claims amounting to £220,700. He added that Mr. Bottomley did not admit that he was insolvent, and had asked for an adjournment of the meeting for one month in order that he might have an opportunity of considering whether he could not put forward a proposal that would be satisfactory to all concerned. This the Official Receiver thought was reasonable.

Mr. Bottomley then addressed the meeting, and stated that he lodged a formal objection to the claims of three creditors, amounting to £70,000. He believed his scheme was a thoroughly practical one. The meeting was adjourned to January 29.

THE NEW YEAR HONOURS.

No By-Elections Involved.

The list of New Year's Honours conferred by the King was issued on Dec. 31. Twelve months ago not a single peerage was bestowed. This year there are three, but in no case is a by-election involved. The new Lords are the Governor of Madras (Sir Thomas Gibson Carmichael), another ex-member of Parliament, Sir Alfred Thomas, the late chairman of the Welsh Liberals, and Mr. Samuel Hope Morley.

Among the Privy Councillors, the most notable name is that of Mr. Robert Borden, the Prime Minister of Canada. Two members of the Government, Lord Lucas and Mr. George Lambert, and a distinguished Civil Servant, Sir Francis Hopwood, are included in the list. There is an addition also to the Irish Privy Council in the person of the Recorder of Dublin.

The list of baronets is largely made up of men well known in finance, commerce, and shipping. Mr. Lionel Philips is of the number, the only member of Parliament being Mr. Charles Nicholson, who sits for Doncaster. The honour of knighthood has been conferred on more than thirty gentlemen. Many are of eminence in the learned professions, and others owe the distinction to service in the Dominions on the Crown Colonies. Mr. Frederick Wedmore, the art critic, Mr. Rider Haggard, the novelist, and Mr. Valentine Chirol, a well-known writer on foreign and Indian affairs, are likewise among the new knights.

Peers.—His Majesty has been pleased to confer the dignity of Baron of the United Kingdom upon: Sir Thomas Gibson Carmichael Bart., K.C.M.G., and Sir Alfred Thomas S. Hope Morley, Esq.

Privy Councillors.—His Majesty has been pleased to direct that the following be sworn of his Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council:—Lord Lucas, Sir Francis John Stephens Hopwood, G.C.M.G., K. C. B., George Lambert, Esq., M. P. Charles P. Allen, Esq., M. P., Thomas R. Ferens, Esq., M. P., His Majesty has also been [pleased to direct that the Hon. Thomas L. O. Shaughnessy K. C., Recorder of Dublin, be sworn of his Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council in Ireland.

The King has been pleased to direct that the Honourable Robert Laird Borden, Prime Minister of Canada, be sworn of his Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

Baronets.—His Majesty has been pleased to confer baronetcies of the United Kingdom upon:—J. S. Barwick, Esq., Ralph Collingwood Foster, Esq., Michael Murphy, Esq., William Nelson, Esq., S. Neumann, Esq., Charles Nicholson, Esq., M. P., L. E. Ralli, Esq., and Thomas Skinner, Esq.,

His Majesty has also been pleased to confer baronetcies of the United Kingdom upon:—Lionel Phillips, Esq., member of the House of Assembly of the Union of South Africa; and George Albu, Esq., of Johannesburg.

Knights.—His Majesty has been further pleased to confer the honour of knighthood upon:—William Fletcher Barrett, Esq., F.R.S., Reuben Vincent Barrow, Esq. Joseph Beecham, Esq., Charles Behrens, Esq., John Hawtrey Benson, Esq., M.D., Thomas Henry Davereux Berridge, Esq., Valentine Chirol, Esq., Robert John Collie, Esq., M.D., C.M., James Mackenzie Davidson, Esq., M.B., C.M., Henry Rider Haggard, Esq., Thomas H. Hepburn Esq., Professor Henry Jones, LL.D., D. Litt., Samuel Robert Keighley, Esq., Alfred Bray Kempe, Esq., D.C.L., F. R. S., Henry Alexander Miers, Esq., D. Sc., F. R. S., Herbert J. F. Parsons, Esq., Sidney J. Pocock, Esq., Alexander Porter, Esq., Edward Pigott William Redford, Esq., C. B., George Henry Savage, Esq., M.D., F. R. C. P., Courtauld Thomson, Esq., Edward Burnett Tylor, Esq., D. C. L., F. R. S., William Wilkins Vincent, Esq., John Tudor Walters, Esq., M. P., Robert Walton, Esq., Frederick Wedmore, Esq., and Bertram Coghill Alan Windle, Esq., F. R. S.

His Majesty has been further pleased to approve of the honour of knight bachelor being conferred on the following gentlemen:—Anthony Michael Coll, Esq., the Chief Justice of Jamaica; the Hon. Charles Kinnaird Mackeller, member of the Legislative Council of New South Wales, president of the State Children's Relief Board; Edmund Boyd Osler, Esq., of Toronto, member of the House of Commons of Canada; Rodolphe Forget, Esq., of Montreal, member of the House of Commons of Canada; Charles Henry Goode, Esq., of Adelaide; William Duff Gibbon, Esq., of Ceylon; John Anderson, Esq., unofficial member of the Legislative Council, Straits Settlements, 1905 9.

ST. MICHAEL AND ST. GEORGE.

His Majesty has also been pleased to give directions for the following promotions in and appointments to the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George:—

Knight Grand Cross.—Sir George Ruthven Le Hunte, K. C. M. G., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of Trinidad and Tobago.

Knights Commanders.—Sir Edward Albert Stone, Knight, Lieutenant-Governor of Western Australia; His Honour Col. John Morison Gibson, K. C., LL. D., Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario; Joseph Pope, Esq., C. V. O., C. M. G., I. S. O., Under-Secretary of State for External Affairs, Canada; George Vandeleur Fiddes, Esq., C.B., C.M.G., Assistant Under-Secretary of State, Colonial Office; George Townsend Fenwick, Esq., C.M.G., unofficial member of the Legislative Council of Trinidad and Tobago; the Hon. Thomas Watt, C.M.G., member of the House of Assembly of the Union of South Africa; Rear-Admiral the Hon. Alexander Edward Bethell, C.M.G., Director of Naval Intelligence,

Honorary Knight Commander.—His Highness Suleman bin Almerum Raja Mussa, C.M.G., Sultan of Selangor.

Companions.—Thomas Cooper Boville, Esq., Deputy Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada; John Frank Brown, Esq., member of the Provincial Council and of the Executive Committee of the Transvaal Province, Union of South Africa; Horace Archer Byatt, Esq., Commissioner and Commander in-Chief for the Somaliland Protectorate; Douglas Graham Campbell, Esq., General Adviser to the Government of Johore; Harry John Charles Diddams, Esq., Mayor of Brisbane; William Francis Joseph Fitzpatrick, Esq., chairman of the Railway Commissioners for Victoria; the Hon. Alexander Hean, Minister of Lands and Works, Tasmania; Edbert Ansgar Hewett, Esq., unofficial member of the Executive and Legislative Councils of Hong Kong; Major Richard Abercrombie Irvine, Provincial Commissioner, Northern Territories of the Gold Coast; Thomas Orr, Esq., member of the House of Assembly of the Union of South Africa; Lieut.-Colonel David Prain, C.I.E., F.R.S., Director of the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew; Daniel Woodley Prowse, Esq., K.C., LL.D., author of "A History of Newfoundland"; Col. Alfred William Robin, C.B., adjutant-general to the New Zealand Military Forces; Tan Jiak Kim, Esq., unofficial member of the Legislative Council, Straits Settlements; Maurice Edward Wingfield, Esq., recently acting Colonial Secretary of the Gambia; Milne Cheetham, Esq., Councillor of Embassy in his Majesty's Diplomatic Service attached to his Majesty's Agency and Consulate-General at Cairo; James Frederick Roberts, Esq., his Majesty's Consul-General at Barcelona; Donald Andreas Cameron, Esq., his Majesty's Consul-General at Alexandria; Henry Fountain, Esq., Principal Clerk in the Board of Trade; and James McIver MacLeod, Esq., his Majesty's Consul at Fez.

Honorary Companion.—Salim bin Khalfan, Liwali of Mombasa.

ORDER OF THE BATH.

A supplement to the "London Gazette," issued last evening, contains the following:

The King has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following promotion in and appointments to the Most Honorable Order of the Bath:—

To be an Honorary Member of the Military Divison of the First Class or Knights Grand Cross of the said Most Honourable Order:—General Count Maresuke Nogi, Imperial Japanese Army.

To be an Ordinary Member of the Civil Division of the Second Class or Knights Commanders of the said Most Honourable Order:—Sir Charles Prestwood Lucas, K. C. M. G., C. B.

To be Ordinary Members of the Civil Division of the Third Class or Companions of the said Most Honourable Order:—Major John Grey Baldwin, Edmund Kerchever Chambers, Esq., Henry Ernest Fitzwilliam Comyn, Esq., Sir Malville Leslie Macnaghten, William Francis Marwood, Esq., Charles Henry Lawrence Neish, Esq., Arthur Newsholme, Esq., M. D., Andrew Muter John Ogilvie, Esq., James Duncan Stuart Sim, Esq., Alfred Walter Soward, Esq., William Gibbs Turpin, Esq., and Archibald Edwards Widdows, Esq.

ROYAL VICTORIAN ORDER.

The King has been graciously pleased to make the following promotions in and appointment to the Royal Victorian Order:—

To be Knights Commanders.—The Hon. Sidney Robert Greville C.V.O., C.B., the Hon. Arthur Henry John Walsh, C.V.O.

To be Member of the Fourth Class.—Bertram Mackennal, Esq., A.R.A.

HONOURS FOR JUDGES.

In a special supplement to the "Gazette" the King's approval is intimated to the use and recognition during the tenure of office of the title of Honourable by the Chief Justices and Judges of the High Court of Australia, the Supreme Courts of New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, West Australia, Tasmain, New Zealand, South Africa, and Newfoundland. A similar recogition will be given in the case of retired Chief Justices and Judges of these courts, and the following have received permission to bear the title after retirement:—Sir J. Prendergest, Sir M. H. Stephen, and Sir w. Owen.

THE GERMAN ELECTIONS.

Voters Warned of "The English Peril."

Berlin. Jan. 5

Frantic efforts have been made by the pan-German Conservative newspapers known as the "Armour-plate Press" to arouse the election sentiment for the Government parties by flaunting the "English peril."

They have taken their cue from Professor Delbruck's justification of the "Daily Mail" interview, and resurrected the Christmas number of the "Leipziger Illustrirte Zeitung," which Professor Delbruck cited as proof of England's plans for a "surprise attack" on Germany, during the Moroccan crisis. The "Zeitung" contains elaborate charts shewing the relative position and strength of the British and the German fleets on July 24, August 19 and September 18, at which dates (as Messrs. Krupp's "Berliner Neueste Nachrichten" explains) the British Battle Fleet was ready to attack the German coasts without a declaration of war. The "Neueste Nachrichten" and the "Taegliche Rundschau" state that the story unmistakably emanates from a "well-informed quarter."

The romance, which will hardly have escaped oblivion if Professor Delbruck had not called attention to it, will furnish thousands of campaign orators speaking on behalf of the Government parties with welcome material. These patriots have hitherto had to content themselves with more or less convincing generalities in reference to perfidious Albion's plot for the demolition of the German Empire. They are now armed with "facts" and "figures" and will be able to stride up and down the country for the next six days, proclaiming that the nation can no longer doubt the jurgent necessity of electing a "big army" and "big navy" Reichstag.

General von Liebert, one of the most distinguished of German fire-eaters, who is president of the Imperial League for Combating Social Democracy, in a front-page article in to-night's "Post" warmly espouses the recent suggestion of that journal that Germany should seize Portuguese Africa. General von Liebert, who is himself a candidate, is leading the Government's fight against the "Red Peril." He advocates the annihilation of the Socialist Party—among other reasons, in order that the Government should not be hampered in the realisation of the legitimate German colonial aspirations in Africa.

The last week of the campaign—the pollings are on Friday—opens with the Government parties in a state of uncertainty as to the lukewarmtastics of Herr von Bethmann-Hollweg. The longer the Chancellor's "Black and Blue" (Conservative and Clerical) supporters deliberate over his manifesto, the more disgusted they become with its utter lack of persuasiveness. It is agreed on all hands that no patriot who thought of voting "Red" will be terrified from carrying out that purpose by the Government's milk-and-water warning.

One of the most virile factors in the campaign is the great new business men's party called the "Hansa League." German merchants and manufacturers are participating in the Reichstag elections as a fighting political organisation for the first time. Their chief mission is to combat the powerful "Farmers' Alliance" which has ruled Imperial politics for generations. The Hansa League has induced many active business men to become candidates, and conduct a hand-to-hand struggle with their agrarian antagonists. The battle-cry of the league is that a nation whose population to the extent of 72 per cent. is associated with industry should not consent any longer to be dominated by an agricultural oligarchy, which speaks for a hopeless minority.

The "Black and Blue" parties are resorting to old-time tactics in the provincial constituencies—that is to say, the Conservatives are threatening rural shopkeepers and small tradesmen with a boycott if they support the Liberal, Radical or Socialist candidates; and the priests are assuring their Catholic parishioners from the pulpit that "Centre" candidates are the only ones for whom true believers can vote.

Sunday is not a day of rest in German elections, and the Sunday between now and polling day will be one of the busiest in the whole campaign. The Socialist organisation declares that it is making a winning fight, and that it awaits the result with militant confidence.

Persons who occasionally know the thoughts of Herr von Bethmann-Hollweg tell me to-night that the Government will not be surprised if there are 130 Socialists, out of the 397 members of the new Reichstag.

PARLIAMENTARY CRISIS IN TURKEY.

Resignation of the Cabinet.

Constantinople, Dec. 31.

The failure of the inter-party negotiations and the resignation of the Cabinet which followed it yesterday came as a surprise. This turn of events appears to be due in part to desertions from the Committee, and in part to a certain misunderstanding between the Grand Vizier and the Committee leaders. Said Pasha from the first resented the readiness of the Committee leaders to discuss alterations in the present Cabinet or the formation of a new Cabinet with representatives of the Opposition. He therefore, availed himself of the first good pretext offered to resign office. The lesson was not thrown away upon the Committee Party, which decided, at a meeting held last night, to press for his re-appointment to the Grand Vizierate and to render him unswerving obedience and support for the remainder of the Session.

Constantinople, Dec. 31.

The resignation of the Said Ministry was presented to the Sultan last night. His Majesty accepted it and again charged Said Pasha with the formation of a new Cabinet which, however, at the hour of telegraphing has not yet been constituted. Meanwhile, the late Cabinet is provisionally maintained in office. His Majesty to-day received a deputation of members of the Opposition and the President of the Chamber, both of whom furnished an account of the situation.

Sofia, Dec. 31.

The progress of the Parliamentary conflict in Constantinople is being watched here with the greatest interest. The impression prevails that the position of the Committee of Union and Progress has been seriously shaken, and that the eventual "denouement" may be a military dictatorship. The circumstance that the Albanian party has definitely abandoned the Committee is minous in view of the precarious situation in Albania and the growing discontent of the population. The further postponement of the consideration of the demands of the Albanian Deputies may bring about an Albanian crisis. Ismail Kemal Bey left here yesterday "en route" for Constantinople.

Constantinople, Jan. 3.

The Cabinet has been formed without Talaat Bey, who has declined office for the present. Memdah Bey, Minister of Justice, will act as Minister of the Interior. Emrullah Effendi takes the place of Abjerrahman Sherif as Minister of Education, Sinipian Effendi becomes Minister of Public Works, and Aristidi Pasha, Minister of Mines and Forests. There are no other changes.

SATISFACTION goes with each bottle of SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC, the most popular Fever Cure of the day. Nothing equals its efficacy as a cure for Malaria. It has an excellent tonic effect on the system and in no way it depresses the heart like other Fever Cures. A trial is sure to convince the most prejudiced. Of all chemists. —MADON, SONS & Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

ORIENTAL RESEARCH IN INDIA.

An Institute in Calcutta.

The creation of an Education Membership of the Council of the Governor-General is already bearing good fruit in the attention given to practical measures for the encouragement of Oriental studies in India, remarks the "Times." Within the first year of his appointment, Sir Harcourt Butler has presided over a conference of distinguished scholars from every part of India, to discuss developments in archeological investigation and museum work. This action on behalf of the Government of India calls for appreciation in circles much wider than those of professed Orientalists. As Dr. M. A. Stein, the distinguished explorer, pointed out to the Conference, Oriental studies, if fostered in India in the true historial spirit which has gained so prominent a place for Indian researches at the Universities of the leading European countries, are bound to provide a politically important link between the people of India and those British officials who take their share "in the administration of what, after all, in most matters of civilisation and intellectual development, is, as it were a world by itself." The study of the classical languages of the East in India to-day is carried on by two methods—the purely Oriental system, practised in Madrasahs and Tols, and the semi-Occidental method, practised in the high schools and Universities. There was much discussion at the Conference as to whether it was distrable that Pandits and Maulvis should give way to the new type of learning. The general consensus of opinion was that, whatever reforms may be introduced the ancient learning must be preserved; and not till it has been acquired should a broader basis of knowledge be afforded. English should be an entirely voluntary subject for Pandits and Maulvis. As to practical methods of encouraging the ancient learning, it was agreed that, in addition to the Government aid given at some of the large centres, encouragement should be given to the smaller indigenous institutions in the villages, which might serve as feeders to the central institutions. The suggestion that stipends should be granted by the State to the holders of the titles of Mahamahopadyaya and Shamsululama has been carried out with gratifying promptitude, for at the Delhi Durbar the Governor-General, on behalf of the King-Emperor, announced that on all holders present or to come of these venerable titles annual pensions are to be conferred "for the good report of the ancient learning of India."

Perhaps the most important question discussed at the Conference arose on a proposal submitted by Dr. Denison Ross for founding in Calcutta an Oriental Institute on the lines of the "Ecole d'Extreme Orient" at Hanoi and the Institute at Vladivostock. The sense of the great majority of the Conference was that a Central Institute is in itself very desirable but that "pari passu" local Oriental schools should be developed as far as possible, while the Institute should not be local or provincial, but imperial in the true sense of the word, and should keep in close and constant touch with the local institutions. It was pointed out that it would be most advantageous to the Education Department to have an independent body of scholars to whom it could refer questions, and on whom it could always rely for advice in "orientalia," while it would be of great assistance and prove a stimulus to all teachers in local institutions to have periodical conferences in Calcutta for the exchange of ideas. The Education Department is to frame a scheme and circulate it for discussion. It was recommended that a lump sum should be allotted to the new organisation for scholarships and that consequently the scholarships now annually awarded for Sanskrit and for Arabic—and tenable in Europe—should be discontinued it being understood that the Central Institute could, in any particular case, send an individual scholar to Europe with a suitable scholarship. The Conference was strongly of opinion that Oriental studies in the Universities deserved encouragement, and that they at present suffer from want of correlation in the courses prescribed for the Arts degree.

In respect to the organisation of archæological work, it was considered that excavation and research should be carried on more rapidly than hitherto, and that the reports of the archæological departments should have a wider circulation—not to every individual scholar, but so that they should be easily available in a larger number of institutions. Various methods of improving museum work were considered. Dr. Anandale, the superintendent of the Indian Museum at Calcutta, said that more co-operation with the British Museum was required. At present the British Museum, especially as regards entomology, took all and gave little. His view that at their own expense the British Museum authorities should send a man out to study at the Indian Museum received the endorsement of the Conference. As to the relation of museums to the educational system of the country, the sense of the meeting was that there should be greater co-operation between the education authorities and the local museums, and that the Director of Public Instruction in Bengal might suitably be a trustee.

NEW YEAR'S EVE IN LONDON.

A good-humoured, boisterous crowd gathered at St. Paul's at midnight of Dec. 31 to "see the new year in," as the phrase went. It would be more correct to state that the advent of 1912 was received with music, singing, and dancing—music of the bagpipes, among other instruments the singing of Scottish national airs, and the dancing of the Highland fling. As early as ten o'clock, people began to move towards St. Paul's, and at eleven o'clock the approaches to the west front of the Cathedral were congested. As in the last few years, the crowds were prevented from encroaching on the Cathedral by barriers, and towards midnight the police diverted all vehicular traffic. The mild weather no doubt helped to make this year's "celebration" the largest for at least ten years. At the first few strokes of twelve, there was comparative silence. This was followed by a joyous roar of welcome to the new year; friends and strangers alike joined hands and united in the chorus "Auld Lang Syne."

At the hotels the method of welcoming the New Year gave scope for a diversity of ideas. At the Savoy, where nearly 2,000 guests sat down to supper, all lights were turned out at midnight, and "1912" appeared in a mass of mellow light. Before this heralds announced the arrival of Miss Mavis Yorke, who, as "the Rainbow Fairy," gave with sixteen other maidens a delightful dance and afterwards distributed roses among the guests. At the Carlton, a platform was arranged in the restaurant, and on this rested a huge floral basket. As midnight struck the lights were lowered, and on the last stroke the basket opened, revealing a young lady (well known on the musical comedy stage), who started the singing of "For Auld Lang Syne." Only 600 guests were catered for, and this prevented overcrowding. At the Hotel, Cecil, there were over 500 guests. When the lights went up after midnight, they showed a row of waiters in black smocks bearing the silvered letters, "A Happy New Year to You All." The entrance of a Roman chariot escorted by six heralds, and driven by a fairy who distributed crackers, was one of the incidents. At the Waldorf Hotel, two heralds announced the coming year. Father Time then appeared wheeling a giant cracker, with a gnome in attendance. As midnight struck the lights went out, the cracker exploded, and out sprang a fairy, with an illuminated device bearing the figures 1912. At the Piccadilly Hotel, there was in each dining-room, a large floral heart composed of pink roses with trails of smilax. With the New Year Cupid appeared from the centre of the heart. At Prince's Restaurant a few moments before the end of the old year, Father Time appeared at one end of the room, pursued by two Bow Street Runners, who drove him through the restaurant and out of sight, and then the room become dark. When the lights were turned up, two Beefeaters carried in a small fairy as an emblem of the New Year. About 600 people were present. At the Hotel Metropole there were two tableaux. In the first Father Time was seen pondering over the events of the old year and awaiting the advent of the new. The curtain recording the passing hours rose at midnight, when the Old Year vanished from sight and the New Year arose. A representation of the four seasons was afterwards shown. Souvenirs were distributed among the guests at the various hotels. At the Savoy the ladies' souvenir was a handbag, a reproduction of one formerly in the possession of Mary Queen of Scots. Among the menu cards that provided by the Carlton Hotel represented 1912 in the person of Britannia appearing on the waves in a floral gondola, beckoned forward by Peace and Prosperity. She is saluted by the Empire, and the old year is seen disappearing beneath the waves in a submarine. All the cards at Prince's Restaurant were hand-painted with individual scenes. At most of the hotels dancing was the principal form of amusement after the advent of the New Year had been duly honoured.

THE CONGO COMPENSATION.

Disclosures in the Senate Committee.

Paris, Dec. 29.

The detailed reports of yesterday's investigation of the history of the Franco-German negotiations by the Senate produce a very painful impression on the public mind. The country wants to know who it is that was primarily responsible for the idea of compensation "elsewhere" which made the Kissingen interview of June 21, betwen Herr von Kinderlen-Waechter and M. Jules Cambon so momentous and entailed the mutilation of the French Congo. When Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter said to the French Ambassador: "If we only talk of Morocco, we shall not succeed; something else must be tried," M. Cambon replied, "Yes, let us seek elsewhere." (Oui, cherchons ailleurs.) The word "ailleurs" was a revelation to the Committee, and, although the word "Congo" did not occur in the evidence produced yesterday, a leading evening journal remarks:—"The public must be credited with an extraordinary degree of credulity if the endeavour is made to persuade it that the two diplomatist did not mention the Congo in the course of their conversations."

It is evident that M. Jules Cambon must have had instructions on the subject of the suggested compensations. The following extract from one of his despatches to M. Cruppi, then Foreign Minister was read:—

I took care to speak in my own name in order not to hamper the liberty of the Government, but at the same time I conformed to the instructions which you had suggested to me for sounding the German Government. I was careful to keep within the limits of these instructions, which were to serve as a basis for further conversations.

What were M. Cambon's precise instructions? A Senator pointedly asked this question yesterday. The Foreign Minister, M. de Selves, promptly replied that he had looked for them and could find no trace of them at the Foreign Office. M. Clemenceau thereupon observed ca

THE FUTURE OF CHINA.

Monarchy or Republic?

Peking, Dec. 28.

The misapprehension regarding the attitude of Japan in the event of China's deciding to adopt a Republican Government and the lesser misapprehension regarding the attitude of England in such circumstances having been removed, Yuan Shih-kai, with the unanimous consent of the Imperial Princes caused the issue of an Imperial Edict, expressing the willingness of the Throne to abide by the decision of a National Convention to be summoned for the purpose of determining China's future form of government.

The edict is issued in deference to a memorial from Tang Shao-yi, who cites Wu Ting-fang as asseverating the determination of the people for a Republican Government. It admits that the Throne's assent to the 19 articles of the Constitution, with the solemn declaration in the Hall of Ancestors to fulfil its promises, has failed to inspire confidence, and states that the question whether the Government shall be a Constitutional Monarchy or a Republic being one of vital moment which cannot be decided by one section of the people nor by the Throne alone, a National Convention is to be summoned to decide. Tang Shao-yi is to consult the Republican representatives and to agree to a method of selecting delegates and to a cessation of hostilities. The odium of continuing hostilities is thus thrown upon the revolutionaries.

I understand that the scheme proposed by Tang Shao-yi provides for three delegates from each of the 22 provinces to be elected by the Provincial Assemblies—the only machinery available—and to meet within three months. But the Revolutionary leaders will not consent to such a delay and will require, moreover, the nomination of those delegates who already sit in the Provisional Convention at Nanking as representatives of 14 provinces. A compromise may be arranged by obtaining for these delegates new mandates from the Provincial Assemblies; at present they are nominated only by the Revolutionary Military Governors.

While Yuan Shih-kai consistently maintains that a Monarchical Government is better adapted to the spirit of the Chinese people than a Republican, and consistently declares that he will not accept the Presidency even if it is formally offered by the National Convention, I have reason to believe that he would accept such a post if to the wishes of the Convention were added the wishes of the Manchus, whose dynasty he has served so faithfully.

APPROVAL OF THE BRITISH ATTITUDE.

During my recent visit to the Revolutionary centres in the Yang-tsze, I satisfied myself that in the provinces, as in Peking, our attitude during the serious crisis meets with general approval as being consistently impartial, assisting neither side, aiming only towards peace, and leaving China to determine for herself what Government she will adopt. Naturally our connexion with Japan, whose people with their extreme devotion to their Emperor, view with misgiving the possible establishment of the first Republic in Asia, might easily give rise to misunderstanding.

Peking, Dec. 31.

Both parties approve of the appointment of three representatives of each province, but, while the Republicans desire the recognition of the representatives already assembled at Nanking, who have elected Sun Yat Sen, Provisional President of the Republic, the Imperialists contend that they can, in no wise, be regarded as representative of the Empire. The Republicans insist that the Convention should meet on January 6, but the Imperialists maintain that no Convention at all quasi representative of the Empire could be elected so quickly, and that, unless the Convention is fairly representative, foreign Governments will assuredly delay giving recognition to its decision. The Imperialists believe that two months is the shortest time in which it is possible to elect and assemble the delegates of the 22 provinces, and deprecate precipitate action. The Republicans require that Shanghai shall be the meeting place; the Imperialists claim that it is impossible to obtain independence of voting in such a prejudiced atmosphere.

In spite of these differences, I can see no reason why assuming that both parties desire to stop civil war and remove great suffering, the differences should not be adjusted, especially as the Throne is prepared to abdicate should such be the expressed desire of a reasonably constituted representative Assembly.

DEFENCE OF INDIA.

In the course of a striking article in the "Army Review", which is published under the direction of the Chief of the Imperial General Staff, the problem of the defence of India is dealt with in startling fashion by an anonymous author, who declares that the conditions of defence have materially changed. He writes:—

"Europe has discovered that India is no longer in a sphere of its own, removed from the pathway of foreign expansion and economic interests. . . The problems of commercial rivalry, with or without the expansion of overflowing populations have brought India into the arena of world politics, which may cause its Government to become involved in disputes or entanglements with other Powers, or, as in the case of the colour question, with other portions of the empire."

He says that so far as Russia is concerned, the possible future danger lies in Southern Persia, and the magnetic attraction of the Persian Gulf, though actual military operations on this line would, no doubt, be accompanied by a threatened advance through Afghanistan, so as to contain any divisions in the North of India.

"The transfer of German army corps to the frontiers of India is not at present or in the immediate future of a matter of practical attainment, though, should need arise, the difficulties that stand in the way are not, perhaps, beyond the power of German ingenuity and perseverance to overcome in time. The Turkish army in Asia Minor and Mesopotamia reorganised and equipped with German help might, however, serve Germany's ends just as well as her own army and the Turkish army lies far closer to the point to be threatened.

"As in the case of Russia, so with Germany. Persia and its future railways attract our attention, give occasion for the greatest prescience on the part of our statesmen and seem likely to require the most sustained attention on the part of strategists."

But this is not the only potential peril. We have to turn our eyes beyond the Himalayas and look to China for another possible foe.

"We are at present confronted with a policy of deliberate extension of administrative control in a westerly direction, which may carry this advance, like a rising tide, into the furthest recesses of all territory over which Chinese ingenuity can suggest even the most shadowy claim to suzerainty. It is conceivable that this expansion will continue until it is arrested either by military force or by a line of boundary pillars, the passing of which would immediately bring a detachment of the Indian Army to the spot or a British squadron to the Gulf of Pechili.

"When it is remembered that Chinese pretensions include Nepal, Sikkim, Bhutan, Burma, and Siam, as having paid tribute to China, or as having in some way recognised her overlordship, it seems possible that something more than a diplomatic protest at Pekin may hereafter be required to stay the advance."

How is England, then, to defend her own against these dangers? By maintaining her command of the sea. That is the author's conclusion:—

"The welfare of the peoples of India is bound up with the maintenance of the Empire, and cannot prosper or be defended except with the support of an adequate navy co-operating with a sufficient army. If we lose command at sea, India will fall a victim partly to better-equipped nations on its frontiers and partly to the inroads of those to whom we resign sea power. The chief need is a reorganisation of Imperial resources and a comprehensive plan of co-operative defence which will include not only the Dominions but also India and the Crown Colonies."

GOLF IN INDIA.

Ladies' Championship.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 20.

The final in the Ladies' Golf Championship of India was played yesterday at Tollygung, the finalists being Mrs. Hannaford Wimbledon and Miss Bennings. There were originally sixteen entries. The final provided a capital game, and Mrs. Hannaford finally won by 2 up and one to play.

SPORTING NEWS.

BOMBAY RACES.

Sixth Extra Meeting.

A large crowd assembled at Mahalaxmi Race course on Saturday to enjoy the sport provided by a card of eight events. With the exception of one instance the fields were large and the outside events of the day, the January Plate, the Sandown Plate and the Dharni Road Plate provided the most interesting finishes. Elser's win against the "odds on" favourite, Lord Carlyon, was especially exciting and Templeman, the English jockey who was riding for the first time in Bombay, made the most of his light weight mount beating Brown's horse on the post by a head. Gallileo once again disappointed his supporters, and although Asqueduct had a following, Bright Metal and Bachelor's Knot were recipients of public support. Guinea Gold in the Charni Road Plate never justified his price in the ring and the victory went easily to Braganza against whom Sir Hugo, was the only horse at the finish. Jais and Mafush were both considered certainties before the race, but the former, in spite of his run away win the previous week, was almost beaten by Bustan, an outsider worthy of future consideration. It was only towards the close of the betting that the public backed Ream from "fives" down to "twos," and, although this pony on his previous running this season deserved fuller support from the punters, Jamal Beg was patronised in his stead and, starting as favourite, failed to place, Mr. Abdoola Mana's representative winning by a length and a half from Ferguson's mount, Galiard. Creditor with Earl up was not considered seriously as a dangerous entry in his division of the Church-gate Plate and Brown won easily on Yonng Thara, Baldwin justifying his strong support for a place. In the second division of the same race Electric, St. Anthony and Kimberley were all backed while place money was invested on Pendil. St. Anthony won by a comfortable margin Fade beating Pendil, who had made the running for second place. Hoyt, Brown and Evans each rode two winners, while the remaining events were won by Templeman and Archibald, an American jockey, respectively:—

The following are the results:—

NURSERY PLATE (Division I): Winner Rs. 500; second, Rs. 200; third, Rs. 100. For Arabs landed on or since the 1st of July, 1911. Distance—Five furlongs.

Messrs. Heath and Oomer's Mafush 7st. 12lbs. ..... A Hoyt 1
Mr. S. A. Rahman's Yungi Dunya 6st. 8lbs. (carried 6st. 12lbs.) Kamad 2
Mr. Beg's Berar 8st. 11lbs. ..... Evans 3

ALSO RAN:—Imperial Majesty 6st. 8lbs., Sinnusi 8st. 11lbs., Goorjee Beg 8st. 7lbs., Pritraj 8st. 2lbs., Abdul Karim 8st. 2lbs., Golden Ducat 8st. 2lbs., Raselmulook 8st. 2lbs., Haboob 8st. 2lbs. Ya Nasib 7st. 12lbs.

BETTING:—6 to 4 against Berar, 5 to 2 against Mafush, 4 to 1 Haboob, and Ya Nasib, 5 to 1 Prithraj, 7 to 1 Goorjie Beg and Yungi Dunya, longer odds the rest.

The Totalisator—Rs. 45 for win; Rs. 13, Rs. 16-8 and Rs. 13-8 for places.

THE RACE:—Goorjie Beg led from Yungi Dunya the latter taking the lead at four furlongs. In the straight Mafush came through and beat Kamad's Mount, the favourite, Berar, running into third place. Won by three-quarters of a length, five lengths between second and third. Time—1min. 10secs.

(Winner trained by Owner.)

CHURCH GATE PLATE (Division 1): Winner Rs. 500; second, Rs. 200; third Rs. 100. For Arabs 14 hands and under which have not won a flat race value Rs. 1,000 or over since 31st March, 1909. Distance—About six furlongs.

Mr. Bampfylde's Young Thara 8st. 13lbs....Brown 1
Mr Jassam Y. Essa's Baldwin 7st. 12lbs...Yussuff 2
Mr. Heath's Sir Edward 8st. 6lbs. (carried 8st. 4lbs.) Evans 3

ALSO RAN:—Shihab 7st. 12lbs., Cooie 8st. 12lbs. Creditor 8st. 11lbs., Upright 8st. 4lbs., Burg 8st., 11lb., Regiment 8st., Golden Day 7st. 6lbs. Chaman 7st. 2lbs.

BETTING:—6 to 4 against Young Thara, 7 to 2 against Sir Edward, 4 to 1 against Creditor, 5 to 1, against Baldwin and Burg, longer odds the rest.

The Totalisator:—Win Rs. 29: Place Rs. 13-8 Rs. 15-8 and Rs. 14-8.

THE RACE:—Shihab led from Golden Day and Young Thara. Then Golden Day led to the bend came up. When Young Thara followed by Baldwin Won by three lengths, two lengths. Time—1min 22 3-5secs.

(Winner trained by Saleh Dakeel.)

NURSERY PLATE (Division II). Winner Rs. 500; second, Rs. 200; third, Rs. 100. For Arabs landed on or since 1st July, 1911. Distance—Five furlongs.

Mr. A. Nanji's Jais 8st. 12lbs. ..... Evans 1
Mr. A. R. Tahar's Bustan 6st. 8lbs. ..... Abdulla 2
Mr. S. A. Wahed's Red Light 8st. 2lbs. ...Brown 3

ALSO RAN:—Straight Shot 6st. 8lbs., Nazoor 8st. 11lbs., New Governor 8st. 11lbs., Shirsab 8st. 11lbs., Mukhlif 8st. 11lbs., Morley Sir. 9lbs., Black Melik 8st. 2lbs., Fatehebeg 8st. 2lbs., Abjui 8st. 2lbs., Beyrut 8st. 2lbs.

BETTING:—2 to 1 on Jais, 3 to one against Red Light 5 to 1 against Beyrut and Fathebeg, longer odds the rest.

The Totalisator:—Jais closely followed by Red Light and at the bend Fathebeg looked as if he would justify his supporters by getting a place then in the straight Bustan came up and Jais had all he could do to win Red Light being third. Won by half a length, three lengths. Time—1min. 9 3-5 secs.

(Winner trained by Goolam Alli.)

JANUARY PLATE:—Winner Rs. 1,000; second, Rs. 300; third Rs. 200. A high, weight handicap for horses which have not won a flat race value Rs. 3,000 or over since 31st March 1910. Distance—Five furlongs.

Mr. Heath's Elser 8st. ..... A Templeman 1
Mr. M. Gooculdas's Lord Carlyon 9st. ..... Brown 2
Mr. R. S. Forage's Chivalry 9st. 11lbs.... Archibald 3
Mr. Alp's Cellarer ..... A. Hoyt 4

ALSO RAN:—The Cellarer 8st. 11lbs., Lord Merv 9st. 11lbs., Pincher 8st. 9lbs. Ruby Tin 8st. 6lbs., Torzal 7st.

BETTING:—5 to 2 on Lord Carlyon, 3 to 1 against Ruby Tin, 4 to 1 against Pincher, 5 to 1 against Lord Merv and the Cellarer, 6 to 1 against Elser and Chivalry, 10 to 1 against Torzal.

The Totalisator.—Win Rs. 97-8; Places Rs. 22; Rs. 12-8; Rs. 29.

THE RACE:—Chivalry led from Lord Carlyon, to the bend. Then Brown's mount was challenged by Elser was came up and snatched the victory. Won by a head two lengths. Time—1 min. 2 1-5secs.

(Winner trained by C. B. Mahomed.)

LITTER NURSERY PLATE.—Winner Rs. 500 second, Rs. 200; third Rs. 100. For Arabs 13-3 and under landed on or since 1st July 1911. Distance—5 furlongs.

Mr. A. Mana's Ream, 7st. 2lbs. ..... A. Hoyt 1
Ali bin Talib's Galliard, 8st. 2lbs. ..... A. Ferguson 2
Mr A. Fora's Lawrence 7st. 3lbs. ..... Yussuff 3

ALSO RAN.—Agan Pasha 8st. 13lbs.; Ruston 8st. 6lbs.; Texab 8st. 6lbs.; Sahbar 7st. 2lbs; Lord Timon 8st. 6lbs.; Jamal Beg 8st. 6lbs.; Moosapoi 8st. 6lbs.; Wild Eagle 8st. 1lb.; Brow 8st.

The Totaliastor.—Win Rs. 25-8; Places, Rs. 17-8; Rs. 12, Rs. 49.

BETTING:—6 to 4 against Jamal Beg, 2 to 1 against Ream, 5 to 2 against Agah Pasha, 5 to 1 against Galiard, 10 to 1 and longer odds the rest.

THE RACE:—Galliard led out and then came Agah Pasha. Coming into the straight Ream came up strongly and won. Won by a length and a half, a length. Time—1min, 9 1-5secs.

(Winner trained by Owner.)

SANDOWN PLATE: Winner Rs. 1,000; second, Rs. 300; third, Rs. 200. A high weight handicap for horses which have not won a flat race value Rs. 1,500 or over since 31st March 1910. Distance about one mile.

Mr. R. S. Forage's Aequeduct, 8st. 9lbs..Archibald 1
Mr. H. Billimoria's Bright Metal, 8st. 9lbs..Brown 2
Mr. J. Crawford's Bachelor's Knot, 9st. 5lbs..Hoyt 3

ALSO RAN:—Gallileo, 9st. 12lbs.; Matyela, 9st. 4lbs.; and Lancasterite, 9st. 6lbs.

BETTING:—2 to 1 against Bachelor's Knot and Bright Metal, 4 to 1 against Gallileo and Acqueduct longer odds the rest.

The Totalisator.—Win Rs. 95; Places Rs. 31 Rs. 20-8 Rs. 29.

THE RACE:—Matiyela was left at the post Aequeduct led from Lancasterite and Gallileo and was followed home by Bright Metal who came up at the bend. Won by a length one and a half. Time:—1min. 46 1-5 secs.

(Winner trained by Dr. H. C. Bassler.)

CHARNI ROAD PLATE.—Winner Rs. 750; second, Rs. 250; third, Rs. 150. A high weight handicap for Arabs. Distance—about a mile and a quarter.

Mr. Oomer's Braganza, 9st. 2lbs. ..... Evans 1
Mr. Heath's Sir Hugo, 7st. 13lbs. ..... Brown 2
Mr. A Faraz's Artist, 8st 4lbs. ..... Yusuff 3

ALSO RAN:—Tajilmulook, 9st. 12lbs.; Young Salanie, 7st. 12lbs; Young Japan, 7st. 3lbs and Harry Johnson, 6st. 12lbs; and Guinea Gold 8st. 9lbs.

BETTING:—6 to 4 on Money Gold, 3 to 1 against Young Salanie, 5 to 1 against Balos and Sir Hugo, 7 to 1 against Braganza, 8 to 1 against Artist, longer odds the rest.

THE RACE:—Braganza first left the gate then Sir Hugo took the lead at nine furlongs followed by Young Japan. Sir Hugo made the running to the bend when Braganza came up a won, Artist beating Tajilmulook for third place won by two lengths, eight lengths. Time:—2mins. 33 1-5secs.

(Winner trained by Owner.)

CHURCHGATE PLATE:—(Division II): Winner Rs. 500; second Rs. 200; third Rs. 100. For Arabs 14 hands and under which have not won a flat race value Rs. 1,000 or over since 31st March, 1909. Distance—6 furlongs.

Mr. Bampfylde's St. Anthony, 9st. 2lbs. ..... Brown 1
Ebrahim bin Zahad's Fads, 7st. 8lbs. ..... Fahed 2
Mr. Lion's Pendil, 8st. 7lbs. ..... Majeed 3

ALSO RAN.—Electric 9st. 3lbs.; Makeb 9st. 2lbs.; Kimberley 9st. Khalas-8st. 13lbs.; Chichester, 8st-4lbs. Auram 7st.; 12lbs. Mat-hat-baig 7st. 9lbs.; Poiish 7st. 5lbs.

BETTING:—2 to 1 against St. Anthony, 3 to 1 against Electric and Kimberley, 6 to 1 against Makeb and Aurum, longer odds the rest.

THE RACE.—Pendil led out from St. Anthony and Kimberley, St. Anthony came up in the straight followed by Fado who with a dash got second place, Won by a length and a half length. Time—1min. 23 1-5 secs.

(Winner trained by Saleh Dakeel.)

BOMBAY RACES.

THIRD DAY—MONDAY, 19th FEBRUARY, 1912.

THE FLYING PLATE.—Distance—5 furlongs.

Mr. A. J. De Souza's b aus g Lord Merv, (aged)
Mr. Kelso's br aus g Paul Pry.
H. H. Kour Sahib of Patiala's bl aus g Malmsey.
Mr. F. M. Garda's b e m Lumination.
Mr. F. M. Garda's b e g Chobham.
Mr. J. C. Galstaun's br aus h Tangaroa.
Mr. J. C. Galstaun's b e g Hopper.
Mr. J. C Galstaun's b e g Bonny Boy.
Mr. G. K.'s b aus g Socialist.
Mr. R. S. Forage's b e m Aqueduct, (4 years)
Mr. M. Gooculdas' b aus g Soult Line, (aged)
Mr. M. Gooculdas' b aus g Lord Carlyon, (aged)
Mr. Heath's b e m Merry Spinner. (6 years)
Mr. Heath's b e h Elser, (5 years)

THE MAHALUXHMI PLATE.—Distance—About 1 mile.

Zamindar of Sivagiri's bl aus h Black Douglas
Zamindar of Sivagiri's br m Sanhedrin
Mr. A. S. Oomer's g m Maiyela
H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's b m Hamara
H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's ch e h Bulls Run
H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's b aus g Mail
Mr. T. M. Thaddeus' ch e m Wayward and Wild
Mr. T. M. Thaddeus' ch e m Watch Tower
Mr. F. M. Garda's br e g The Loaf
Mr. F. M. Garda's br e m Lady Rena
Mr. F. M. Garda's br e g Bombastic
Mr. Homi Bilimoriaa's b aus g Bright Metal
Mr. R. R. S. br e g Langton, (4 years)
Mr. J. C. Galstaun's b e m Cherry Hackle, (4 years)
Mr. J. C. Galstaun's br e m Britasia, (4 years)
Mr. J. C. Galstaun's b m Bushey Dame (4 years)
Mr. J. K's ch h aus g Cost-of-Arms
H. H. Jam Saheb's b aus g Metal Boy
Mr. P. B. Avasia's bl h am g Gallileo
Mr. P. B. Avasia's b e g Vancouver
Mr. R. S. Forage's ch e m Bachelor's Belle, (4 years)
Mr. M. Gooculdass' ch e g Forfeit, (aged)
Mr. M. Gooculdas' b aus m Solution, (aged)

THE MAZAGON PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs

Zemindar of Sivagiri's bl aus g Black Douglas
H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's b e h Chestnut Park
Mr. T. M. Thaddeus' ch e m Wayward and Wild
Mr. F. M. Garda's bl e g Bombastic
Mr. F. M. Garda's b e g Macann
Mr. F. M. Garda's b e h Silver Memory
Mr. Homi Billimoria's ch e g Pincher
Mr. J. C. Galstaun's b e m Cherry Hackle, (4 years)
Mr. J. C. Galstaun's b e g Goldseeker, (4 years)
Mr. J. C. Galstaun's b e m Bushey Dame, (4 years)
Mr. G. K.'s b aus m Danseuse
Mr. W. Homer's ch aus g Ruby Tin, (aged)
Mr. F. N. Furdunji's b e m Yvette
Mr. R. S. Forage's b e m Aqueduct, (4 years)
Mr. R. S. Forage's b e g Lapland, (4 years)
H. H. Maharajah of Rewah's b aus h Lanceolar, (5 years)
Mr. T. Gordhandas' ch e g Huka
Mr. M. Gooculdas'. b e g Picnic, (4 years)
Mr. M. Gooculdas'. br eng m Borgie, (14-2)
Mr. M. Gooculdass'. b aus g Lord Carlyon, (aged)
Mr. J. Crawford's ch e g Bachelor's Knot, (5 years)

THE STEWARDS' PURSE.—Distance 5 furlongs.

H. H Kour Saheb of Patiala's ch e m Spring Daisy, 14-1½
Mr. R. R. S. ch aus h Leo Grand, 14-1½
Mr. F. M. Garda's ch aus m Ask Mama, 14-2
Chief of Mhaisal and Mr. F. M. Garda's ch e m Mauveron, 14-2
Mr. J. C. Galstaun's b e m Village Girl, 14-1
Mr. M. Gooculdass' b e g Refresher, 14-2
Mr. M. Gooculdass' b e g Borgie, 14-2
Mr. M. Gooculdass' b aus m Kiora, 14-0½
Mr. M. Gooculdass' b e m Evening Herald, 14-1½

THE SALSETTE PLATE.—Distance—About 7 furlongs.

Mr A S Oomer's g a h Well Done.
Mr A S Oomer's b a h Desert King.
Mr Yusuf bin Essa's g a h Ghalyum (5 years).
Mr R R S g a h Bogent (5 years).
Mr R R S b a h Red Monk, 13-3 1-2.
Mr R R S b a h Senseless, 13-3.
Mr Abdoola Faraz' ch a h Artist (5 years).
Aga Mirza Ahmer's g a h Burgomaster (aged).
Mr Ali bin Talib's ch a h Grand Duke (5 years).
Mr Ali bin Talib's ch a h Money Gold (5 years).
Mr Waheed's b a h Aga (5 years).
Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Rozelmulook (5 years).
Mr R S Forage's g a h Lama, 14.
Mr Syed Rashid's g a h Khalas, 13-3 3-4.
Mr Beg's b a h Mysore (5 years).
Mr J R Raja's b a h Guinea Merchant.
Messrs M Gooculdass and A Nanjee's b a h Shawcutt (aged).
Mr M Gooculdass' b a h Padsha (aged).
Mr Bampfylle's b a h Young Thara, 13-3 1-2.
Mr Eastwood's g a h Dilkush, 13-3 1-2.
Mr Thimble's g a h Fairplay, 13-3.
Mr Heath's ch a h Sir Hugo.

THE TOWN PLATE.—Distance—About 1 mile.

Mr. A. S. Oomer's ch a h Zinfandel, 14
Mr. Faraj bin Sanad's b a h Mars, 13-3 3-4
Mr. R. R. S.' ch a h Steward, 14
Mr R. R. S.' ch a h Tashreet, 13-3 3-4
Mr. R. R. S.' g a h Mudkoor, 13-3
Mr. R. R. S.' g a h Abdul Malik. 13-2 3-4
Mr. F. M. Gaida's g a h Grey Falcon, 13-2 3-4
Mr. Ali bin Taib's b a h Lookman, 14
Mr. Ali bin Taib's ch a h Soomaap, 14
Mr. Waheed's b a h Singer, 13-3 3-4
Mr. R. S. Forage's b a h Saxon, 13-3
Mr. Dara Cowasjee's b a h Gafal, 13-2
Mr. Lion's g a h Pendil, 13-3
Mr. M. Gooculdass's g a h Sweden, 13-2 3-4
Mr. M. Gooculdass' b a h Mexico, 13-2 1-2
Mr. Mujeed Jurgis' ch a h Little Laffy, 12-3 1-2
Messrs. D. Framji and Mehta's bl a h Young Majub, 14
Mr Easterwood's g a h Dilkush, 13-3 1-2
Mr. Heath's ch a h Sir Edward, 13-3 1-2

THE MIDGET PLATE Distance—5 furlongs.

Mr. A. S. Oomer's b a h Electric, 13 3 1-4
Mr. A. S. Oomer's g a h Kabaraman, 13 3 3-4
Mr. R. R. S.' b a h Red Monk, 13 3 1-2
Mr. R. R. S.' b a h Senseless, 13-3
Mr. R. R. S.' g a h Mudkoor, 13-3
Mr. Abdoola Faraz' b a h Order, 13 2 3-4
Mr. Abdoola Faraz' b a h Fascination, 13-3
Mr. Valiji Moosaji's ch a h Golden Day, 13-2
Mr. Valiji Moosaji's b a h Turkish General, 12-3
Mr. Golda' g a h Yusuf Pasha, 13 2 1-2
Mr. Golda's g a h Mat-hat-baig, 13 2 1-4
Messrs. R. S. Forage and F. B. Saif's g a h Poliab, 13-2 1-4
Mr. Syed Rasid's g a h Khalas 13-3 3-4
Mr. J. M. Mistry's g a h Brasso, 14-0 (6 years)
Mr. J. M. Mistry's ch a h Shihab, 13 2 1-2 (4 years)
Mr. Beg's b a h Creditor, 12 2 3-4
Mr. Beg's ch a h Shara, 13 2 1-2
Mr. Abu Baker Abu Rehman's g a h Good evening, 13-2½
Mr. A. J. D'Souza's b a h Massal, 13-3½
Mr. A. W. Essa's b a h Solitaire, 13-3½
Mr. Dion's g a h Pendil, 13-3
Mr. Julion's g a h Little Titch (late Cossine), 13-2
Mr. M. Cassums's b a h Sinclair, 13-3½
Mr. M. Gooculdass' g a h Kimberley, 13-3
Mr. M. Gooculdass' b a h Burg, 13-2½
Mr. Gooculdass's g a h Six Fifty, 13-2
Mr. Bampfylde's b a h St. Anthony, 14-0
Mr. Bampfylde's b a h Young Thara, 13-2½
Mr. Thimble's g a h Fair Play, 13-3
Mr. Brain's ch a h Plassy, 13-2
Mr. Ali bin Talib's ch a h Secretary, 14-0
Mr. Ali bin Talib's b a h Ninton, 14-0
Mr. Ali bin Taylib's b a h Magistrate, 13-2

CALCUTTA RACES.

Second Meeting—Third Day.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 20.

The racing to-day particularly in the Hughly Plate was very interesting although the public decidedly has the better of the deal. Sequent Goldseeker and Wise Hawk three well backed horses secured their brackets. In the Belvedere Pony Plate Little Beryl admirably ridden by Davies won from Ruling Passion in the Merchants Plate. Mr. Roy Chaudhuri's mare Jemima although not fancied by her M. T. F. her stable connections won very easily beating the consistent Brogue.

THE MERCHANTS PLATE.—1 mile and a half.

Mr. Roychowdhury's Jemima, 7st. 5lbs...Thobarn 1
Mr. Calstauns Brogue, 9st. 12lbs. ..... Wootoon 2
Messrs. Heather and Jones St. Antoinette, 7st. O'Neill 3

ALSO RAN.—Koonawla 8st. 11b.; Five Crown 8st. 13lbs.; Sanhedrin 8st. Rococo 6st. 5lbs.

BETTING.—Even Money, 3 to 1 Koenawla; 6 to 1 St. Antoinette Sanhedrin and Five Crown; 12 to 1 Jemima; longer prices the rest.

THE RACE.—St. Antoinette and Rococo led all through followed by Koonowla, then Five Crown, Brogue and Jemima together last from the five furlongs post. The last two gained ground and off the second stand Brogue looked a winner but Jemima shot forth and beat her easily by 2 1-2 lengths, 2-4 length between second and third. Time—2mins. 34secs.

CITY PLATE.—Racecourse.

Mr. Gategker's Wise Hawk 8st. 7lbs. ..... Whalley 1
Mr. Galstaun's Britania 8st. 7lbs. ..... Bowley 2
Sir A. Apcar's Royal Scotland 9st. 12lbs. L. U. Hoyt 3

ALSO RAN.—Speedometer 7st. 13lbs., True Love 9st. 4lbs.

THE RACE.—Royal Scotland with True Love led till the half mile post. The rest closed upon them a furlong from home. Wise Hawk went to the front and won easily by two lengths, three lengths between second and third. Time—3mins. 5secs.

HASTINGS PLATE.—R. C. and a distance, over seven flights.

Sir A. A. Apcar's Sequent 11st. ..... L. Hoyt 1
Mr. Scott's Proprietor, 9st. 7lbs. ..... Hayhoe 2
Mr. Lauder's Collegian, 9st. 9lbs. ..... Mc Neilage 3

ALSO RAN.—Realm 11st. 10lbs, Blenheim Orange 9st.

BETTING.—5 to 2 against Proprietor, 3 to 1 Sequent and Collegian, 4 to 1 Blenheim Orange, 6 to 1 Realm.

THE RACE.—Sequent led from start to finish and won easily from Proprietor by 2 1-2 lengths, same distance between second and third. Time.—3 mins. 20 2-5 secs.

BELEVEDERE PONY PLATE:—1 mile.

Mr. Marshall's Beryl, 7st. 2lbs. ..... Davis 1
Mr. Roychowdhury's Ruling Passion, 8st. 6lbs. ..... Thobarn 2
Mr. Dass's Sidonia 7st. 9lbs. ..... Jellise 3

ALSO RAN.—Naine, 7st. 9lbs; Winnie B., 6st. 7lbs; Encourage 8st. 6lbs; Nagapa 6st. 10lbs; Ormley 6st. 10lbs.

BETTING:—2 to 1 against Encourage, 3 to 1 Ruling Passion, 4 to 1 Beryl and Naini, 8 to 1 or more the rest.

THE RACE:—Beryl and Ruling Passion took up the running together. From the distance Beryl came up and won by one length, 1 3-4 lengths between second and third. Time.—1 min: 43 2-5 secs.

SEALDAH PLATE.—6 furlongs.

Mr. Galstaun's Goldseeker 9st. 5lbs., ... Wooton 1
Mr. Lauder's Rapin 8st. 7lbs., ... Whalley 2
Sir A. A. Apcar's Lady Lucretia, 8st. 8lbs., L. Hoyt 3

ALSO RAN:—First Love, 8st. 5lbs; Don Urbano, 8st. 13lbs.

BETTING:—5 to 2 on Goldseeker, 5 to 1 against Rapin and Lady Lucretia, 10 to 1 the rest.

THE RACE:—Lady Lucretia led to the distance where Goldseeker overhauled her and went away an easy winner by one length; Rapin ran into second place, three-quarter of a length in front of Lucretia. Time:—1min. 16secs.

HOOGLY PLATE:—6 furlongs.

Mr. Galstaun's Tangaroa, 10st. 7lbs. ..... Wooton 1
Mr. Thadeen's Watch Tower, 7st. 11lbs...O'Neill 2
Mr. Holmes Haclar's Girl, 7st. ..... Bullock 3

ALSO RAN:—Chobham, 8st. 10lbs; Vitiage, 8st. 6lbs; Hopper, 8st 6lbs; Naith, 8st 4lbs, Malmsey, 8st. 2lbs; Fouderte, 7st. 9lbs; Sperey, 7st 4lbs; Harne, 7st. 2lbs; Kilmarnock, 6st 12lbs; Barm, 7st. 2lbs; Wellfield, 6st. 5lbs.

BETTING:—2 to 1 against Chobham, 5 to 1 Tangaros, 6 to 1 Foudrette and Malmsey, 10 to 1 Harene and Hacklers Girl, longer prices the rest.

THE RACE:—Fouderette with Hoppner broke the line Malmsey and Hackler's Girl being next, then came Tangaros. The pace was hot all through Hackler's Girl and Hopner were in the running, but Tangaros was not backward. The moment Wooton called on him the gallant son of Grafton responded gamely and wearing all opposition won by one and a quarter lengths, one length between second and third.

HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

Two games were played in Saturday on connection with the third round of the open Tournament organised by the Exhibition Committee. The first was between the Cheshires, who on form are favourites, and the Bombay Schools. The win went to the soldiers, their centre-half contributing greatly to their success. The military team forwards played an excellent combination game, each member of the line of attack scoring. The boys were not up to the form which they showed when they defeated the Pioneers the other day and apart from an occasional rush were never really dangerous, the centre-forward was once unfortunate in failing to score and Capper too put in a lightning shot which was stopped by Moore. However, the winning team held the attack throughout and when time came the score was:—

Cheshires Regt. ..... 7 goals
Bombay Schools ..... love

The second game was the replay between the R. Warwickshires Regiment and the 14th Hussars. This was played on the Marine Lines ground of the 26th Berar Infantry and the game was once again hotly contested, the second half producing some exciting exchanges. It was a pity that more than once the home team did not succeed in getting through, but the cavalry corps won by two goals to love.

14th Hussars ..... 2 goals
R. Warwickshire Regt. ..... love

BOMBAY HUNT.

Hounds will meet on the following dates:—

Jany. 23 (a) Chuckla. Feb. 11 Wakola Barracks
" 25 The Kennels. (by invitation).
" 28 Cross Roads Mahalaxmi Race Course Ground. Mar. 6 Bridge Butts, Santa Cruz.
" 30a Iria. " 13 (a) White House.
Feby. 1 Santa Cruz. " 18 Sahar Hill.
" 4 Sahar Village. " 20 (a) Chuckla.
" 6 (a) Jaskal Hill (Andheri). " 22 The Kennels.
" 8 Jaskal Club. " 25 Cross Roads Maidon Ground.

(a) Proposed by-days subject to cancellation. Train will not be waited for.

Train leaves Colaba 5-25 a.m., Churchgate 5-30 a.m., and Grant Road 5-41 a.m., and members coming out by train are requested to proceed to the meet with as little delay as possible.

YACHT CLUB RACES.

(BY BORSTAY.)

The first Hog Island cruising race of the season took place on Saturday last and provided an enjoyable change on the usual programme.

The starts in A and B classes were time in hand and, owing to the vagaries of the zephyrs with which the harbour was favoured between the hours of 3 and 4 p.m., they provided the maximum amount of amusement to the spectators and probably the maximum of irritation to the steersmen. C Class was supposed to start at 2 o'clock, but the only boat near the line at that time was Lapwing which made quite a successful beginning, the others crawled over at intervals until 3-21 p.m. at which time the Marie Louise romped over carrying a fine breeze with her. Marie Louise is peculiar in her penchant for late starts, but as they seem to suit her, we cannot complain.

When the Temtits did eventually get over the line they managed to get together and had quite an interesting race, being, with the exception of Marie Louise who was "Ploughing a lonely furrow" out in mid harbour among the shipping, well inshore cheating the tide and as things turned out enjoying the best of the wind.

Mavourneen had bad luck in getting hung up in a calm patch which the boats following her benefiting by her experience were able to avoid and so scored heavily.

Maud which was going strong and well in the running gave up at the second channel Buoy owing we believe to her crew being due in Bombay by 8 o'clock. The finish was quite an exciting affair, Coralie arriving first with Curlew 5 seconds later and Mavourneen 32 seconds after that.

Coralie wins the beautiful cup so kindly presented by Dr. B. K. Goldsmith, Lapwing being second.

"C" CLASS HANDICAP RACE.—Sailed at 3 p.m.

Names of Boats.	Allowance on Course. M. S.	Entered by.	Time of Corrected arrival. H. M. S.	Time. H. M. S.
Coralie	7 58	Lt Col N Kirby R E	6 19 5	3 11 7
Maud	2 54	Officers, R E ...	did not finish	
Mavourneen.	4 21	Mr Newman Taylor	6 19 42	3 15 21
Millie	6 31	Messrs Chapman and Twiddle...	not entered	
Cloths	Scr	Capt J J Welsh	not entered	
Lapwing ...	7 58	Mr G N Mubenly	6 20 6	2 12 8
Violette ...	10 0	Mr K Walker ...	not entered.	
Curlew	5 42	Messrs A S Orr & H R Pilcher	6 19 10	3 13 22
Swallow	6 31	Mr E V Watson	not entered	
Cricket	4 30	Mr T S Gregson.	not entered.	
Marie Louise	15 13	Mr K Maclver..	6 28 0	3 14 47

Course:—Ces Vessel—Red Channel Buoy W N W Butcher Island starboard—Red Channel Buoy N W Butcher Island starboard—B W H S Buoy N N E Elephanta Island starboard—Line between Mark Boat and Bollard off Hog Island. Length 8·71 miles. Time limit 5-30

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JAN. 20.

A fresh disturbance in North-west India has given a precipitation in the extreme North and Baluchistan, Quetta reporting one and half inches of rain. It is now beginning to have effect on the East Punjab and North-west United Provinces. Further light rainfall is reported from Upper Assam Valley. The conditions are again becoming disturbed in the West Persia.

The forecast shows that precipitation will continue in Baluchistan, North Punjab, North-West Frontier province and Kashmir, and will probably occur locally over the rest of the Punjab and North-west United Provinces.

SIMLA, Jan. 21.

The disturbance yesterday in West Persia developed into deep depression now moving through Baluchistan, and has caused depression in North-west India, to intensity that heavy precipitation has occurred in Kashmir, light to moderate in Baluchistan, the Punjab and the North-west Frontier Provinces. The chief amounts are: Chaman, one and a half inches; Parachinar and Cherat, one; Dera Ismael Khan, three-quarters and Sonemarg four inches.

The forecast shows further precipitation in Baluchistan, the Punjab, the North-west Frontier Province, Kashmir, extension over Sind, Rajputana West, and United Provinces. Local falls are possible in North Gujarat.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 20TH OF JANUARY.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 20th January, 1912, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rawalpindi records 0·20" of rain. Skies are heavily clouded in the south-west and the north Punjab and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is generally in excess. Maximum temperature is in defect at Rawalpindi and Sirsa; the minimum is in excess at Lahore.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The air is damper than usual. Temperature is normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is in excess in Rajputana. Minimum temperature is in excess in Sind and at Ajmer.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is normal or in defect. Temperature is generally in excess in Gujarath and Kathiawar.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Maximum temperature is in excess in the western districts; the minimum is above normal except in the extreme north-eastern districts.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly clouded. The moisture in the air and temperature are equal to the average.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess at some stations; the minimum is above normal at nearly all stations.

General Remarks.—Precipitation has occurred in the extreme north; skies are heavily clouded in the north and the south-west Punjab but over the rest of north-west India there has been a slight decrease of cloud. Slightly unsettled conditions appear to be entering upper Sind. Weather is again disturbed in the Persian area. A depression appears to have formed over west Persia; Pressure is nearly one-fifth inch in defect at Bushire.

A few showers may occur in the north and the south-west Punjab.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a.m. (local time) 20th January, was 30·115 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 6 feet at 8 a.m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80 deg. F. will be 14in. and this will be higher or lower by 01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lowed by 01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

THE FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATIONS.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect	Via Brest Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valencia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect	Via Cadiz fene riffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Interrupted.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 21st January, 1912.
(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission Hrs.	Mts.
Turkey.....	...	...	...	...	...
Teheran ...	21	11	15 a.m.	1	10
Suez.....	21	12	40 p.m.	0	51

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Morocco are subject to very great delay and can only be accepted at sender's risk. (18-8-11.)

Telegrams for all places in interior of China, excepting stations on the coast booked by routes other than Bhamo can be accepted at sender's risk. (25-10-11.)

Bhamo route to China is entirely closed to traffic at present (1-11-11).

Until further notice telegrams (code) for Turkey cannot be admitted (13-10-11).

Italian administration notify that telegrams for Tripoli are admitted only in plain language and at sender's risk. As an exceptional measure short telegrams in cipher or code language are also admitted if forwarded via Italy and those concerned deposit two copies of their code, one at the Telegraph office at Rome and the other at the Tripoli Telegraph Office (20-10-11).

It is further notified that the maximum number of words which can be sent in code or cipher telegrams is fixed to twenty-five (24-10-11).

Ramhormuz line interrupted to Ahwaz since 7 a.m. (31-10-11).

Bushire reports messages for Ahwaz and Mohammerah should not be marked "by post over interrupted section." There is no postal service over interrupted section and line is not likely to be restored till next April or May. Therefore all messages for those stations should be accepted "post Bushire." Mail for Mohammerah and Ahwaz leaves Bushire every Wednesday morning and post messages for those places should reach there not later than 6 p.m., Standard Time, on Tuesday (14-12-11).

Telegrams for following offices in first region of Egypt can only be accepted in plain language at senders risk. They should be written in plain language English or Arabic only (1) Ras et Dabaa (2) Marsa Matrough (3) Sidi Barrani (4) Siwa (12-12-11).

Turkish route restored (21-1-12).

THE "LONDON GAZETTE.

Admiralty, Jan. 1.

Royal Marine Artillery.

The undermentioned Lieuts to be Capts., under the provisions of Order in Council of Jan. 27, 1885—R. W. Hutten, S. Cruddas Jan. 1.

Royal Marine Light Infantry.

The undermentioned Lieuts to be Capts under the provisions of Order in Council of Jan. 27, 1885:—R. S. Gibson, A. Peel, F. W. Home C. S. Hazeon C. Field. R. K. C. Nust, J. Goldsmith, H. de L. Willis, J. T. de S. Washington, W. K. Garnier, C. G. Billing S. A. Stoddart Jan. 1.

Royal Naval Reserve.

In accordance with the Regulations for the Royal Naval Reserve, the undermentioned officer have been placed on the Retired List:—Lieuts. C. D. Forbes, G. Bourgat R.D., D. Evans R.D. R. McD. Sutor, C. D. Pickering S. G. Reddie, F. T. Hall, and E. B. Tinsley and Sub-Lieut W. E. Crumplin Dec. 31.

War office, Jan. 3.

Territorial Force.

Unattached List—The surname of Second Lieut M. H. Elischer is as now described and not as stated in the "London Gazette" of Dec. 15.

Admiralty, 1st January.

Royal Marine Light Infantry. Major Thomas Henry Hawkins on return from the Seconded List becomes Supernumerary to the Establishment, Dated 1st January.

Admiralty, 3rd January.

The undermentioned Engineer Lieutenants have been promoted to the rank of Engineer Commander in His Majesty's Fleet:—Charles James Mitchell Wallace. Edward Pitt Soper. to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Sir P. W. Chetwode, Bart., D. S. O., Dated 6th January. John Michel James Murphy. George Hoare Jaffery. Ivor Edward Stephen Roberts. Sydney Undercliffe Hardcastle. Dated 1st January.

The Reverend William Beech Masefield, B.A., has this day been appointed Chaplain in His Majesty's Fleet.

Admiralty, 4th January.

Clerk Noel Wright has been promoted to the rank of Assistant Paymaster in His Majesty's Fleet. Dated 24th December.

Royal Naval Reserve.

The undermentioned Sub-Lieutenants to be Lieutenants—Francis Rustat Hemsted. Dated 26th November. John Jenkins, Dated 22nd December, Acting Sub-Lieutenant Evelyn Ronald Redvers Roberts to be Sub-Lieutenant. Dated 13th December.

In accordance with the Regulations for the Royal Naval Reserve the undermentioned Officers have been placed on the Retired List—Lieutenant Frank Wickham. Dated 30th November. Lieutenant Kenneth Dawson. Dated 31st December. Lieutenant Hugh Webb. Dated 3rd January Sub-Lieutenant John Anthony Coombe. Dated 3rd January.

War Office, Jan. 5.

Regular Forces.

Commands and Staff.

The undermentioned appointments have been made in India. Major-General Alexander Wilson, C.B., to be a Brigade Commander, vice Major-General H.B.B. Watkis, C.B., Indian Army, vacated Dated 22nd October Colonel (temporary Brigadier General) George A. Cookson, C.B. Indian Army a Colonel on the Staff, to be a Brigade Commander, and to retain his temporary rank while so employed vice Major-General J. L. Keir, C.B., vacated. Dated 16th October. Colonel David G. L. Shaw, Indian Army, to be a Colonel on the Staff, and is granted the temporary rank of Brigadier General while so employed, vice Brigadier General G. A. Cookson, C.B. Dated 16th October, Colonel Walter Campbell, D.S.O., from the Half-pay List, to be an Assistant Quartermaster-General, vice Colonel R. B. Gainford, C.B., C.M.G., who has been placed on retired pay. Dated 20th December, Brevet Major Arthur J. Turner, Royal Artillery, to be a General Staff Officer, 3rd grade, vice Major A. A. Montgomery, Royal Artillery, whose tenure of that appointment has expired. Dated 21st December. Lieutenant William A. F. Sandeman, The Gordon Highlanders, to be Aide-de-Camp (extra) to Brevet Colonel Sir H. E. McCallum, G.C.M.G., Governor Commander-in-Chief of Ceylon. Dated 22nd December.

Establishments.

Staff College, Lieutenant-Colonel Hugh S. Jeudwine, from Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General at Aldershot, to be a General Staff Officer, 2nd grade vice Lieutenant-Colonel W. T. Furse, D. S. O., Royal Artillery, whose tenure of that appointment has expired. Dated 1st January.

Ordnance College, Captain Harold St. J. Cruickshank, Royal Artillery, to be an Instructor, vice Major H. G. Howorth, Royal Artillery, transferred to the Inspection Staff. Dated 1st January.

Inspection Staff, Major Henry G. Howorth, Royal Artillery, from an Instructor at the Ordnance College, to be an Inspector, vice Major A.B.H. Clarke, who has retired on retired pay. Dated 2nd December.

Captain George E. Garnett, Royal Artillery, to be an Assistant Inspector, vice Captain C. J. Tanner, Royal Artillery, who has vacated that appointment. Dated 1st January.

Captain Richard J. F. Trew, Royal Engineers, to be an Assistant Inspector, vice Captain L.R.J.W. Taylor, Royal Engineers, who has vacated that appointment. Dated 18th December.

Cavalry.

7th (Princess Royal's) Dragoon Guards, Second Lieutenant Richard Noble to be Lieutenant. Dated 17th December.

6th (Inniskilling) Dragoons, Captain Edward C.B. Morriman is seconded for service with the Western Cavalry Depot. Dated 6th July.

16th (The Queen's) Lancers, Supernumerary Lieut. Henry C. L. Howard is restored to the establishment. Dated 22nd December.

19th (Queen's Alexandra's Own Royal) Hussars, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Philip W. Chetwode, Bart., D. S. O., on completion of his period of service in command, is placed on the Half pay List. Dated 3rd January.

Major Walter H. Greenly, D. S. O., from the 12th (Prince of Wales's Royal) Lancers.

Royal Regiment of Artillery.

Royal Horse and Royal Field Artillery, Supernumerary Lieutenant-Colonel William T. Furse, D.S.O., is restored to the Establishment, vice A. S. Tyndale-Biscoe retired. Dated 1st January.

Major Reginald E. A. Le Mottee is seconded for service with Territorial Artillery. Dated 14th December.

The undermentioned supernumerary Majors are restored to the establishment:—Archibald A. Montgomery. Dated 21st December. Horace G. Lloyd. Dated 1st January, Brevet Major Arthur J. Turner is seconded for service on the Staff. Dated 21st December.

The undermentioned supernumerary Captains are restored to the establishment:—

John D. Belgrave. Dated 8th December, Reginald K. Lynch-Staunton. Dated 19th December.

Second Lieutenant Gilbert A. L. Green to be Lieutenant, under the provisions of Article 27, Royal Warrant for Pay and Promotion, 1909. Dated 18th December. Lieutenant Lionel F. H. Mundy to be Adjutant. Dated 8th December.

Royal Garrison Artillery, Supernumerary Captain Cecil H Barker is restored to the establishment. Dated 10th December, Lieutenant Ralph C. Simpson is seconded for service as an Adjutant of Territorial Artillery. Dated 10th December.) Quartermaster and Honorary Captain John Murray is placed on retired pay. Dated 26th December. Sergeant Major Josiah Henry Skinner to be Quartermaster, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant Dated 6th January.

Corps of Royal Engineers.

Lieutenant-Colonel James M. Wade, on completion of five years' service as a regimental Lieutenant-Colonel, retires on an Indian pension. Dated 31st December.

The undermentioned Brevet Colonels, on completion of five years' service as regimental Lieutenant Colonels, are placed on the Half-pay List. Dated 31st December, William R. Stewart and Gilbert S. Mc D. Elliot.

The undermentioned officers to be Lieutenant-Colonels. Dated 31st December, Major Charles C. Perceval, vice J. M. Wade. Dated 31st December.

The Manchester Regiment, Supernumerary Lieutenant Henry Ellershaw is restored to the establishment. Dated 7th December.

The York and Lancaster Regiment, Lieutenant Ronald M. T. Rose is seconded for service under the Colonial Office. Dated 8th December.

Second Lieutenant Leonard E. Palmer is placed temporarily on the Half-pay List on account of ill-health. Dated 6th January.

The Highland Light Infantry, Lieutenant James H. Hope to be Captain. Dated 4th November.

Second Lieutenant William G.S. Mitchell to be Lieutenant. Dated 4th November.

Seaforth Highlanders (Ross-shire Buffs, The Duke of Albany's), Supernumerary Lieutenant Richard D. Gardiner is restored to the establishment Dated 18th December.

The Royal Irish Rifles, Captain William J. N. Cooke-Collis is seconded for service on the Staff. Dated 15th November.

Princess Victoria's (Royal Irish Fusiliers). Quartermaster and Honorary Major George G. Osborne retires on retired pay. Dated 6th January.

Serjeant-Major Robert Wallace to be Quartermaster, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 6th January.

Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders) Second Lieutenant Gordon S. Stirling is seconded for service under the Colonial Office. Dated 2nd December.

The Royal Dublin Fusiliers, Captain Cecil T. W. Grimshaw, D. S. O., to be Adjutant. Dated 28th December.

The Army Service Corps.

Captain Charles H. M. Bingham is seconded for service on the Staff. Dated 16th December.

Lieutenant Thomas S. Cosgrave to the Captain. Dated 16th December.

Second Lieutenant Frank W. Beall, to be Lieutenant under the provisions of Article 29 Royal Warrant for Pay and Promotion, 1909. Dated 6th January.

Army Medical Service.

Surgeon-General Sir Francis W. Trevor, K.C.S.I. C.B., M.B., K.H.S. is placed on retired pay. Dated 1st January.

Royal Army Medical Corps, The undermentioned Captains to be Majors:—Dated 4th December Charles S. Smith, M.B. Arthur F. Carlyon, William C. Croly. Dated 21st December, Patrick H. Henderson, M. B. William M. H. Spiller, M. B. Archibald D. Jameson. Bernard B. Burke, Walter B. Fry, Percy C. Douglass and Lieutenant John Gilmour, M. B., is seconded for service under the Foreign Office. Dated 18th December.

Army Chaplains' Department.

The Reverend Charles F. Baines, M. A., Chaplain to the Forces, Second Class, to be Chaplain to the Forces, First Class. Dated 30th December.

Queen Alexandra's Imperial Military Nursing Service.

The undermentioned Staff Nurses resign their appointments. Dated 6th January, Miss Evelina Dearberg. Miss Evelyn L. Murray. Miss Mary I. Taylor.

The undermentioned Staff, Nurses are confirmed in their appointments, their periods of provisional service having expired:—Miss Mary E. Davis. Miss Jane F. Watson.

Army Ordnance Department.

Deputy Commissary of Ordnance and Honorary Captain Richard J. Findlay retires on retired pay. Dated 6th January.

Army Pay Department.

Lieutenant-Colonel George E. G. W. Bird, Staff Paymaster, retires on retired pay. Dated 6th January.

Army Schools.

Inspector of Army Schools and Honorary Captain Samuel G. Goater is placed on retired pay. Dated 5th January.

Army Schoolmaster Henry Hussey to be an Inspector of Army Schools with the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 5th January.

Memoranda.

The undermentioned Colonels to retire on retired pay. Dated 6th January, John W. G. Dawkins. C. B. Paul R. Burn-Clerk-Rattray, Half-pay List. George D. Baker, Half-pay List.

The undermentioned Brevet Colonels, Half-pay List, to be Colonels:—Sydenham C. U. Smith. Dated 1st December. Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel John S. Fowler, D.S.O., vice Brevet Colonel W. R. Stewart. Major Philip J. J. Radcliffe, vice Brevet Colonel G. S. Mc D. Elliot.

Foot Guards.

Scots Guards, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel William O. G. McGrigor, on completion of his period of service in command of a Battalion, retires on retired pay. Dated 1st January.

Major Richard G. I. Bolton to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet Colonel W. G. G. McGrigor. Dated 1st January.

Supernumerary Captain Albemarle B. E. Cator is restored to the establishment.

Infantry.

The East Kent Regiment, Supernumerary Captain George M. James is restored to the establishment. Dated 22nd December.

Lieutenant Mitford M. Brice is placed temporarily on the half-pay list on account of ill-health. Dated 30th November.

The King's (Liverpool Regiment), Lieutenant Ernest L. E. Paine resigns his Commission. Dated 6th January.

The Northfolk Regiment, Second Lieutenant Thomas A. F. Foley to be Lieutenant. Dated 14th October.

The Lincolnshire Regiment, Captain Frank D. Gibbes, retire on retired pay. Dated 6th January.

Lieutenant Reginald Bastard to be Captain Dated 6th January.

Second Lieutenant Frederick S. Whinney to be Lieutenant. Dated 25th November.

The Devonshire Regiment, Lieutenant Victor Alexandre Beaufort, from 3rd Battalion, to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 6th January.

The Suffolk Regiment, Supernumerary Captain Walter N. Nicholson is restored to the establishment. Dated 22nd December.

The Bedfordshire Regiment, Captain Cleland B. Cumberlege is seconded for service as Adjutant, 3rd or South Battalian (Light Infantry), The Royal Militia of the Island of Jersey. Dated 22nd November.

Alexandra, Princess of Wales's Own (Yorkshire Regiment), Supernumerary Captain Norman R. Swan is restored to the establishment. Dated 22nd December.

The Cheshire Regiment, Supernumerary Captain Frederick B. Young is restored to the establishment. Dated 1st November.

The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles), Captain Charles B. Wallis resigns his commission. Dated 6th January.

The East Lancashire Regiment, The promotion to the rank of Lieutenant of Second-Lieutenant Lionel A. Deane is antedated to 2nd November.

The undermentioned Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants:—Richard E. Orton. Dated 14th November, Alexander E. Gayer. Dated 17th November The Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, Second Lieutenant Edward L. Paske to be Lieutenant. Dated 8th December.

The Dorsetshire Regiment, Major Henry D. Lowry retires on retired pay. Dated 6th January,

Captain Cathcart C. Haunay to be Major Dated. 6th January.

Second Lieutenant Cecil W. M. Firth to be Lieutenant. Dated 10th November.

The Welsh Regiment, The promotion to the rank of Lieutenant of the undermentioned Second Lieutenants is antedated as follows:

Lionel M. S. Salmon to 9th July.
Howard N. Walker to 16th August.

The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry, Brevet Major Ladislas H. E. Pope-Hennessy, D. S. O, from Supernumerary Captain, is restored to the establishment. Dated 22nd December.

The Essex Regiment, Captain Arthur H. P. Rose retires on retired pay to serve in the Special Reserve under the provisions of Article 510, Royal Warrant for Pay and Promotion, 1909. Dated 6th January.

The Sherwood Foresters (Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment), Captain Ronald T. Foster is seconded for service as an Adjutant of Territorial Infantry. Dated 1st December.

Captain George L. H. Manby is seconded for service as an adjutant of India Volunteers. Dated 27th November.

Supernumerary Captain Martyn B. Webb is restored to the establishment. Dated 27th November.

The Northamptonshire Regiment, Lieutenant Hugh G. O'Connell is placed temporarily on the Half-pay List on account of ill-health. Dated 8th January.

The Queen's Own (Royal West Kent Regiment), Lieutenant George B. Legard to be adjutant. Dated 1st January.

The King's Own (Yorkshire Light Infantry), Quartermaster and Honorary Captain Charles Carnell retires on retired pay. Dated 6th January.

Quartermaster-Surjeant Albert Edward Bentham, to the Quartermaster with the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 6th January.

The King's Royal Rifle Corps, Captain Bertram F. Widdrington to be Major. Dated 18th December. William R. Stewart. Dated 31st December, Gilbert S. McD. Elliot, Dated 31st December, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Philip W. Chetwode Bart., D. S. O., to be Colonel. Dated 4th October, Captain Harold J. Moysey-Thompson, Half-pay List, retires on retired pay. Dated 6th January, Lieutenant Arthur C. B. Critchley-Salmonson, The Royal Munster Fusiliers, is granted the temporary rank of Captain, while employed with the Defence Forces of New Zealand. Dated 21st December, Lieutenant John M. Mackenzie, The Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment), is granted the local rank of Captain, while employed with the King's African Rifles. Dated 25th December.

The undermentioned Quartermasters and Honorary Lieutenants are granted the honorary rank of Captain—Thomas Hammond. The Lincolnshire Regiment. Dated 25th December. Alan D. Sherburn, Royal Engineers. Dated 1st January.

General Reserve of Officers.

Captain David Livingstone Bruce, from the Royal Field Artillery (Special Reserve), is transferred with seniority corresponding to that which he held in the Special Reserve of Officers.

Henry Charles Verner, late Captain Royal Field Artillery (Special Reserve), to be Captain. Dated 6th January.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

A REMARKABLE WOMAN.

There is at present living in London, as a welcome visitor and honoured guest Mrs. May Wright Sewall, one of the most remarkable women the United States has given to the world. Mrs. Sewall belongs to the third generation of women workers enthusiastically engaged in the mission of raising women to a higher level of education. From youth onwards she resented the superiority assumed by American children of New England lineage (the group to which she belonged) over children of Irish parentage in the same school. Mrs. Wright Sewall also felt the injustice of any distinction based on race, and this feeling was strengthened continuously by her study of history as she passed from school to seminary, and thence to college and university.

EARLY PASSION FOR TEACHING.

The daughter of a remarkable father, a strong abolitionist and already then a believer in the freedom of women, Mrs. Wright Sewall was taken by him, at the tender age of seven, to see an escaping woman slave. There, branded on the back of the fugitive, the child was shown the initials of her late owner. Small wonder that such an occurrence should imprint itself in letters of fire on the brain of a child already then remarkable for her precociousness of intellect. Mrs. Wright Sewall from childhood onward had a passionate love for teaching. If no children were available, she held forth to the chairs in her nursery, and this desire and instinct for imparting knowledge cost her in later years many a tussle with her beloved mother, who was an invalid, and desired her daughter to spend her life in the narrow groove and routine of home duties and entertainments such as satisfied the ordinary girls of their set. Mrs. Wright Sewall, however, through a life nobly lived, has contended that the increase of education only can bring forth the development of the faculties of each human being, which must tend to the improvement of society as a whole.

HER MARRIED LIFE.

Mrs. Sewall is also an ardent advocate of the peace movement, and as far back as 1876 she attended the first Peace Congress, when, as a very young woman, she first sent the distinguished peace worker of her own and other countries. In 1880, she married Mr. Theodore Lovat Sewall, with whom she lived an ideally happy married life until sixteen years ago, when he died. Mrs. Wright Sewall retained her father's name, a course which many people tried strenuously to dissuade her from. Mr. Sewall founded together with his wife, a classical school for girls at Indianapolis in the year 1882. Mrs. Sewall was its principal from the opening, withdrawing from this position, after twenty-five years, in 1907. In this school many reforms which he had wrought out in theory prior to its founding were practically demonstrated. From 1878 to 1888, Mrs. Sewall was actively and officially connected with the National Woman's Suffrage Association. For seven years she was chairman of its executive committee, and delivered many addresses in advocacy of political emancipation.

GENIUS FOR ORGANIZATION.

Mrs. Sewall is pre-eminently an organizer. From the time she left the University, where she took the B. L. and M. A. degrees, she has been successfully engaged in organizing. She suggested first the General Federation of Women's Clubs in the United States, which now numbers over 800,000 women. She was its first vice-president, and a member of the organizing committee which drew up its first constitution. She is a member of Sorosis, the famous Woman's Club of New York City, popularly called "The Mother Club."

HER INTERNATIONAL REPUTATION.

In her own town of Indianapolis, Mrs. Sewall's special talents in this respect have constantly worked for good, and all the women's clubs of Indiana owe their existence to her initiative. Mrs. Sewall's chief interests present, in fact those which have engrossed her attention since she was twenty-three, are what is called the "Council Idea." This idea she advocates in its national and international application, and it is as the founder of the International Councils for Women, that Mrs. Sewall's reputation has become world-wide.

LITERARY GIFTS.

Mrs. Wright Sewall is a voluminous writer. Her literary gifts have constantly been diverted from the channels of pure literature to be used in the service of reform. Thus her chief work is found in contributions to newspapers and magazines and in reports, pamphlets, etc. At present Mrs. Sewall devotes her time to lecturing and writing, and is engaged on the production of a book. Her repertoire as a lecturer under more than one hundred titles has been given before clubs and schools, in drawing-rooms and lecture halls, and embraces among others "The Woman Movement in Europe and the Orient," the study of the East having always held a special fascination for Mrs. Sewall.

SERVICES AT HOME.

INDIA OFFICE—Jan. 5.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN LONDON.

Major W E Scott-Moncrieff, I M S, 8
Major C B Prall, I M S, 8
Capt T G M Harris, 8
Mr J T Chamberlain, 8 Cov
Mr E Brown, 8
Mr W G Wells, 8
Mr R F Austin, M Cov
Mr H D Robertson, M
Lieut.-Col J S Smith, I M S, 8o
Mr R L Moysey, 8o Cov
Lieut.-Col C H Clay, 2-8 G R
Lieut-Col A M S Elsmie, 56 Punj
Major R L van der Gucht, S T C
Major A Melville, 123 Raj Inf
Capt P L Leared, 7 G R
Capt W O Little, 1-8 G R
Capt P B Maxwell, 35 Sikhs
Capt W L Maxwell, 127 Lt Inf
Capt H D Moore, 130 Bel
Capt F W Radcliffe, Staff Captain
Capt G C Sturrock, B A
Capt T T Thompson, I M S
Lieut M G Anderson, 1-7 G R
Lieut B Henstock, 7 G R
Lieut H Mc S Salmond, R I M
Lieut E J Constant, R I M
Engineer A A Duncan, R I M
Nursing Sister Miss A M Cookcraft, Q A M N S I
Nursing Sister Miss L F M Heale, Q A M N S I
Nursing Sister Miss F A L Smith, Q A M N S I
Nursing Sister Miss C L Warrack, Q A M N S I

EXTENSIONS OF LEAVE.

Mr J A Ezechiel, B Cov, 6 weeks
Mr J MacKenna, B Cov, 2 mo 5 days
Mr H Mayston, B, 8 mo
Mr C A McConnell, B, 6 mo M C
Mr M W Clifford, B, 3 mo
Mr H Maxwell Lefroy, B, 9 mo
Lieut-Col the Hon H D Napier, 39 C I Horse, to 30-1-12
Major R H Palin, I A, 10 days
Major R E T Money Shewan, R E, 1 mo M C
Capt A M C Jameson, 13 Ltr, 5 mo
Capt B C Fellows, 30 Lrs 6 mo M C
Capt J M Holmes, I M S, 1 mo M C
Capt A J H Russell, I M S, 6 mo M C
Capt C L Peart, 108 Pnr, to end of April 1912
Lieut L M Peet, 6 Jat L I, 5 mo M C

Nursing Sister Miss C S McIlowan, Q A M N S I, 6 days.

PERMITTED TO RETURN.

Major A N Taylor, 7 G R
Capt A G Tresidder, I M S
Lieut C A Bignell, 6 Raj Punj
Lieut C H F Nixon, 91

HIGH COURT—JANUARY, 22.

(Before the Hon'ble The Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell.)

Appeals for Hearing and Final Disposal.

26-11, 63-10—Shroff D. and D. M. M. Cama and another vs. The Secretary of State for India Council E F Nicholson. Part heard.

(Before the Hon'ble Justice Sir Dinshaw D. Davar.)

To Speak to the Minutes of Consent Decree.

633-11—Cap and V. Bai Bhaonubai vs Munchersha Dinshaw Edulji Sham M. and H. and Cap and V.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

927-09—Ardeshir H. D. and Co. Ebrahim Haji Mahomed and another. vs Khan Bahadur Hakim Mahomed Dayam and others. Payne and Co. Pestonjee R. K. and Co.

618-10—Mulla and M. Radhakisson Dwarkadas a firm. vs Motilal Jowanmal and others. Ardeshir H. D. and Co.

845-11—Th. Gandhi, Bossabbai vs. Ebrahim Jafferji, Motichand and D.

283-11—M. B. Chothia, Manchershaw Bamonji Chothia. vs T. B. Kantharia and others. Wadia G. and Co.

410-10—Mulji and K. Karimbhai Peer Mahomed and W. vs. Bai Mamekbai widow Nanu, H. and Co.

780-05—Craigie B. and C. Vallabhdas Murlidhar. vs Raghunath Mahadev Tilak and others. In Person. Chitnis M. and K.

110-10—Ardashir H. D. and Co. Naradbhai Manoherdas and others, vs Sha Valabhji Bhias and others. Mulla and M.

291-09—Bhaishanker K. and G. Madhawji Luxmandas, vs Price Wills and Reeves a firm. Little and Co.

888-10—Malvi H. M. and R. Mangaldas Manecklal a firm. vs Gokaldas Atmaram a firm. Mirza M. and M.

19-11—Payne and Co Abdul Rasool Bhuloo vs Khairummisabai widow Matu J. and M.

1101-10—P. S. Batliwala, Jairam Doongersey. vs Diwabai widow. Tayabjee D. and Co.

Short Cause.

964-11—Sham M. and H. P. P. Dsouwala vs. Jetha Mayachand—Jeh. G. and B.

Long Causes.

435-09—Tyabji D. and Co. Deepchand Balchand vs Gangabisen Girdharilal Motichand and D.

1173-10—Jan K. and D. Mulji Haridas vs Motabhoy Mulla Essabhoy Payne and Co.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman.)

For Consent Decree.

263-10—Ard H D and Co—The Advocate General of Bombay vs Bai Chandrabhagabai widow—Wadia G and Co.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

791-10—Captain and V. Bai Sonbai widow vs Vasanji Moolji and others Mulla and M.

1155-09—Chit M and K Mangesh Balkrishna vs. The Oriental Government Secretary Liycas Co and Ltd—Ard H D and Co.

720-11—Captain and V. Bai Meherbai vs. B. N. Captain Wadia G. and Co.

695-11—Mehta and D. Bhagwandas Hanmandas vs. Shivji Cooverji Mulla and M.

722-11—Wadia G. and Co. Readymoney and Co. vs. Mansur Kacher Jehangir M. and S.

714-11—Mehta and D, Umer Moloo vs. Rasulbai S. A. Tyabji.

740-11—Hiralal and Co. Messrs. Talukchand Mansukhlal vs. Jashbai Makandas and Co.—In Person.

123-11—Madh K and C. Vallabhdas Keswowji vs Hansraj Kanji—Little and Co.

451-11—Malvi H M and B Ranchodhbhai Kanjibhai vs Chotalal Atmaram Kaji—Motichand and D.

778-06—Mirza M and M—Anandrao Krishnarao and M vs Kakhmabai widow and others Tyabji D and Co.

569-10—Jehangir and S Esaji Mocsaji vs Issji Tajbhai and others—Ard H D and Co.

1026-10—S A Tyabji—Narbadabai vs Ahmed Sulemam—Payne and Co.

444-08—Wadia G and Co—P F Dalal vs N E Bottlewala—Cap and V.

614-11—Sme B and C Louise Phillip vs Messrs. Stanley Humphrey and Co. Crawford B and Co.

120-10—Little and Co—A K Noorbhoy vs Yamin Tarkey and Co.—Shroff D and D.

622-10—Hiralal and Co. S. Jumnadas Vijbukhundas vs. Sadashiv—Narayen Assare—Mirza M. and M.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.)

For Consent Decree.

633-09—Bhaik K. and G. Lakhmidas Parbhudas vs Mohanji Pranjiwandas Mat J. and M.

303-09—Sham M. and A. Purshotum Pranjiwandas vs. Mohanji Pranjiwandas, Mat J. and M.

982-11—K. J. Dubash, Chimnabai widow, vs Sayaramchinoo.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Cause.

63-11—Khund L. and M. Vinayekrao. S. Laud, vs Ismail Haji Cassum, Wadia G. and Co. Part heard.

Long Causes.

216-07—Little and Co. Premcooverbai alias Tumoobai widow and others. vs Purshotam Vishram Mawji and others. Raghavaya B. and N.

794-08—Raghavaya B. and N. Purshotam Vishram Mawji. vs Premcooverbai alias Tumoobai widow and others Little and Co.

617-08—Jamsetji R. and D. Mahomed Haji Aboo. vs Mahomed Rahimtulla and others. J. R. Patel and Co.

1004-11—Jeh M. and S. Goolam Hoosein Noor Mahomed vs Fazulbhoy Alloobhai Moorji and others.

189-11—Jeh M. and S. The Advocate-General of Bombay vs Fatmabai and others Mirza M. and M.

532-11—Manekbai and T. Hajrabai widow vs. Abdul Rehman Sheikh Mahomed, Chitnis and M.

295-10—Captain and V. Dolatram Vithaldas vs Ramlal Chotani, S. B. Mehta.

606-10—Wadia G. and Co. Owen and Okell vs. Chunilal Damodar, S. B. Mehta.

149-11—Wadia G. and Co. C. F. Parelwala vs Cooverbai, Mulji and K.

758-11—Wadia G. and Co. Madangopal Chandratum vs Abdul Saker Esmail Jehangir & S.

798-11—Th. A. Gandhi. Damania Bros and Co. vs Sitaram Naidu Mirza and M. and M.

671-11—Mirza M. and M. Joshi Keshauram Pragji vs Halimabai widow, Payne and Co.

850 09—Payne and Co. Gulabchand Manalal and Co. vs Jewanchand Lalubhai and Co. Tyabji D and Co.

70-09—Payne and Co—Bai Kesser vs Purmanand Itchalal and others—Edg G W and Co.

112-04—M B Chothia—P J Aga vs E T Mody Khund L and M.

69-11—Sham M and H Bai Naval vs T H Desai—Th A Ghandi.

1072-10—Payne and Co—Gangabai widow vs V T Ramji Edg G N and Co.

866-11—Ard H D and Co—Premchand Gellaji and Co vs Vasanji Damji—Cap and V.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heston.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

168-11—Manchershaw and N. Ismailji Esoofalli vs Abdul Hossein Peerbhoy. Payne and Co. Part heard

118-11—Wadia G. and Co. Burjorji Manockji Patel vs Manockji Jamasji Patel and others. J. R. Patell and Co.

47-11—Bicknell M. and R. Hasanalli Esmailji Jinawalla vs Vaziebai widow and others.

1161-10—J. R. Patell and Co. Rustomji Dhunjibhoy Seerwalla vs Rustomji Merwanji Dalal and others. Craigie B. and C.

593-11—Hiralal and Co. D. K. Thakur vs Anandrao Bhai alias Bhasker, Patel Bicknell M. and R.

624-11—Hiralal and Co. Brijlal Bhagwandin Trivedi vs Sabaji Savaliaram Mehta and others Edgelow G W and Co.

706-11—M. B. Chothia, Sh

GOSSIP OF THE WEEK.

London, Jan. 5.

ROYAL TOURS IN INDIA.

If Lord Canning, the first Viceroy were alive to-day, he would glory over the wonderful development of his original idea of Royal tours in India. It is fifty-three years since he urged the Prince Consort to send the Prince of Wales (then seventeen) on a journey through India, as part of the education needful for the heir to the British throne. The Prince Consort was just the man to appreciate the suggestion—to which the Queen also gave her hearty approval. Another reason for urging the project was that "John Company's" rule was over, and, as Lord Canning argued, it was desirable for the Monarchy to be represented, not merely by the Viceroy acting in the name of an abstraction—the far-away British Government—but in the person of the Heir Apparent. Eighteen years passed before the scheme was put into execution. The Prince Consort's death imposed upon the Heir to the Crown many official duties; and Lord Mayo's tragical end aroused misgivings as to the expediency of the long-contemplated tour. Besides, the Queen had grown more and more reluctant to consent to it. But for the Prince of Wales's "strong insistence" the tour might never have come off. When it did, the Prince was forty-six, and combined all the ardour of youth with the statesman's instinct. And, now, the visit of the Emperor and Empress of India like the Duke of Connaught's Viceroyalty in Canada, and the eagerness of "the other Englands" beyond the seas to profit by the Indian and Canadian precedents is an equally impressive revelation.

THE WALLACE COLLECTION.

So much of the irresponsible criticism thrown at our public institutions answers itself that we can excuse public indifference sometimes as to the issues raised. The balance is about even between a worthy pride in national property and a natural desire to see it kept at the standard of efficiency, but when someone rushes in to tilt at it with clumsy and officious blame, pride may very well mantle into comparative indignation. The gentleman who wrote to the "Times" the other day to condemn the Trustees of the Wallace Collection seems to have anticipated the usual process, however, by getting angry first, and it is not surprising that he has tumbled over the facts and come down headlong. As for his account of "guttersnipes" having the run of Hertford House and "pawing" its treasures, it is simply a minor instance of the way in which picturesqueness can run wild, though it shows how much the critic misconceives the Trust he is abusing. On the specific points raised the critic fails to establish his case. Lord Redesdale, Lord Esher, and Sir J. Murray Scott reply on behalf of themselves and their brother Trustees, and show, first, that the electric light is necessary to prevent robbery on dark and foggy days; but that in installing it they have been careful not to pierce or injure the chandeliers in the slightest degree. Secondly, the carving and gilding, like the rest of the work on view, are carefully cleaned as often as their valuable nature allows; the cases are dusted every morning before the hour of opening; and there is no desire to shirk the fact that the Trustees, *qua* Trustees, are the public's servants. We are so far satisfied with them in this respect that we venture to offer them the present simple testimonial, and we are sure the degree to which the public at large is ready to endorse it will more than atone for any ungenerous criticism they may from time to time incur.

GREAT BRITAIN, RUSSIA, AND PERSIA.

The news from Persia is principally interesting in its evidence of the falsity of the charges brought lately against Russia of a cruel and even atrocious suppression of the recent Fedai rising at Tabriz. When first those rumours reached this country it was pointed out that for several reasons they were incredible and it is gratifying to know that that view of them is found to have been sound. Had they proved true the present position of Great Britain in the Anglo-Russian arrangement in Persian affairs would have become not merely difficult, but impossible. It is objected in certain quarters that Russia should have allowed Persia herself to punish the Fedais at Tabriz for an act of treachery which very nearly led to the massacre of a Russian force, but the objectors forget we think, the present feebleness of the Persian Government and the need there was for such punishment being prompt. There is unfortunately no local power at present in Teheran capable of asserting the prestige of Persia against her own law-breaking people. It lies in the urgent duty of Great Britain and Russia to do all in their power to promote the re-establishment and consolidation of Persian authority. But until that duty has been accomplished both Russia and Great Britain must themselves deal firmly with acts of treachery towards Russian and British subjects.

CHINA UNDER THE GOAD.

Japan was called the other day to show that constitutional reform in the East need not take the form of a Republic, and one notes that the most sceptical opinion concerning the duration of any Republican experiment in China comes from Tokyo. Experience makes its voice heard even in a whirlpool of events like those which are circling around the Manchu dynasty and the fate of China seems to hang in the balance between an improvised Republic and a period of harassed deliberation under the goad of general impatience. Either precipitation or delay leaves the nation open to violent measures, and the next revolt when it breaks out, will be harder to restrain than the last, simply because the revolutionary coffers are empty and revolution without funds usually spells plunder. Of course, this question of funds bears both ways. The only authoritative decision so far since the edict of Tue day has been to extend the armistice and not to raise a foreign loan. So far as the last provision goes, we can admire a decision which accords with scarcity of opportunity. It is over a week since the Powers presented their unofficial ultimatum in the shape of the formula—no Peace, no Pay; and it is on the strength of this, perhaps, that the insurgents are pushing their nominee as President of a Republic which is not yet declared. Dr. Sun Yat Sen carries more than half of the twenty-two provinces so far as the Nanking Assembly is concerned, but we must remember that this body only represents the southern and assertive sections of a giant community which as a whole is ominously sullen.

FEELING IN BERLIN.

The disclosures in the curious journalistic libel action at Berlin are remarkable. There is so little doubt that Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter intended the annexation of South-West Morocco, after the Agadir coup, as that the Wilhelmstrasse mentioned Mogador to the French Ambassador. But while recrimination on this painful subject still persists in Germany itself "the issue is past for us and we have no wish to revive it. More serious is the determined anti-British campaign still carried on by men like Professor Hans Delbruck who continues in his well-known monthly review, the "Preussische Jahrbucher," the argument opened by his famous interview in the "Daily Mail." What makes the situation worse, not better, is that Professor Delbruck is usually a fair controversialist, and is now writing not only in deadly earnestness, but in absolute good faith. Without accepting the two to one standard, he does not ask for the indefinite increase of the fleet, but he urges the increase of the army as a means of destroying the Entente Cordiale by crushing France. Every allowance must be made for the exigencies of the German electoral campaign. But if danger for Europe is to be avoided during the next few months, we shall need cool heads rather than protestations which can only suggest to the belligerent sections of German public opinion that national nerve on this side is weakening.

AT LONGMOOR CAMP.

It was "helts, helts, helts," as in Mr. Kipling's Homeric ballad at Longmoor Camp on New Year's Day. Though the fighting was furious and the proceedings altogether reprobate the Army is not a penny the worse. It is tolerably absurd for the sentimental Press to magnify an inter-regimental row into a mutiny. Two features of the whole affair are obvious and amusing. There is an inimitable touch of British spirit in the fact that when an officer had formally thumped a private into submission by single combat under the rules of the prize ring, the rioters returned to their wrecked quarters and their duty. Secondly, the strength of the struggle between the Yorkshiremen and the Scots makes us sorry in advance for any enemy of equal force they may tackle together. "If the fleas were unanimous, they would have pulled me out of bed," says Swift. That domestic differences of all sorts should temper the natural vigour of this island is perhaps as well for the general convenience of mankind.

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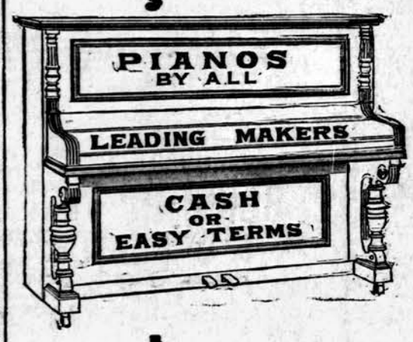

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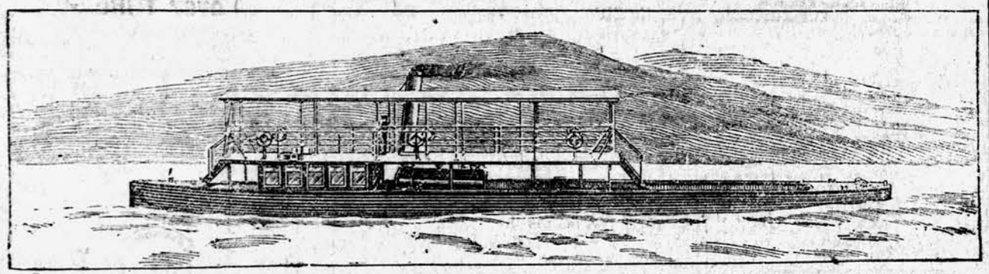

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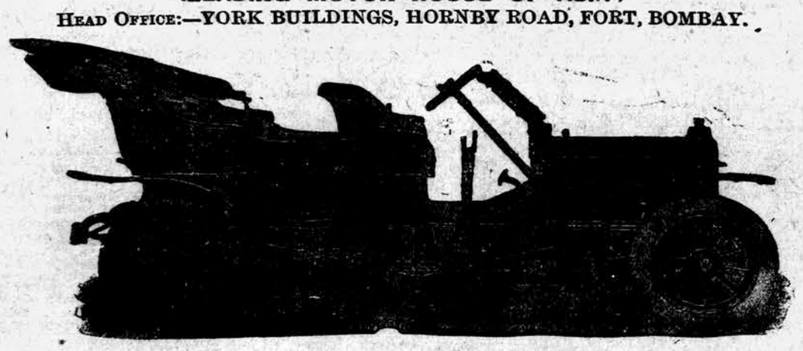

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For Bilious complaints, Dyspepsia, &c., Pills for 15 days Rs. 6-8.
For Nasal Diseases, Smelling powder for 15 days, Rs. 6-8.
For Rheumatism, Goutand Paralysis, Pills and Oil for 15 days, Rs. 9-12.
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Yours faithfully—(Sd) H. W. WILLIAMS
Bombay, 14th Feornary 1910.

CERTIFICATE.

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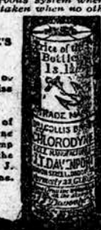

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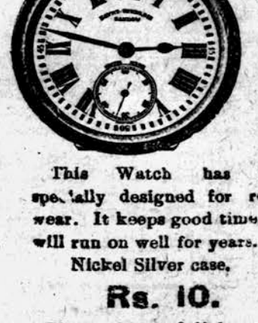

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